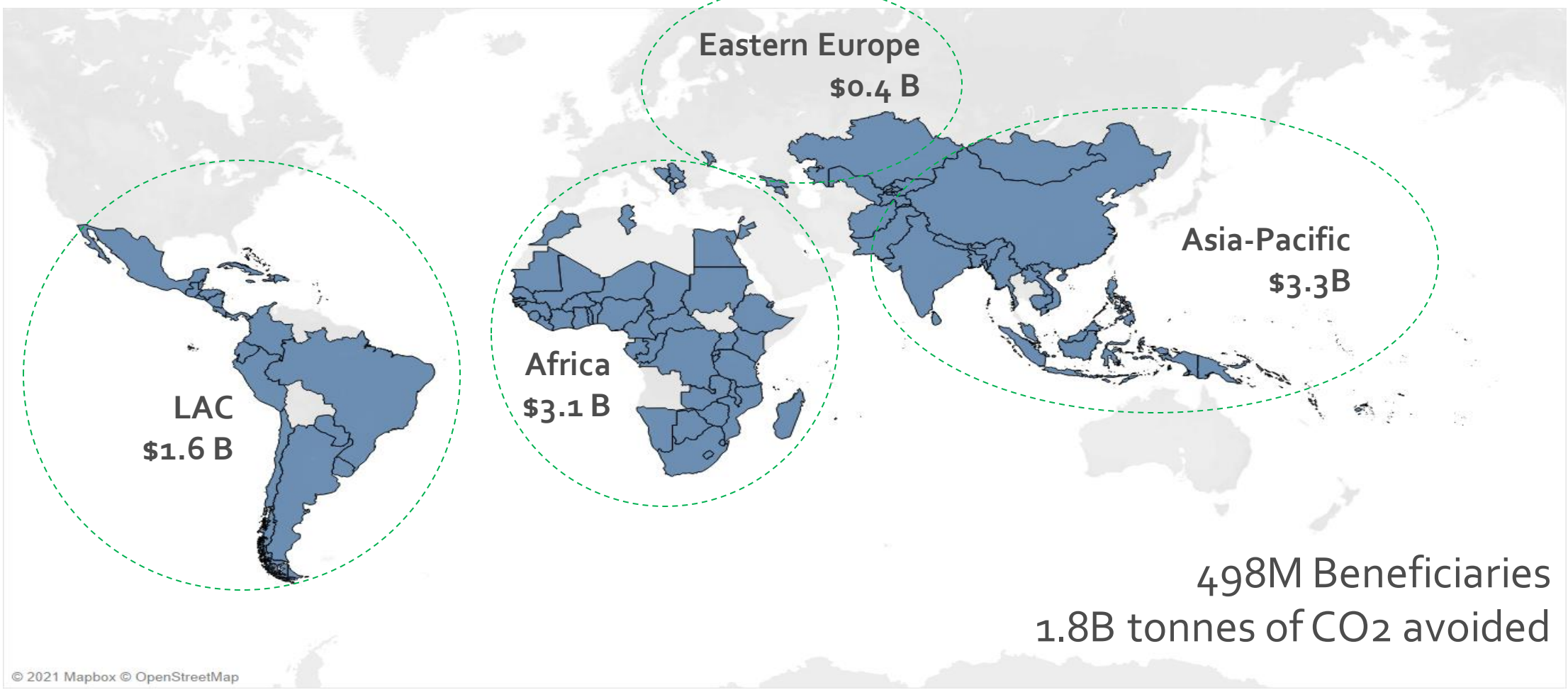
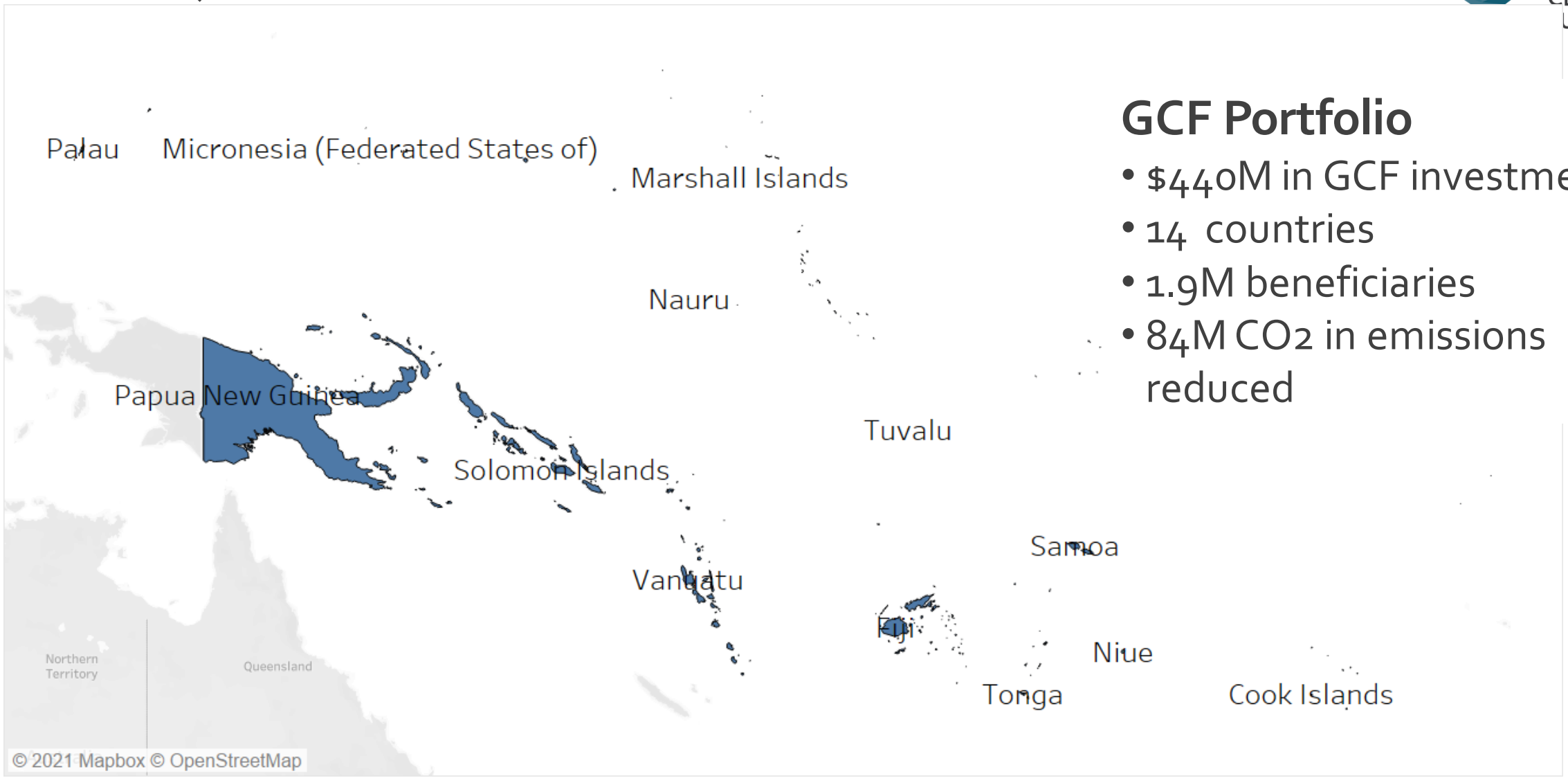
STATUS OF GCF PORTFOLIO (JUNE 2021)

GCF Portfolio $8.4B for 178 projects in 121 countries



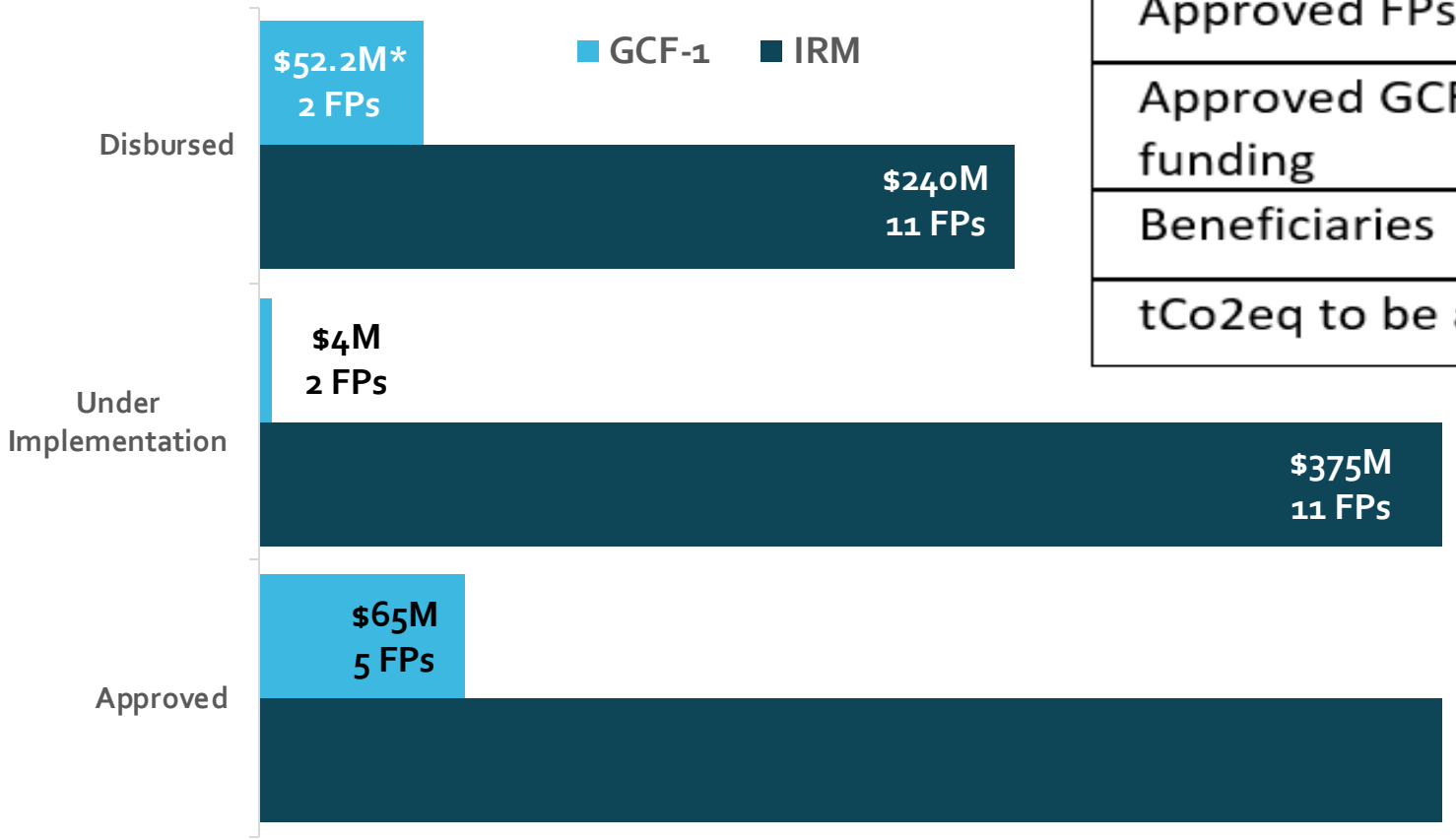
STATUS OF GCF PORTFOLIO IN PACIFIC (JUNE 2021)



GCF Portfolio

- $440M in GCF investment
- 14 countries
- 1.9M beneficiaries
- 84M CO_2 in emissions reduced

STATUS OF GCF PORTFOLIO IN PACIFIC (JUNE 2021)



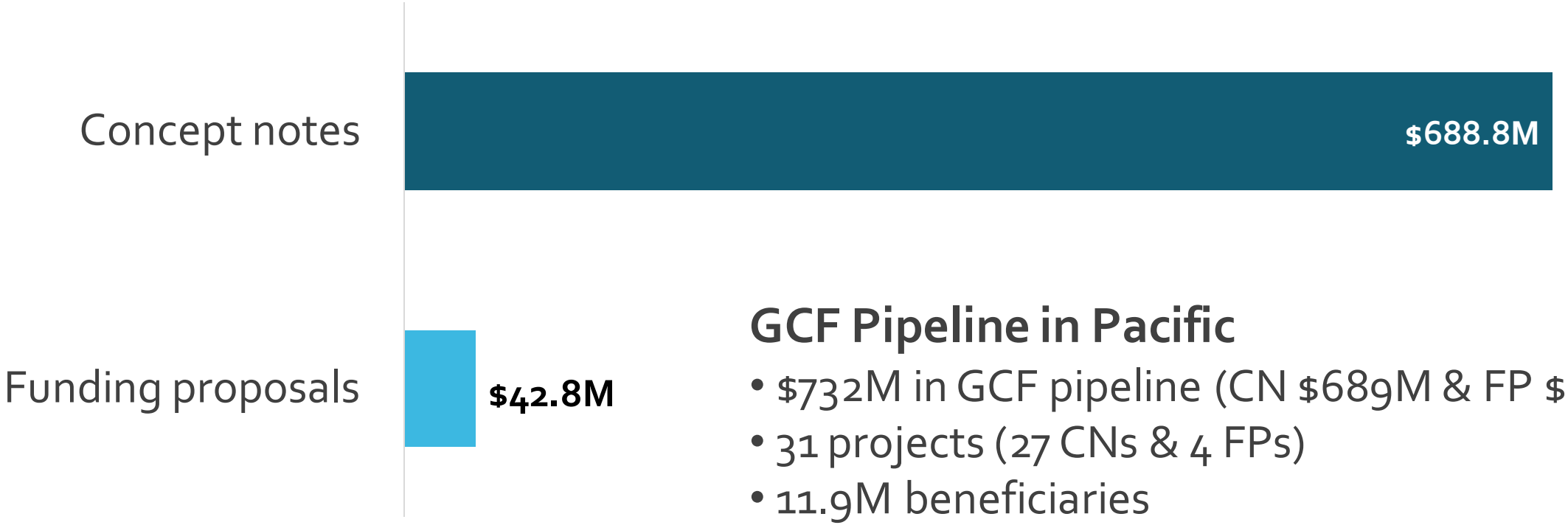
*this amount is disbursed to 2 multi-region projects, country-level breakdown is not available

	IRM	GCF-1
Approved FPs	11	5
Approved GCF funding	$375m	$65m
Beneficiaries	1.64m	0.21m
tCo2eq to be abated	6.45m	77.7m*

*out of this, 77.6M tCO_2 reduced estimate is from FP152, were country level breakdown is not available

STATUS OF GCF PIPELINE (JUNE 2021)

AMOUNT REQUESTED $732M for 14 countries



GCF Pipeline in Pacific

- $732M in GCF pipeline (CN $689M & FP $43M)
- 31 projects (27 CNs & 4 FPs)
- 11.9M beneficiaries
- 24.6 m CO_2 in emissions reduction

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific

Scaling-up

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Emerson Resende

Climate Policy Specialist
Office of Governance Affairs

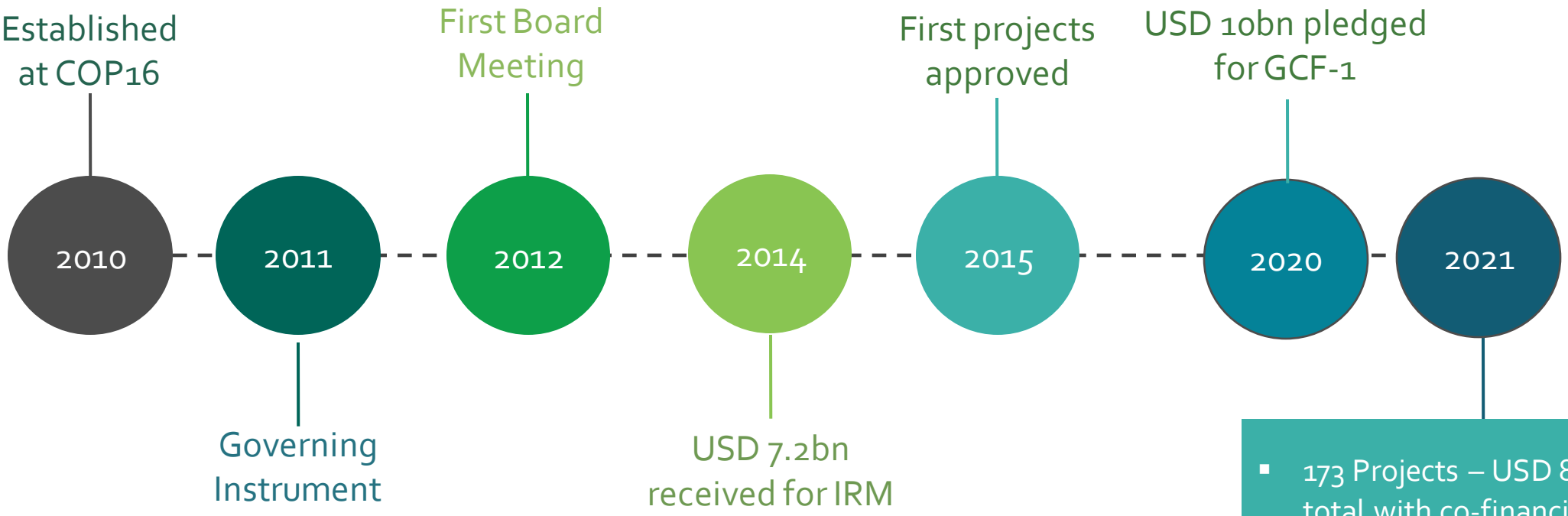
June 2021

A QUICK INTRODUCTION OF GCF

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

A QUICK HISTORY OF GCF

Updated as of 20 March 2021



An **operating entity of the UNFCCC financial mechanism** fostering a **paradigm shift** to low-emission and climate-resilient development pathways in developing countries

IMPACT AREAS

GCF makes investments within **8 strategic result areas**, in line with country priorities.

Reduced Emissions From:

Energy generation and access

Transport

Buildings, cities, industries and appliances

Forests and land use

Increased Resilience of:

Livelihoods of people and communities

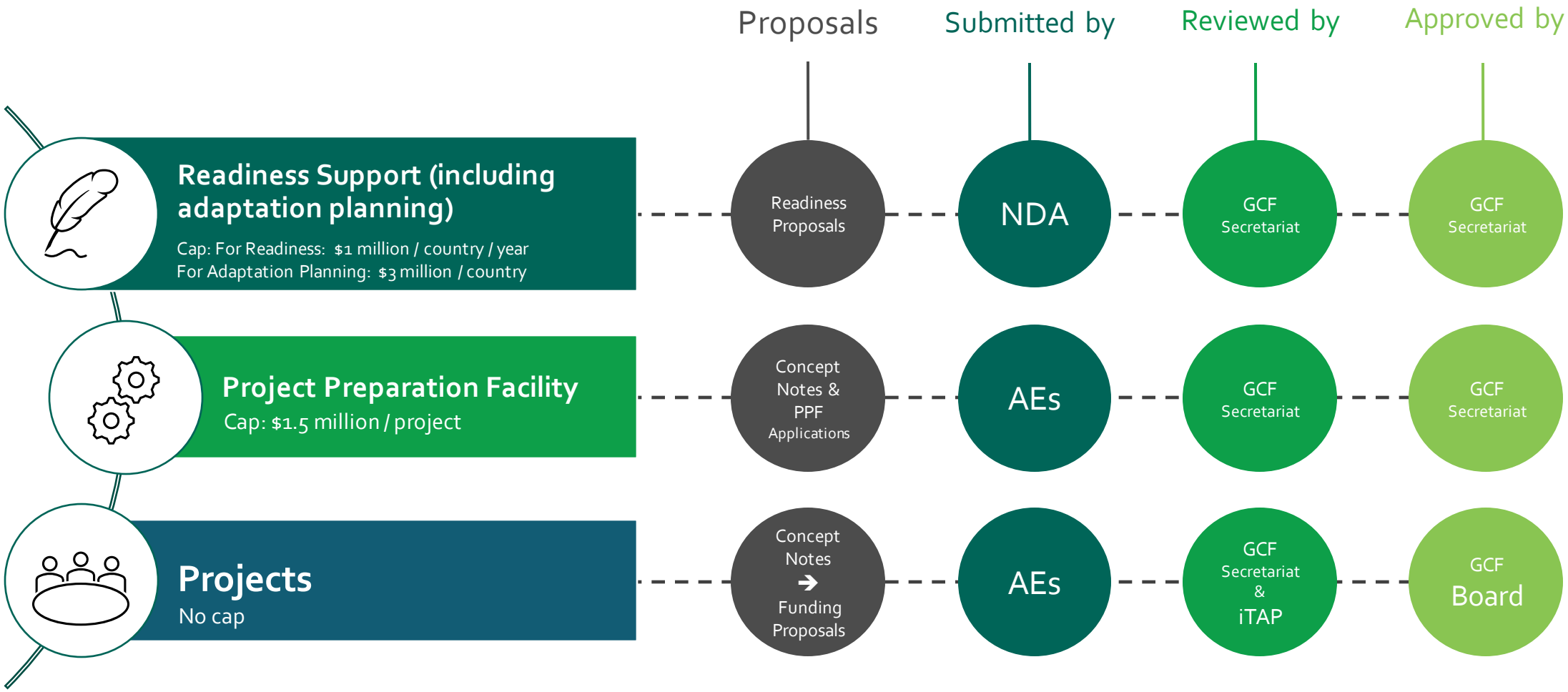
Health, food and water security

Infrastructure and the built environment

Ecosystems and ecosystem services

WINDOWS TO ACCESS GCF FUNDING

GREEN CLIMATE FUND



STATUS OF THE PORTFOLIO

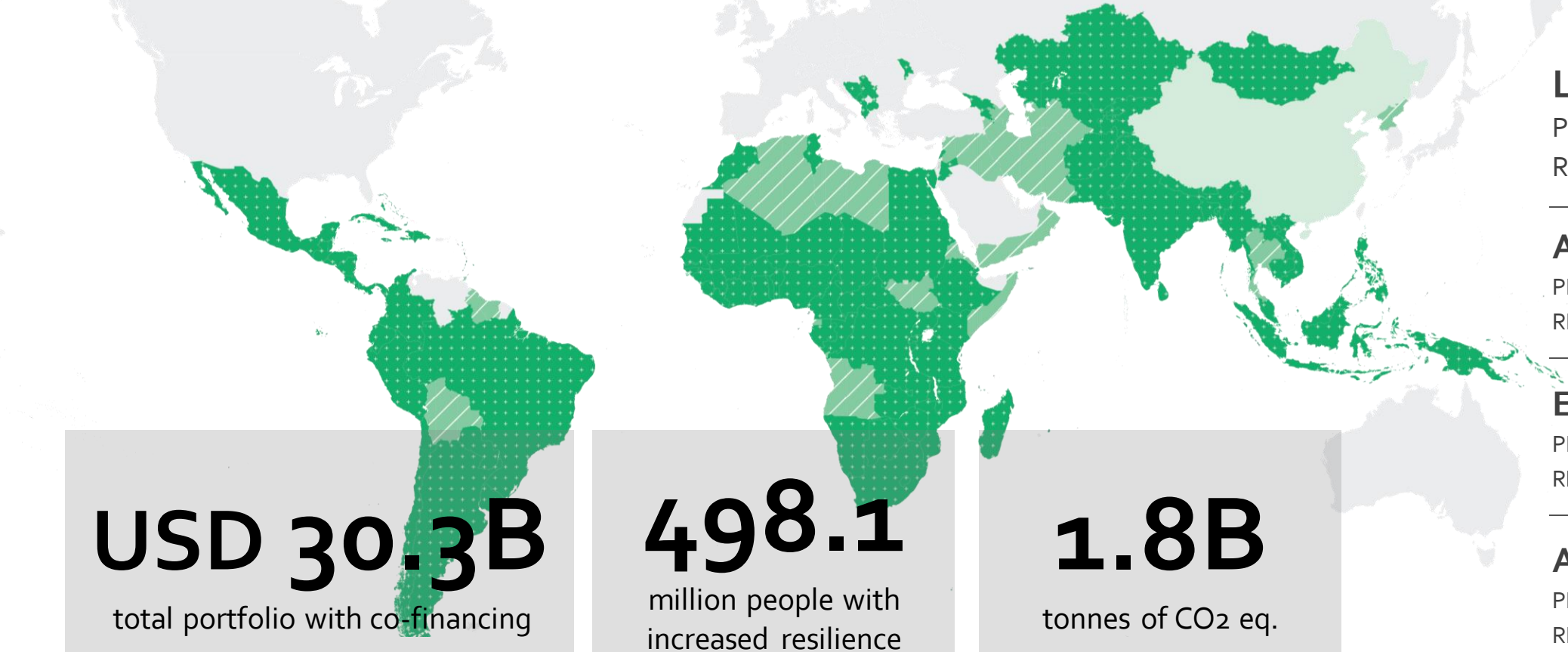
as of 20 March 2021

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

TOTAL

PROJECT **$8.3B in 121 countries**

READINESS **$326M in 140 countries**



USD 30.3B
total portfolio with co-financing

498.1
million people with increased resilience

1.8B
tonnes of CO_2 eq.

LAC

PROJECT **$1.6B**

READINESS **$100.4M**

AFRICA

PROJECT **$3.1B**

READINESS **$103.6M**

EASTERN EUROPE

PROJECT **$0.391B**

READINESS **$24.6M**

ASIA-PACIFIC

PROJECT **$3.3B**

READINESS **$97.4M**

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by GCF.

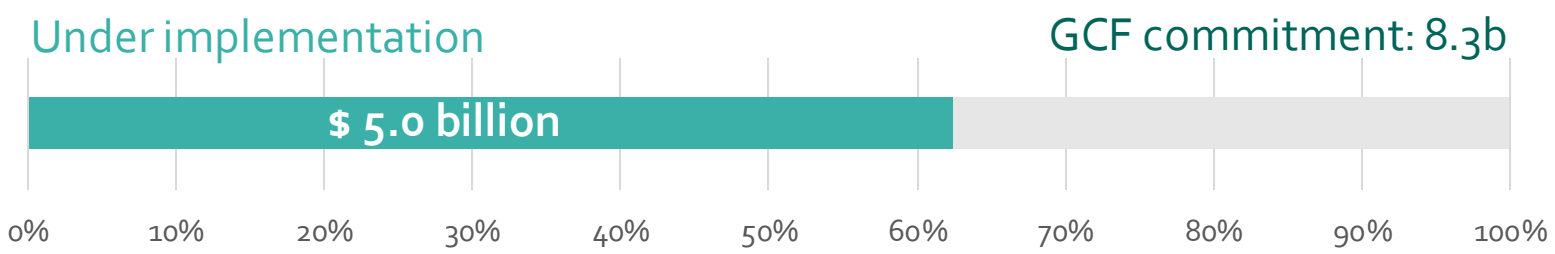
STATUS OF THE PORTFOLIO

(as of 20 March 2021)

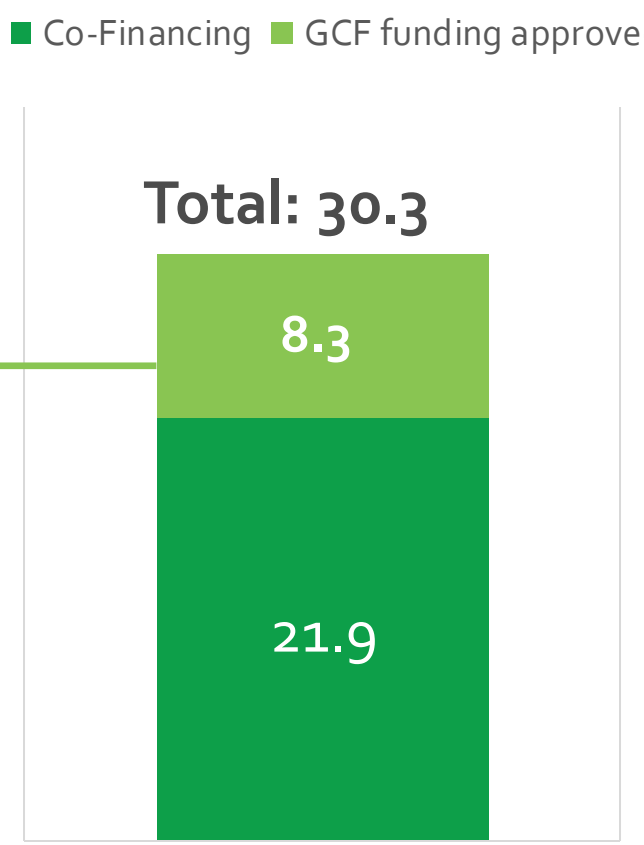
173
Approved projects

122
Projects under implementation

8.3b of GCF funding
1.7b disbursed

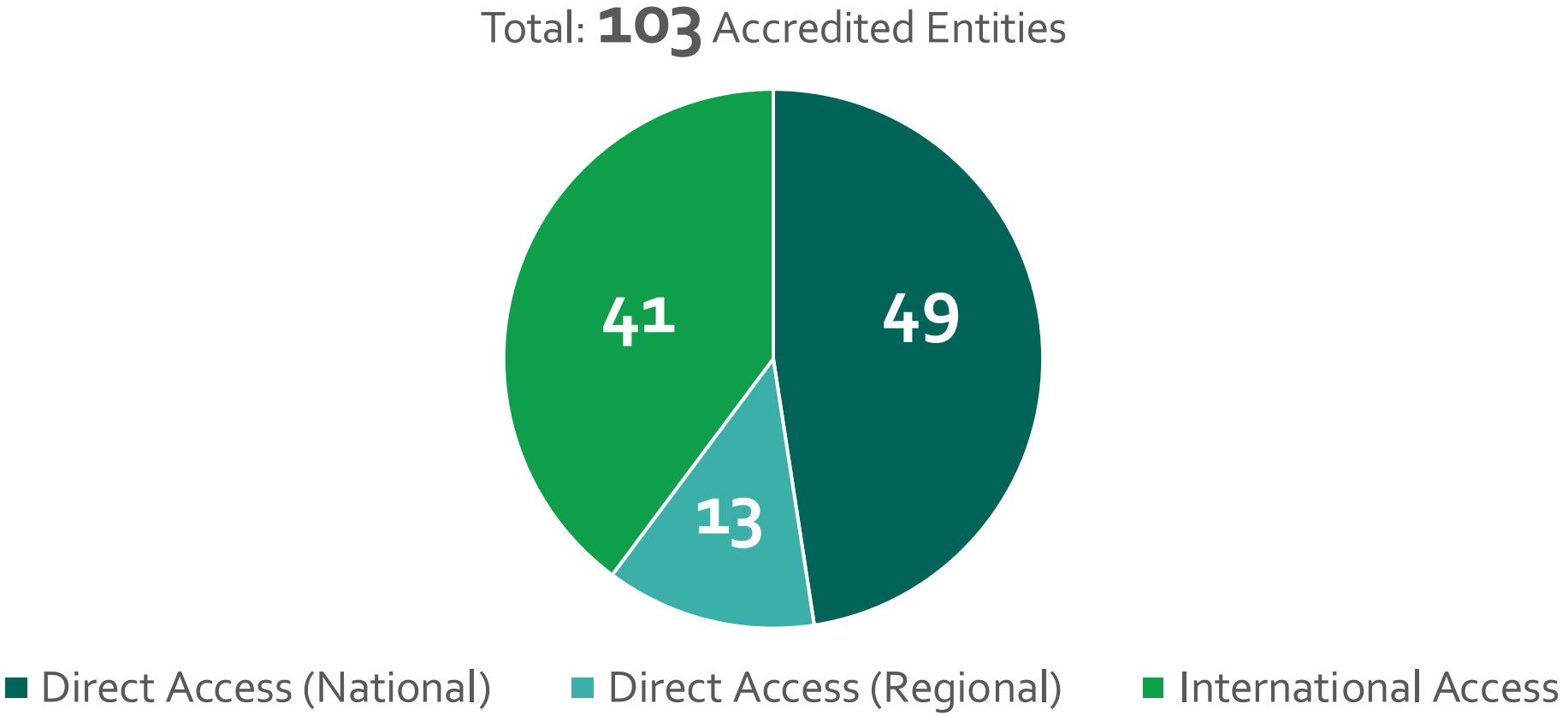


VALUE OF PROJECTS IN BILLION USD



STATUS OF THE PORTFOLIO – ACCREDITED ENTITIES

as of 20 March 2021

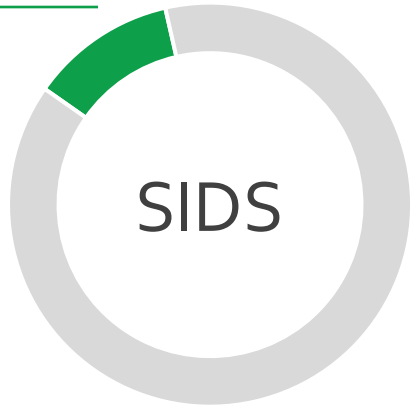


STATUS OF THE PORTFOLIO – BY PRIORITY AREAS

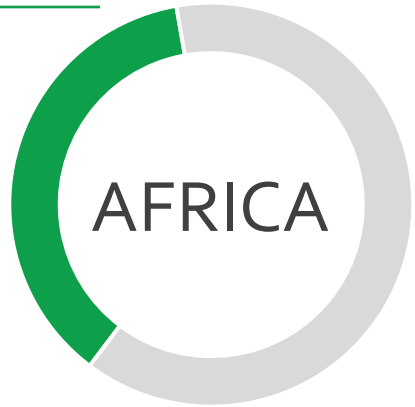
as of 20 March 2021

2.5B
30%

1.0B
12%



3.1B
37%

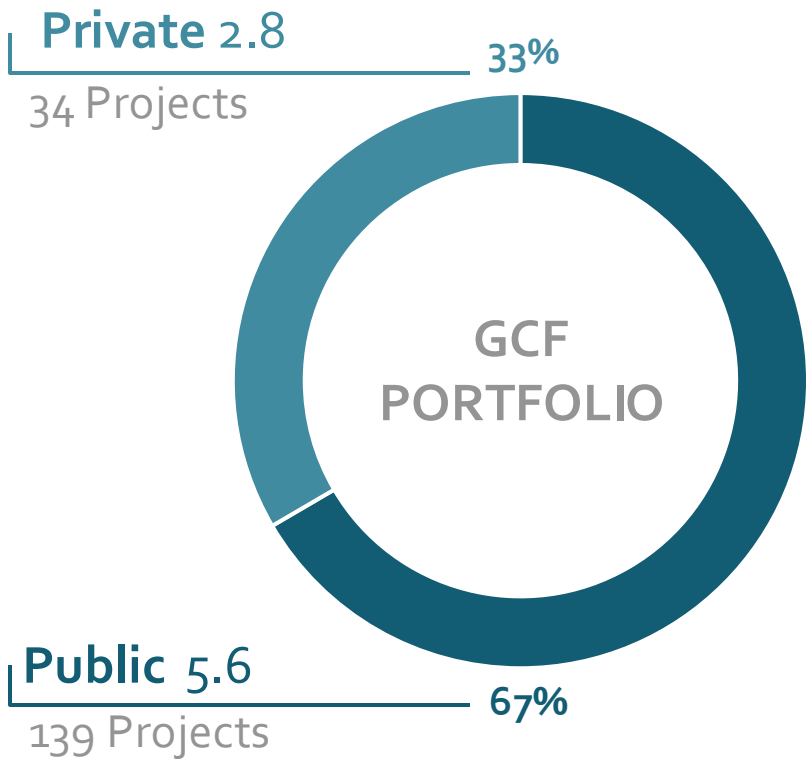


LDC, SIDS, Africa (adaptation only)

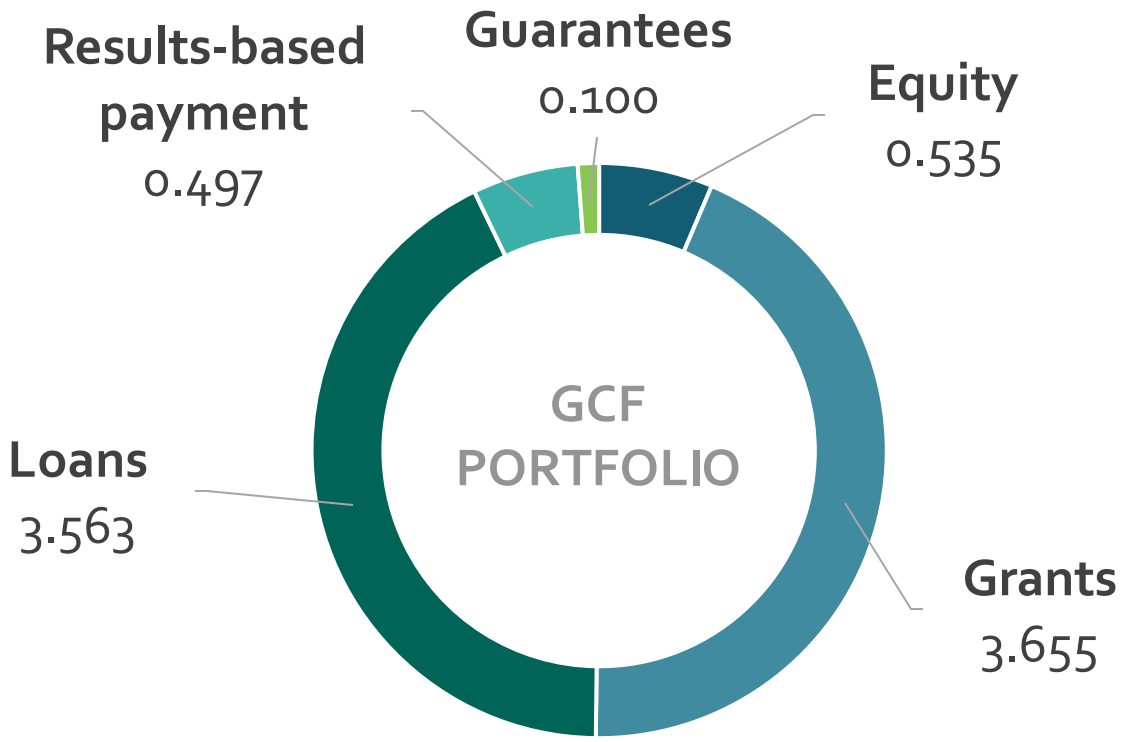
FUNDING AMOUNT

as of 20 March 2021

BY SECTOR (billion USD)

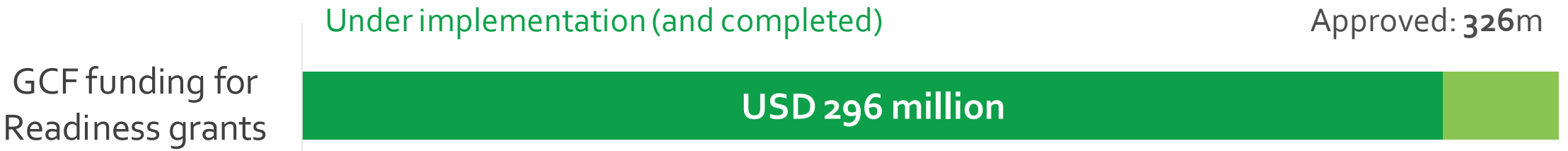


BY FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (billion USD)



READINESS AND PREPARATORY SUPPORT PROGRAMME (READINESS)

as of 20 March 2021



140

countries targeted

SCALING UP

BACKGROUND

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Why upscale?

- **Accelerate/increase** successful climate solutions
- **Ensure synergy** across parallel/co-financing investments
- **Lower transaction costs** while maximizing the impact
- **Capitalize on existing institutional momentum** without starting from scratch

***How to upscale**: GCF resources can be deployed to:*

- **De-risk investment** in order to crowd in new investors
- **Diversify financial instruments** beyond grants by mobilizing a full range of climate finance (e.g., guarantees, concessional loan, equity, result-based payment)
- **Replicate** other/previous successful investments developed by other investors
- **Boost/increase** total investment to promote transformative impact at a greater scale

STATUS

GCF collaborates with other climate funds to up-scale by

- **Complementing activities** funded by other climate funds and increase positive impact
- **Aligning the programming** and leveraging the existing business models and policies of the other funds
- **Scaling-up successful projects** funded by other climate funds

*To date, **48 projects within GCF portfolio** demonstrate scaling-up approach*

- Out of 173, **48 GCF projects are invested in tandem with other climate funds**

- Building on the recommendations developed by the GEF evaluation of Bhutan's REDD+ program.
- Aiming at ensuring that Bhutan remains carbon negative by keeping 60 percent of the country under forest cover and supporting the management of the country's Protected Areas.

GEF & GCF
FP050: Bhutan for Life

- Innovating energy-intensive sectors by linking climate consideration with climate corporate governance performance.
- Leveraging an innovative loan model with the $53 million financed by CIF

CIF&GCF
FP140: High Impact Programme for the Corporate Sector

- Capitalizing on a baseline investment financed by a $1.5 million grant from the AF.
- Supporting the country in building resilience to the adverse impacts of extreme climate events such as hurricanes.

AF & GCF
FP133: Resilience to hurricanes in the building sector in Antigua and Barbuda

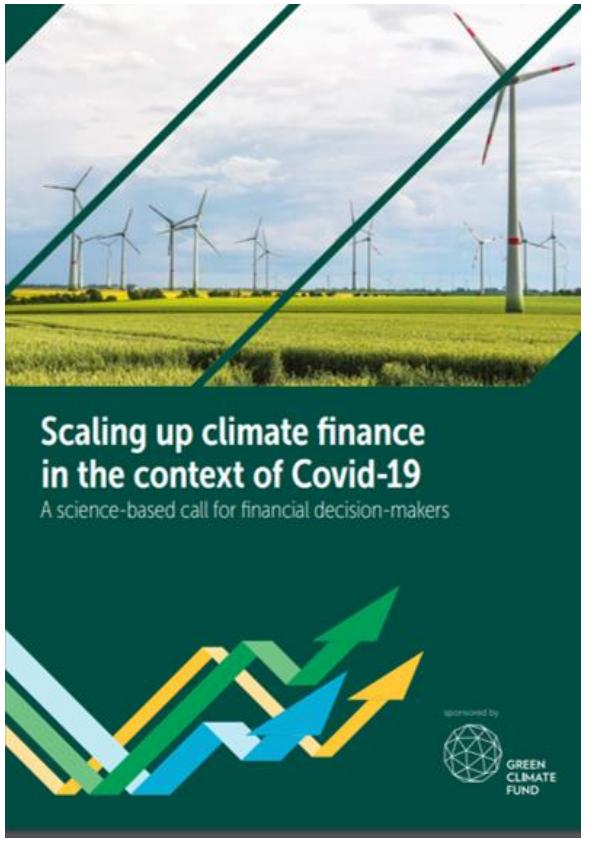
CASE STUDY

SPREP/Kiribati project *"Enhancing the resilience of the outer islands of Kiribati"*

- The project is designed to implement on-the-ground, coordinated **adaptation approaches and technologies to water resources and sanitation** to achieve 100 percent of households in Kiribati securing access to potable water and suitable sanitation facilities.
- The project aims to **mobilize $9.2 m grant from the Adaptation Fund** and invite **GCF to scale-up through co-financing.**

New publication: ***GCF Scaling Up Climate Finance Report*** *in the context of COVID 19 [link]**

- The report offers insights to **align finance with sustainable development** & accelerating **the transition to a climate resilient economy**.



*https://www.greenclimate.fund/document/scaling-up-climate-finance

Office of Governance Affairs
@gcfund.org

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific
Day 5, Plenary 3: Raising Ambition –
Moving Towards A Programmatic Approach

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

TURNING CHALLENGES INTO OPPORTUNITIES – EXPLORING A PROGRAMMATIC APPROACH

Moderated by Jerry Velasquez, Director,
Division of Mitigation and Adaptation, GCF

Menti survey data

Group Facilitators:
Group A - Ken Kassem, IUCN
Group B - Alvin Chandra, UNEP

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific

Day 5, Plenary 3: Raising Ambition- Moving Towards A Programmatic Approach

Menti survey data – Group A

No	Group A– What can your organization offer or contribute to the development and design of a programme for the Pacific? : 1
1	Experience with GCF, EDA/SAP, Readiness
2	Community consultations / engagement to support human centred, bottom up approach to designs (Save the Children)
3	Experience of developing programmes for GCF from other regions
4	Get the Coastal and Marine Ecosystem Resilience Programme converted from a GCF "project" to a "programme"
5	CI is currently developing a regional tuna programme with SPC, FFA, FAO and SPREP
6	Due to limitation across the boarders BCI and MFEM contribution is to share experiences and advise and collaborate
7	Climate information services and early warning systems (SPREP)
8	Already developing programmatic approaches so can use lessons from this
9	The ridge to reef framework for securing EGS that ensure food and water security and community resilience could be a framework for programmatic approach.
10	By becoming an Accredited Entity which is still under way to complete, learn from other exiting AEs in the Pacific Region
11	Having multiple AEs (IAE and DAE) on a single project/programme.
12	SPC has vast experience in Ridge to Reef (R2R) programmatic approach. A simple guide indicating options for mainstreaming R2R is available. This could be a common framework for securing Ecosystems Goods and Services (EGS).
13	To some degree it depends on the nature of the design – what sectors, which countries etc. we're willing and able to help in any way that utilizes our core expertise and experience (Save the Children)
14	Ability to work with National and Regional partners in the North Pacific since often North Pacific issues not always fully reflected in regional approaches - Climate Ready

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific

Day 5, Plenary 3: Raising Ambition- Moving Towards A Programmatic Approach

Menti survey data – Group B

No	In order for your organization to design a good programme to bring forward to the GCF, what are the top 3 things that you would require from the GCF?: 1
1	Technical suppprt
2	Lift the cap on programme funding - currently a multi-country programme is capped at the same total as a single
3.1	Understanding of the context Flexibility as recommended and highlighted by GCF's own reports Clarity and consistency in terms of requirements and expectations
3.2	More "boots on the ground". We have good ideas but don't have enough people for the work that needs to be done.
3.3	Financial support to be able to gather climate data and undertake analyses
4	Technical support, readiness support.
5.1	GCF to manage foreign exchange risks. It is too expensive for DAE with onlending to bear this risk also.
5.2	GCF providing technical support to do the handholding on GCF Concept note development
5.3	Funding administrative cost for the team in DAE e.g, salary for key personnel
6.1	Clarity on definition of GCFs approach to regional programming.
6.2	Build capacity for DAEs for concept/proposal writing
7	establishment of GCF units in organisations or countries for direct dialogue - or even strengthen liaison and dialogue at programme or project levels. if easier joint unit supporting GCF/GEF and others. identity entry points
8	- Flexibility in terms of climate data availability in the Pacific region - Financial support to strenghen human capacity of DAEs and NDA offices - Understanding of the Pacific context in terms of private sector involvement
9	1. Further capacity development for DAEs 2. Being flexible on climate rationales considering data shortages 3. moderating private sector finance leveraging requirements considering investment scales in the region
10	1. GCF rules, policies, and guidelines are always changing. So a GCF platform or notice board that provide key updates on changes to the rules and guidelines would be v. useful for designing and updating country
11	Capacity building on concept/funding proposals and programmatic design
12	More staff for GCF for faster response
13	Preferred topics from GCF on what are their priorities for funding which perhaps relates to agreed country

Group A– What can your organization offer or contribute to the development and design of a programme for the Pacific?

Mentimeter

Experience of developing programmes for GCF from other regions

Get the Coastal and Marine Ecosystem Resilience Programme converted from a GCF "project" to a "programme"

CI is currently developing a regional tuna programme with SPC, FFA, FAO and SPREP

Due to limitation across the boarders BCI and MFEM contribution is to share experiences and advise and collaborate

Climate information services and early warning systems (SPREP)

Experience with GCF, EDA/SAP, Readiness

Already developing programmatic approaches so can use lessons from this

The ridge to reef framework for securing EGS that ensure food and water security and community resilience could be a framework for programmatic approach.

Community consultations / engagement to support human centred, bottom up approach to designs (Save the Children)

14

Group A– What can your organization offer or contribute to the development and design of a programme for the Pacific?

Mentimeter

By becoming an Accredited Entity which is still under way to complete, learn from other exiting AEs in the Pacific Region

Having multiple AEs (IAE and DAE) on a single project/programme.

SPC has vast experience in Ridge to Reef (R2R) programmatic approach. A simple guide indicating options for mainstreaming R2R is available. This could be a common framework for securing Ecosystems Goods and Services (EGS).

To some degree it depends on the nature of the design – what sectors, which countries etc. we're willing and able to help in any way that utilizes our core expertise and experience (Save the Children)

Ability to work with National and Regional partners in the North Pacific since often North Pacific issues not always fully reflected in regional approaches - Climate Ready

14

In order for your organization to design a good programme to bring forward to the GCF, what are the top 3 things that you would require from the GCF?

Mentimeter

Understanding of the contextFlexibility as recommended and highlighted by GCF's own reportsClarity and consistency in terms of requirements and expectations

Lift the cap on programme funding - currently a multi-country programme is capped at the same total as a single country project. It would be good to be able to string together several projects into a programme

- Flexibility in terms of climate data availability in

Technical suppprt

Clarity on definition of GCFs approach to regional programming.

Technical support, readiness support.

More "boots on the ground". We have good ideas but don't have enough people for the work that needs to be done.

establishment of GCF units in organisations or countries for direct dialogue - or even strengthen liaison and dialogue at programme or project levels.if easier joint unit supporting GCF/GEF and others.identity entry points to existing governance

1. Further capacity development for DAEs 2. Being flexible on climate rationales considering data

18

In order for your organization to design a good programme to bring forward to the GCF, what are the top 3 things that you would require from the GCF?

Mentimeter

1. GCF rules, policies, and guidelines are always changing. So a GCF platform or notice board that provide key updates on changes to the rules and guidelines would be v. useful for designing and updating country porgrammes, CNs, FPs, DAE workplans.

Preferred topics from GCF on what are their priorities for funding which perhaps relates to agreed country programmes.

GCF providing technical support to do the

Capacity building on concept/funding proposals and programmatic design

Build capacity for DAEs for concept/proposal writing

Funding administrative cost for the team in DAE e.g, salary for key personnel

More staff for GCF for faster response

GCF to manage foreign exchange risks. It is too expensive for DAE with onlending to bear this risk also.

Financial support to be able to gather climate data and undertake analyses

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Locally-led climate action with the GCF's Enhancing Direct Access (EDA) Pilot

Baptiste Gaydon

PPF/EDA Associate Professional

16th June 2021

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

GCF IN BRIEF: ENHANCING DIRECT ACCESS

In 2015, the Board of the Green Climate Fund (GCF) approved a pilot phase to channel climate financing to homegrown organisations in developing countries through the Enhancing Direct Access (EDA) pilot.

The objective of this pilot is to enhance country ownership of projects and programmes through a dedicated access window for GCF's Direct Access Entities (DAEs). These DAEs are sub-national, national or regional, public or private Accredited Entities (AEs) nominated by relevant National Designated Authorities (NDAs) to submit and implement climate finance projects once approved by the GCF Board.

The EDA pilot is characterized by an enhanced devolution of decision making whereby both funding decisions and project oversight take place at the national or regional level. This can be achieved by, for example, establishing a dedicated facility to fund small-scale community projects.

Quick facts

as of March 2019

- USD 200 million approved for EDA pilot programme
- The pilot programme aims to fund at least 10 projects, including at least four in LDCs, SIDS, and African states
- Two funding proposals approved to date: FP024 EIF Namibia and FP061 DOE Antigua and Barbuda, Dominica and Grenada

What is the Enhancing Direct Access pilot?

The EDA pilot has been designed to provide DAEs with opportunities to move beyond the financing of individual projects towards a more comprehensive and stakeholder-driven programmatic approach. The EDA pilot differs from other GCF access windows because individual sub-projects neither have to be presented in the funding proposal nor subsequently submitted to GCF for approval. Instead, the decision-making mechanism for such sub-projects is devolved at the country level through pre-approved selection criteria. The composition of decision-making body as well as other features of the EDA pilot should be captured in the funding proposal. Furthermore, the EDA pilot provides flexibility to accommodate a broad range of country conditions and circumstances while the AE maintains the oversight mechanism to ensure effective delivery of funding.

Key advantages of EDA include:

- Enhanced level of country ownership;
- More effective use of financial resources;
- Stronger involvement of local organisations and other stakeholders; and
- Flexible and context-specific approach.

What type of activities are eligible under the EDA pilot?

- EDA pilot proposals can include both adaptation and mitigation activities, under one or more of GCF's result areas.
- EDA pilot proposals should directly support communities or small and medium-enterprises (SMEs) through, for example, small grants or extended lines of credit.
- Activities should target local actors, addressing gender aspects and the needs of vulnerable communities.

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

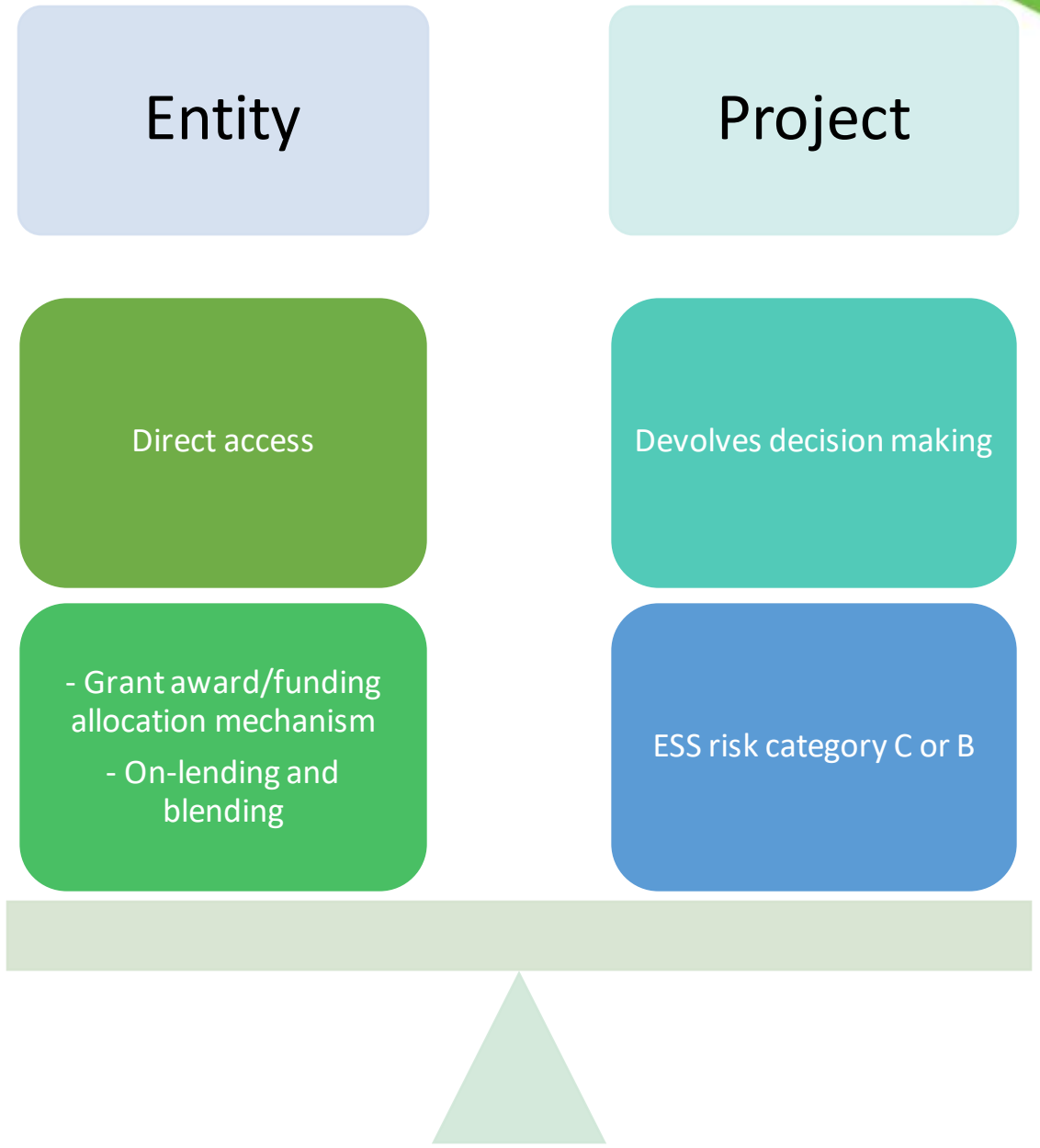
What is the EDA pilot ?

- Pilot RFP launched in 2015 (B.10)
- Envelope of USD 200 million for 10 pilots, including for at least 4 in SIDS/LDCs and African states
- Supports locally-led climate action by devolving decision making
- Consultations on second phase of pilot in July 2021

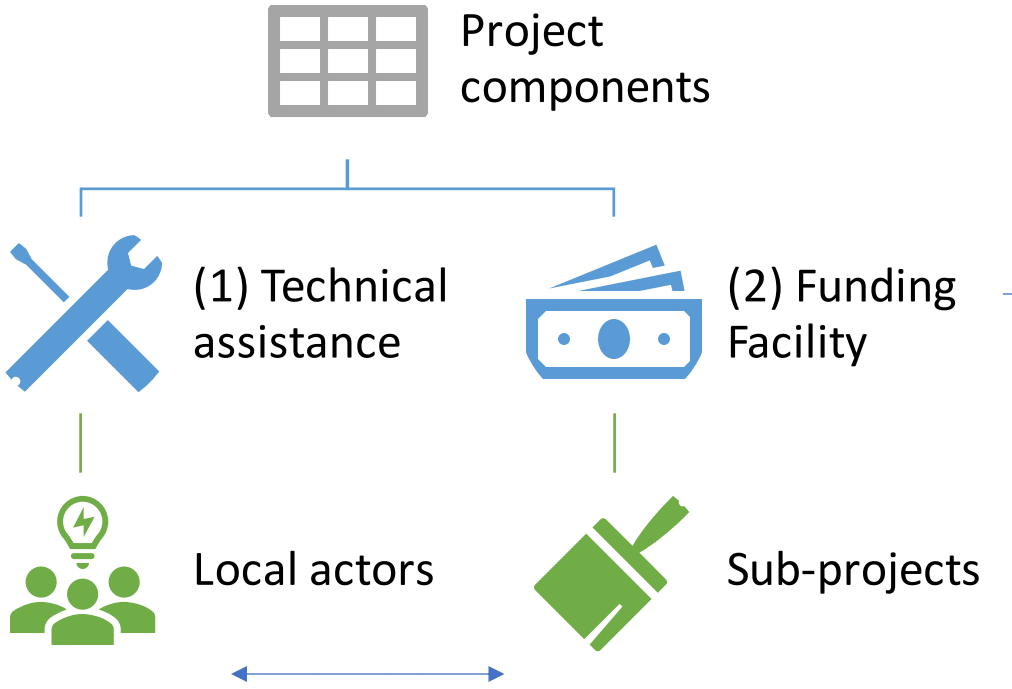
What are EDA's key features?

- Enhances level of country ownership
- Provides a flexible and context-specific approach
- Creates sustainable financing vehicles
- Empowers local stakeholders

EDA: Who and what?



Structure and implementation arrangements



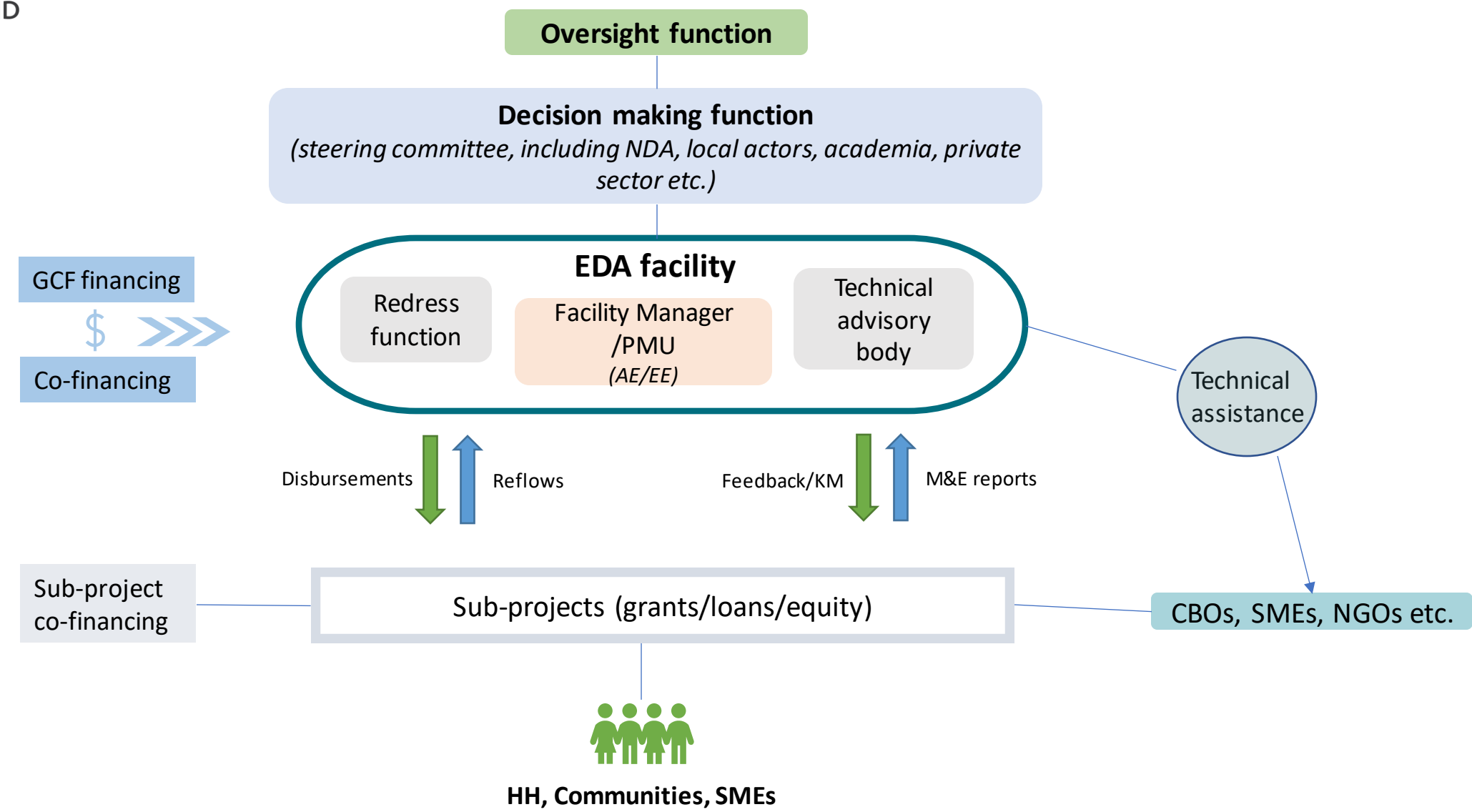
Governance

- Oversight
- Decision making
- EDA facility management
- Redress function

Funding allocation

- Sub-projects eligibility (including alignment with the GCF's Results Management Framework) and selection criteria
- In-take modalities (e.g. RfP)
- Funding duration and volume

Sample governance structure



Operations Manual

- **Sub-projects details are not yet known in EDA funding proposals**, unlike other types of GCF projects

- Many GCF requirements can **only be met at the sub-project level**

- **An operations manual can** capture processes and procedures guaranteeing sub-projects' compliance with GCF's requirements

Sample content

Detailed operating modalities of the governance body

- Composition of steering committee
- Frequency of meetings
- Trustee of the facility and its financial terms
- Accountability mechanisms
- Life cycle
- etc

Detailed operating modalities of the funding facility

- Eligibility criteria
- Selection criteria
- Sample legal agreements
- etc

Standard operating procedures for the appraisal process

- Procedures for ESS related studies at the sub-project evel, including on indigenous people
- Procedures for sub-project level gender assessments and action plans
- etc

Monitoring and reporting standards

- Sub-project level indicators
- Reporting and monitoring templates, roles and responsibilities at the sub-project level

Example of EDA project

FP024: Empower to Adapt: Creating Climate-Change Resilient Livelihoods through Community-Based Natural Resource Management in Namibia

Country:

AE:

Environmental **Investment** Fund of **Namibia** | ensuring sustainability

GCF Financing: USD 10 million

Estimated completion date: 01 May 2022

- **Two components**:

(1) Capacity building and community support (USD 893,500)

(2) Resilient Grant Facility for livelihoods in Namibia (USD 7,980,000)

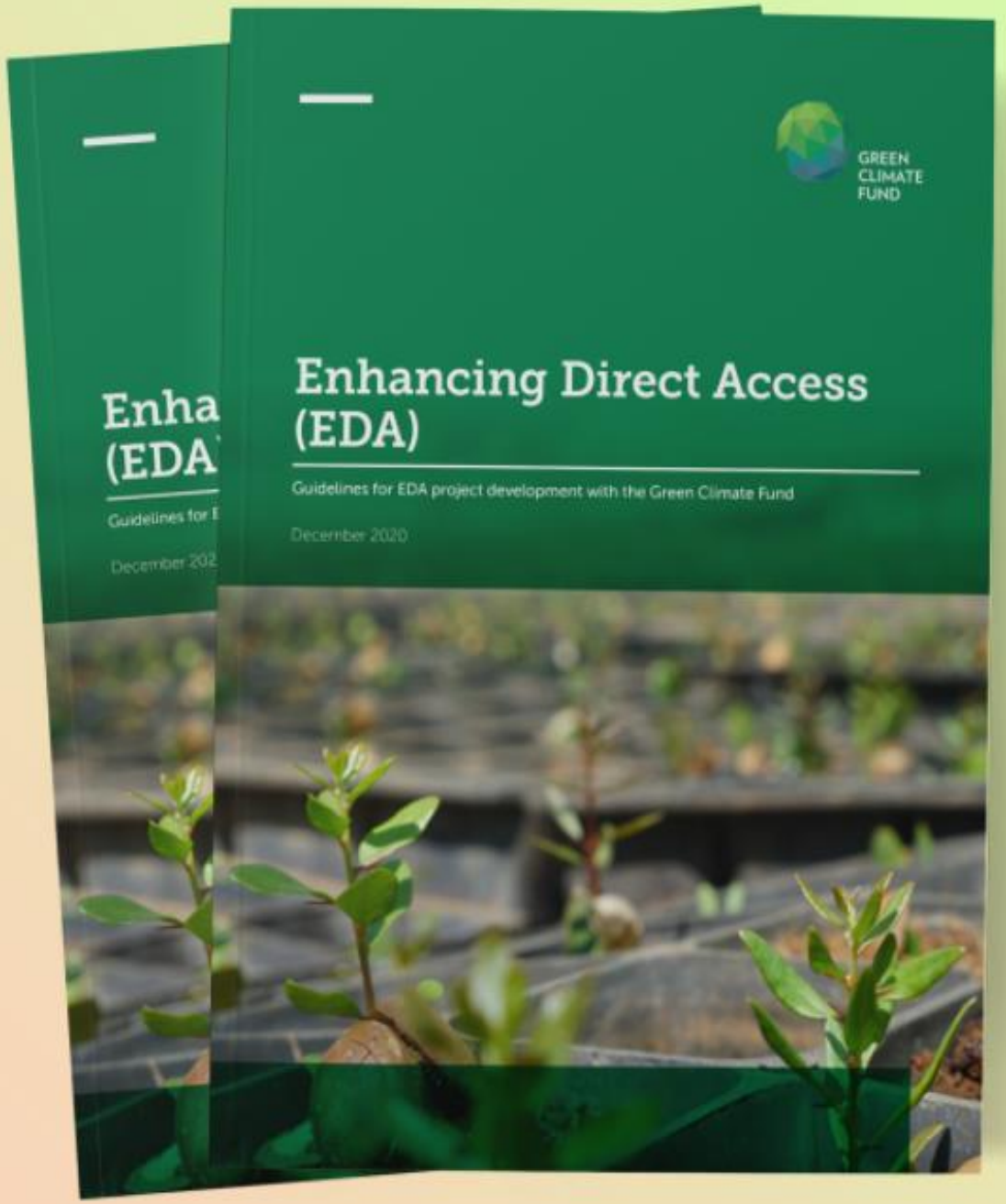
Climate resilient agriculture
Climate resilient infrastructure
Ecosystems based adaptation and mitigation

- **Robust in-country foundation**:
  - EDA project steering committee decides on grant applications *(NDA, AE, CBOs, private sector, beneficiaries' reps, academia*)
  - Builds on the institutional foundation of the Namibian CBNRM CBOs who will apply and implement sub-projects

- **Extensive operations manual**

- **Exit strategy**:

Environmental tax levies to replenish the facility



New guidelines for the EDA project development available on GCF website https://www.greenclimate.fund/document/eda-guidelines

For questions, reach out to us at eda@gcfund.org

Thank you!

SIDE-EVENT SESSION
SIMPLIFIED APPROVAL PROCESS

Freddy Soto | SAP/PPF Associate Professional, DCP

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific, June 2021

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

HISTORY AND OBJECTIVE

GCF's Simplified Approval Process was approved at B.18 and launched
at the 23rd UNFCCC Conference of the Parties in Bonn
on the 11th of November, 2017

……to apply best practices ***to reduce the time and effort*** *needed in the* ***preparation, review, approval and disbursement procedures*** *for proposals of certain activities, in particular small-scale activities.*

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

1. Ready to be scaled-up
   & potential for transformational impact

2. GCF funding of up to USD 10 million

3. Minimal to no environmental & social risks

CONCEPT NOTE PREPARATION

GCF DOCUMENTATION PROJECTS

Simplified Approval Process
Concept Note

Project/Programme Title: _____

Country(ies): _____

National Designated Authority(ies) (NDA): _____

Executing Entities: _____

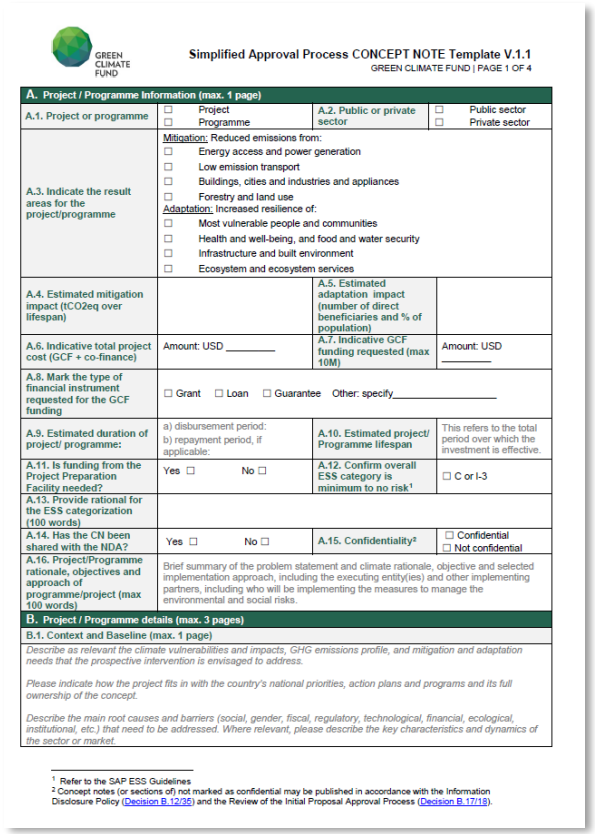
Accredited Entity(ies) (AE): _____

Date of first submission/ version number: *[YYYY-MM-DD] [V.01]*

Date of current submission/ version number *[YYYY-MM-DD] [V.01]*

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Please submit the completed form to **sap@gcfund.org**,
using the following name convention in the subject line and file name:
"CN-[Accredited Entity or Country]-YYYYMMDD"



GREEN CLIMATE FUND

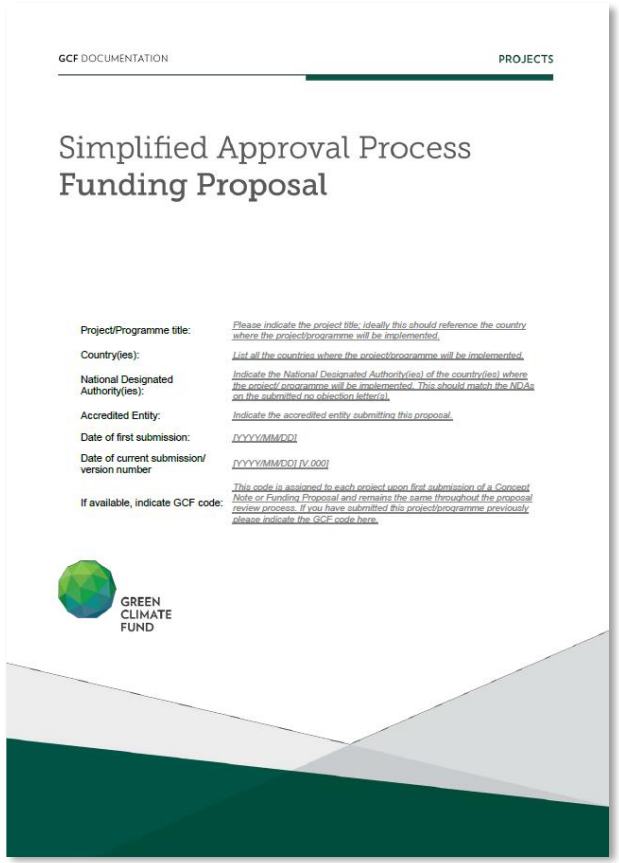
Simplified Approval Process CONCEPT NOTE Template V.1.1
GREEN CLIMATE FUND | PAGE 1 OF 4

A. Project / Programme Information (max. 1 page)			
A.1. Project or programme	☐ Project ☐ Programme	**A.2. Public or private sector**	☐ Public sector ☐ Private sector
A.3. Indicate the result areas for the project/programme	Mitigation: Reduced emissions from: ☐ Energy access and power generation ☐ Low emission transport ☐ Buildings, cities and industries and appliances ☐ Forestry and land use Adaptation: Increased resilience of: ☐ Most vulnerable people and communities ☐ Health and well-being, and food and water security ☐ Infrastructure and built environment ☐ Ecosystem and ecosystem services		
A.4. Estimated mitigation impact (tCO2eq over lifespan)		**A.5. Estimated adaptation impact (number of direct beneficiaries and % of population)**	
A.6. Indicative total project cost (GCF + co-finance)	Amount: USD _____	**A.7. Indicative GCF funding requested (max 10M)**	Amount: USD _____
A.8. Mark the type of financial instrument requested for the GCF funding	☐ Grant ☐ Loan ☐ Guarantee Other: specify_____		
A.9. Estimated duration of project/ programme:	a) disbursement period: b) repayment period, if applicable:	**A.10. Estimated project/ Programme lifespan**	This refers to the total period over which the investment is effective.
A.11. Is funding from the Project Preparation Facility needed?	Yes ☐ No ☐	**A.12. Confirm overall ESS category is minimum to no risk[1]**	☐ C or I-3
A.13. Provide rational for the ESS categorization (100 words)			
A.14. Has the CN been shared with the NDA?	Yes ☐ No ☐	**A.15. Confidentiality[2]**	☐ Confidential ☐ Not confidential
A.16. Project/Programme rationale, objectives and approach of programme/project (max 100 words)	Brief summary of the problem statement and climate rationale, objective and selected implementation approach, including the executing entity(ies) and other implementing partners, including who will be implementing the measures to manage the environmental and social risks.		
B. Project / Programme details (max. 3 pages)			
B.1. Context and Baseline (max. 1 page)			
Describe as relevant the climate vulnerabilities and impacts, GHG emissions profile, and mitigation and adaptation needs that the prospective intervention is envisaged to address. *Please indicate how the project fits in with the country's national priorities, action plans and programs and its full ownership of the concept.* *Describe the main root causes and barriers (social, gender, fiscal, regulatory, technological, financial, ecological, institutional, etc.) that need to be addressed. Where relevant, please describe the key characteristics and dynamics of the sector or market.*			

[1] Refer to the SAP ESS Guidelines
[2] Concept notes (or sections of) not marked as confidential may be published in accordance with the Information Disclosure Policy (Decision B.12/35) and the Review of the Initial Proposal Approval Process (Decision B.17/18).

- ✓ Concept note submission is **mandatory**
- ✓ Can be submitted by **AE and/or NDA**
- ✓ Must follow the **SAP CN template and be submitted through the SAP Online Submission System**
- ✓ Must be presented with **Environmental and Social screening checklist (Annex I)**

FUNDING PROPOSAL PREPARATION

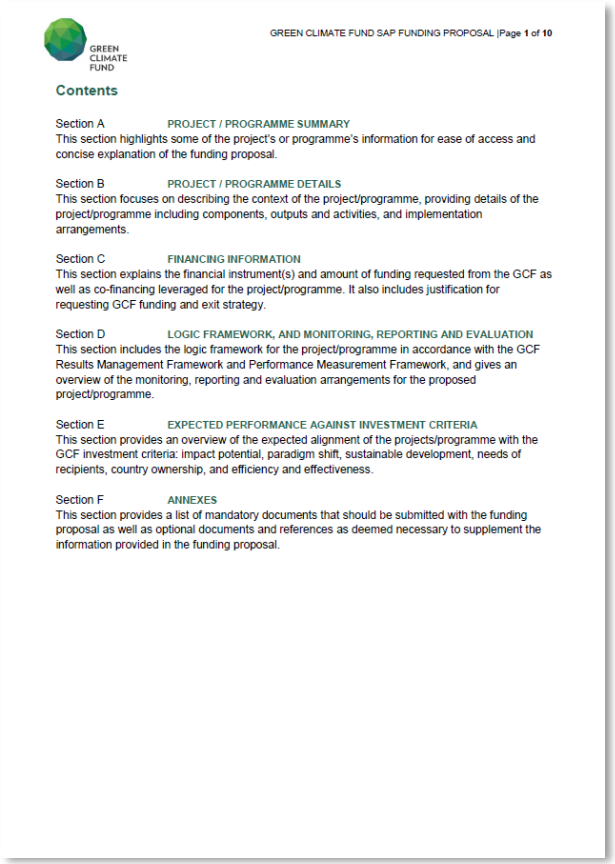


GCF DOCUMENTATION PROJECTS

Simplified Approval Process
Funding Proposal

Project/Programme title:	*Please indicate the project title; ideally this should reference the country where the project/programme will be implemented.*
Country(ies):	*List all the countries where the project/programme will be implemented.*
National Designated Authority(ies):	*Indicate the National Designated Authority(ies) of the country(ies) where the project/ programme will be implemented. This should match the NDAs on the submitted no objection letter(s).*
Accredited Entity:	*Indicate the accredited entity submitting this proposal.*
Date of first submission:	*[YYYY/MM/DD]*
Date of current submission/ version number	*[YYYY/MM/DD] [V.000]*
If available, indicate GCF code:	*This code is assigned to each project upon first submission of a Concept Note or Funding Proposal and remains the same throughout the proposal review process. If you have submitted this project/programme previously please indicate the GCF code here.*

GREEN CLIMATE FUND



GREEN CLIMATE FUND SAP FUNDING PROPOSAL |Page 1 of 10

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Contents

Section A PROJECT / PROGRAMME SUMMARY
This section highlights some of the project's or programme's information for ease of access and concise explanation of the funding proposal.

Section B PROJECT / PROGRAMME DETAILS
This section focuses on describing the context of the project/programme, providing details of the project/programme including components, outputs and activities, and implementation arrangements.

Section C FINANCING INFORMATION
This section explains the financial instrument(s) and amount of funding requested from the GCF as well as co-financing leveraged for the project/programme. It also includes justification for requesting GCF funding and exit strategy.

Section D LOGIC FRAMEWORK, AND MONITORING, REPORTING AND EVALUATION
This section includes the logic framework for the project/programme in accordance with the GCF Results Management Framework and Performance Measurement Framework, and gives an overview of the monitoring, reporting and evaluation arrangements for the proposed project/programme.

Section E EXPECTED PERFORMANCE AGAINST INVESTMENT CRITERIA
This section provides an overview of the expected alignment of the projects/programme with the GCF investment criteria: impact potential, paradigm shift, sustainable development, needs of recipients, country ownership, and efficiency and effectiveness.

Section F ANNEXES
This section provides a list of mandatory documents that should be submitted with the funding proposal as well as optional documents and references as deemed necessary to supplement the information provided in the funding proposal.

- ✓ Must be submitted by AE
- ✓ Must follow the SAP FP template
- ✓ Funding proposals must be submitted through the SAP Online Submission System

EXAMPLES OF SAP ACTIVITIES

Mitigation

- Micro-scale renewable energy (e.g. small roof-top or off-grid RE projects)
- Retrofit renewable energy systems
- Energy efficiency and conservation
- Greening the MSME supply chain
- Small-scale infrastructure (rehabilitation, maintenance and upgrading where waste will not be an issue)
- Forest management activities and agroforestry

Adaptation

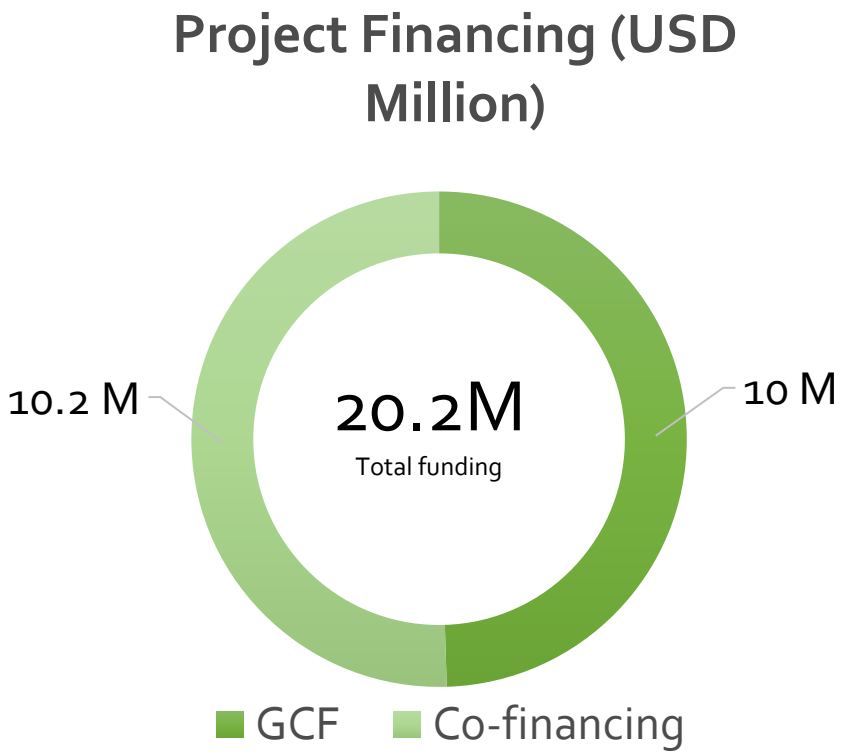
- Climate-resilient and sustainable agriculture projects
- Small-scale rural and urban community projects
- Small-scale soil and water conservation treatment projects in industries

PROJECT EXAMPLE: MULTI-HAZARD IMPACT-BASED FORECASTING AND EARLY WARNING SYSTEM FOR THE PHILIPPINES - *LANDBANK*

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

Objective	Reduce the exposure of vulnerable communities to climate-induced hydrometeorological hazards Strengthen adaptive capacities Implement long-term climate risk reduction and adaptation measures
Beneficiaries	8.5 Million 467,919 (direct) 8 million (indirect)
Result Areas	Livelihoods of people and communities

BUDGET AND FINANCING



GCF financing Instrument	Amount
Grant	USD 9,999,042
Co-financing Instrument	Amount
In-kind	USD 10,192,307

PROJECT INTERVENTIONS

Component 1	Establish the Multi Hazard Impact Based Forecasting and Early Warning System

Output 1: Generation of science-based multi-hazard weather and climate risk information

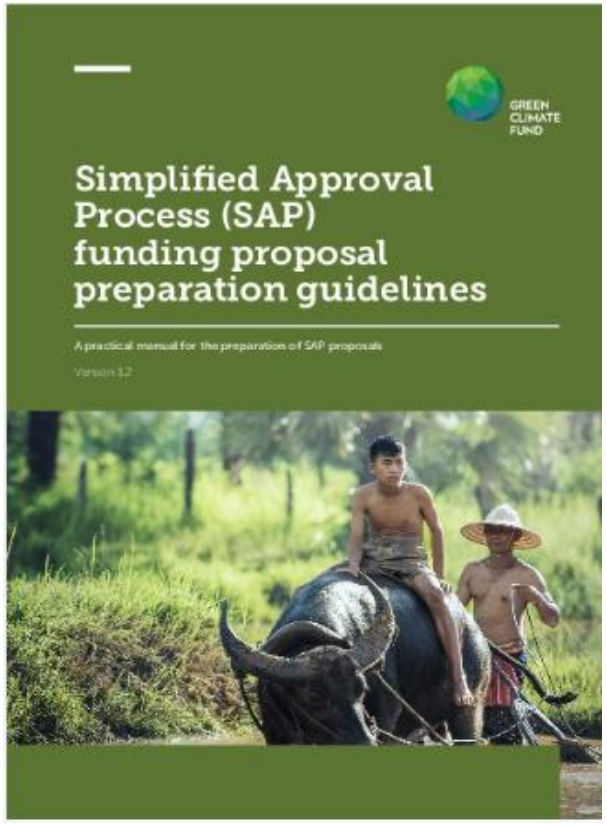
Output 2: Established Multi-hazard impact-based forecasting and early warning system (MH-IBF-EWS)

Component 2	Building the enabling environment for long-term risk reduction

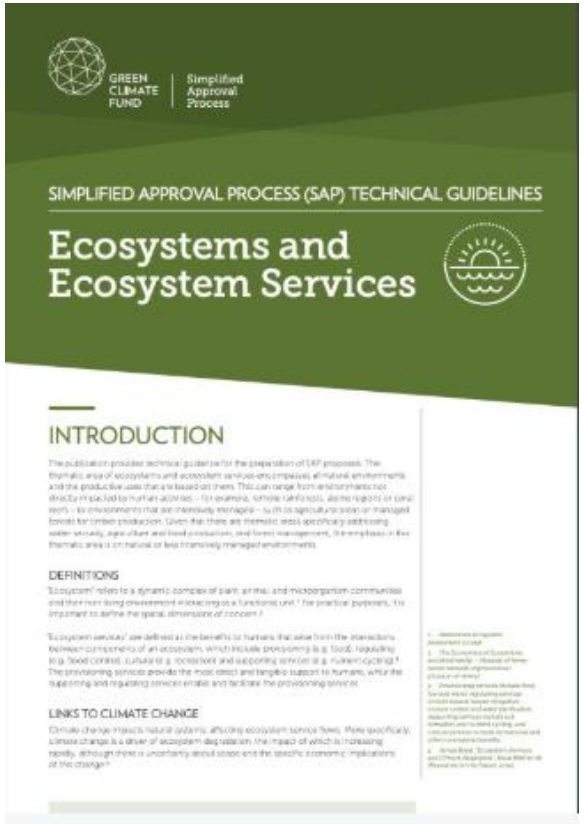
Output 3: Improved national and local capacities in implementing a people-centered MH-IBF-EWS and forecast-based early actions and financing (FbA)

Output 4: Mainstreamed climate risk information and MH-IBF-EWS in development policy and planning, investment programming

RESOURCES


GREEN CLIMATE FUND
Simplified Approval Process (SAP) funding proposal preparation guidelines
A practical manual for the preparation of SAP proposals
Version 1.2

e-Learning
For
Simplified Approval Process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Simplified Approval Process
SIMPLIFIED APPROVAL PROCESS (SAP) TECHNICAL GUIDELINES
Ecosystems and Ecosystem Services
INTRODUCTION
DEFINITIONS
LINKS TO CLIMATE CHANGE

KEY ASPECTS OF SAP PROJECTS

Shorter Review Cycle

- The review cycle for the SAP projects (27 weeks) is shorter compared to PAP projects (35 weeks)

Simpler documentation requirements

- The required documents for the SAP projects are less compared to PAP projects (e.g. A full feasibility study is not needed)

First time AEs

- SAP projects can be a good start for the AEs going through the first project with GCF. DAE's and NDAs are encouraged to engaged in SAP proposals!

LESSONS LEARNED FROM SAP PROJECTS

Speedy Implementation

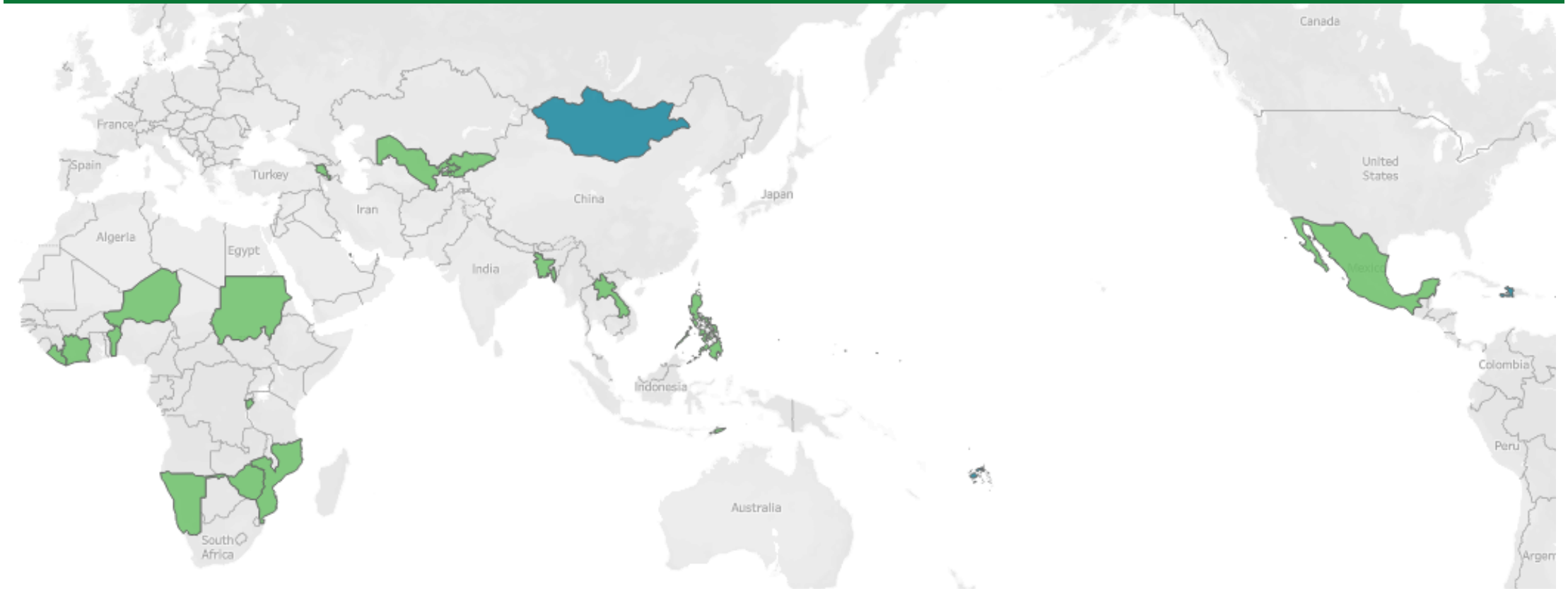
- SAP004 XacBank took 238 days from the Board approval till the first disbursement (the average number of days for the portfolio is 500 days)

Scalability and Replicability

- Can be used for pilot projects that are ready to be scaled up and replicated (SAP016, Fiji's Development Bank)

SAP PORTFOLIO

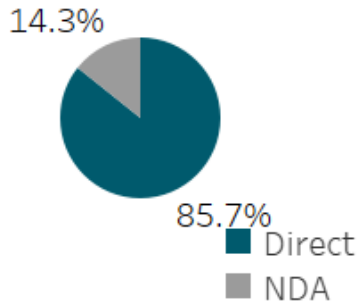
23	USD 208M	USD 147 M	USD 355 M
Approved	GCF funding	Co-financing	Total financing



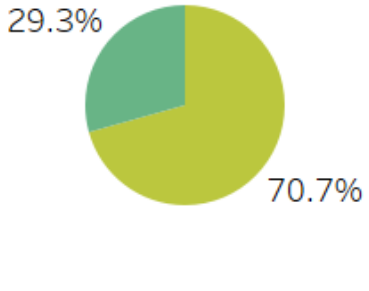
SAP PIPELINE IN PACIFIC / SIDS

7	USD 68M	USD 17M	USD 86M
Proposals	GCF funding	Co-financing	Total financing

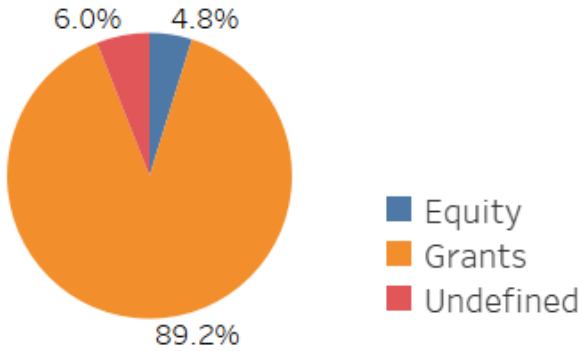
Entities



Theme Breakdown



Region



WAY FORWARD

Updated SAP Policy at B.29	The updated SAP policy was presented at B.28, further consultations with the Board Members was requested before submitting again for Board consideration
Support for DAEs and Countries	Dedicated SAP technical assistance for projects SAP appraisal toolkit Webinars, online and offline training, workshops
Communication	Videos, outreach, e-learning

SIDE-EVENT SESSION SIMPLIFIED APPROVAL PROCESS

Freddy Soto | SAP/PPF Associate Professional, DCP

fsoto@gcfund.org

GCF Programming Dialogue in the Pacific, June 2021

GREEN CLIMATE FUND