

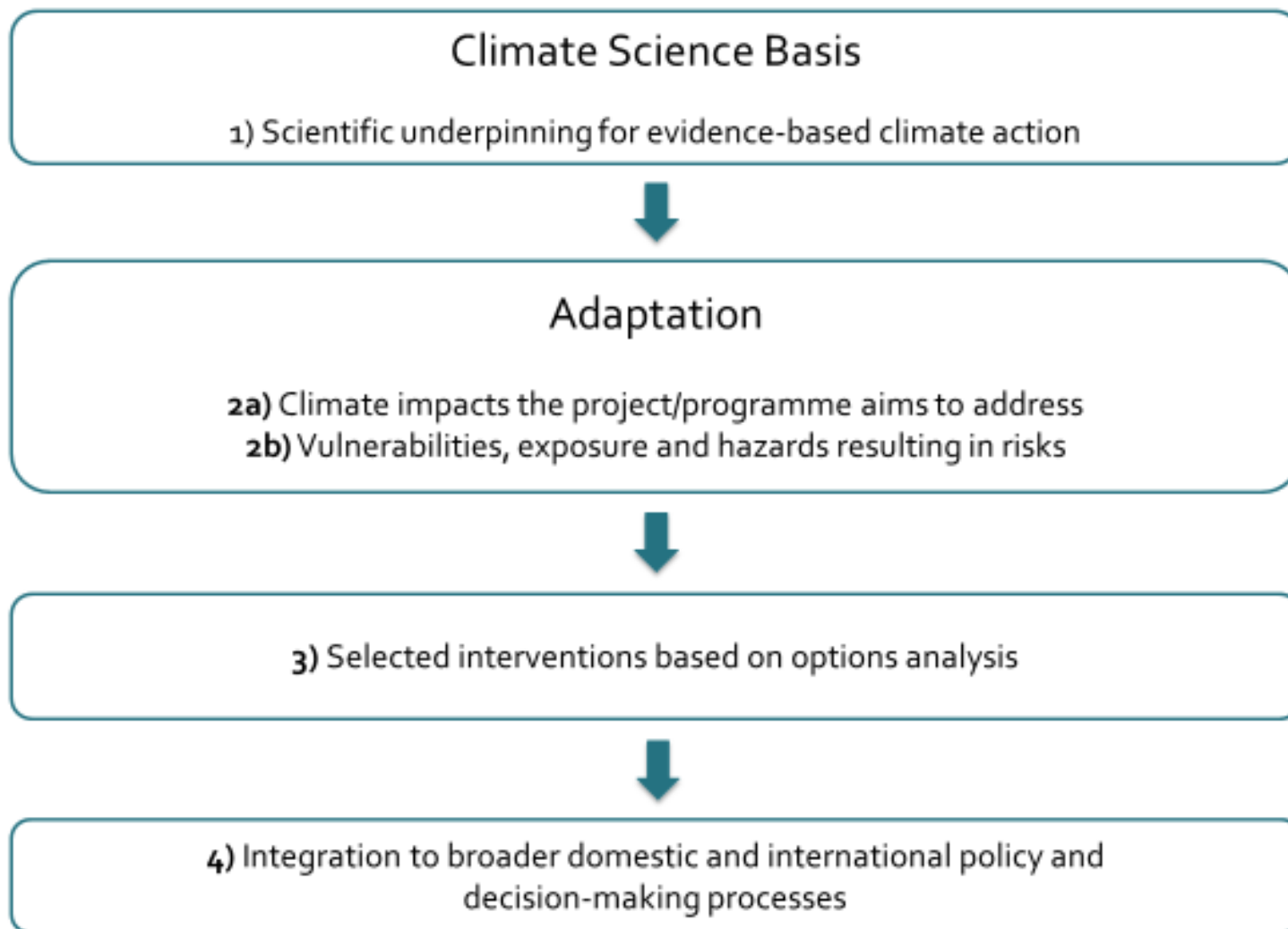
GREEN  
CLIMATE  
FUND

# Designing Successful Adaptation Projects

Chibesa Pensulo, Water Specialist  
Division of Mitigation and Adaptation

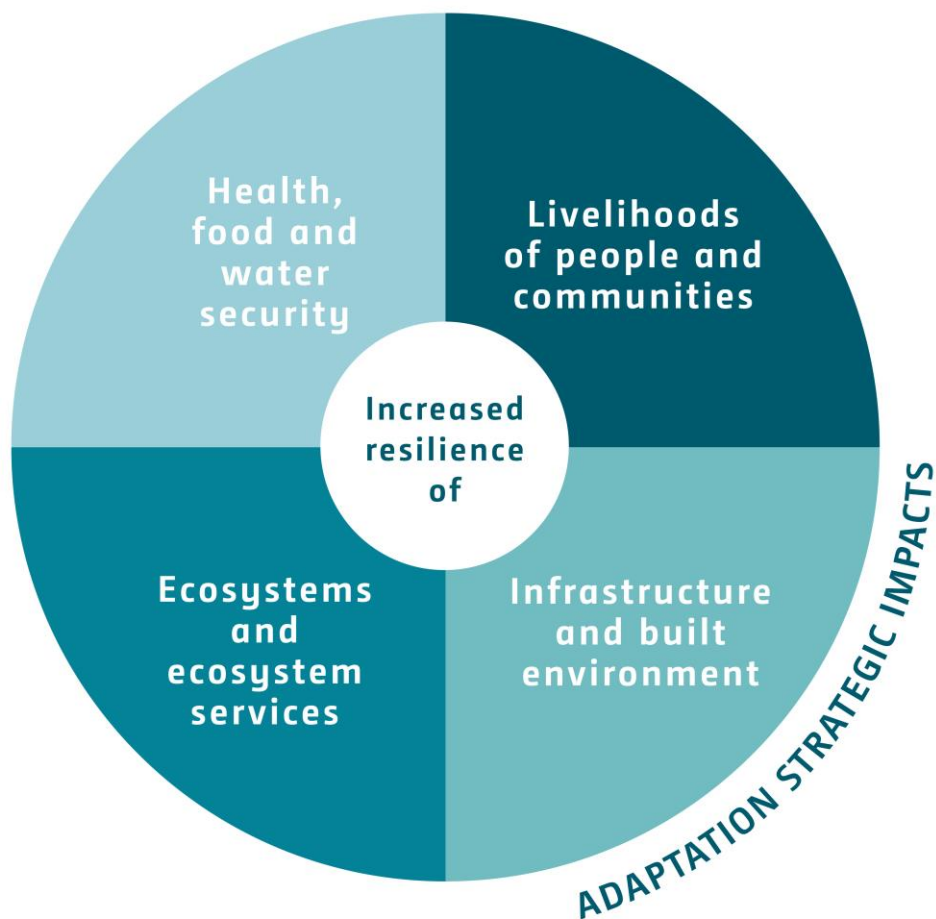
Technical Expert Meeting on Adaptation  
Korea Global Adaptation Week  
Songdo, 11 April 2019

# Elements of adaptation project design



# GCF Adaptation Results Areas

Innovative, sustainable, high impact potential proposals in:



In the project logframe:

- Incorporate indicators from the GCF Results Management Framework
- Provide baseline data
- Set targets



# Secretariat review of funding proposals

## Compliance with GCF policies



Environmental and social safeguards

Gender policy

Risk framework

Fiduciary standards

Results management and reporting

Legal framework

## Performance against investment criteria



Impact potential

Paradigm shift potential

Sustainable development potential

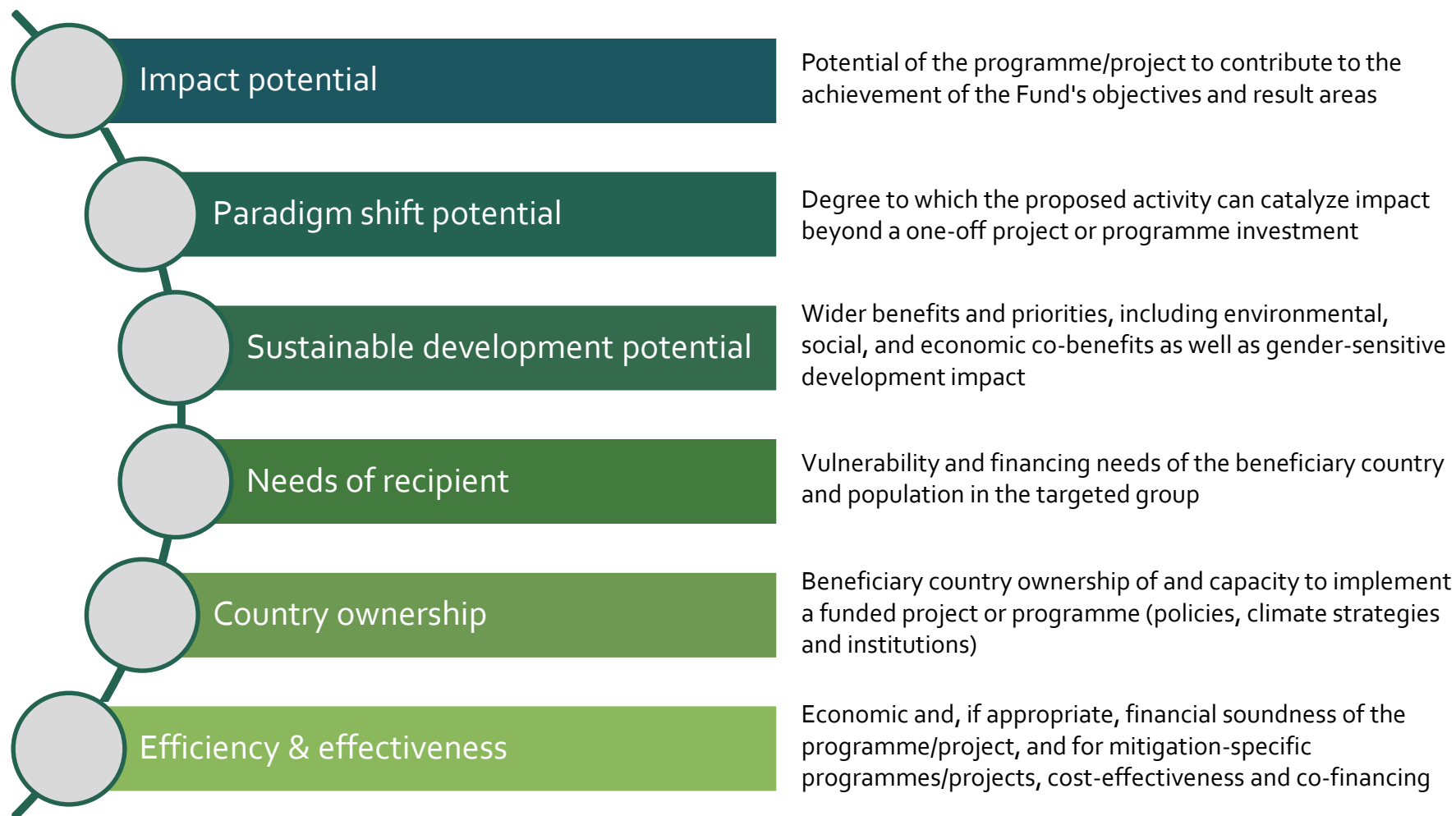
Needs of the recipient

Country ownership

Efficiency and effectiveness



# GCF Investment Criteria





# Complete Funding Proposal Package

## **Required documentation (annexes to the FP):**

- No-objection from the country NDA(s)
- Feasibility study, providing rationale for proposed design, structure & costs
- Detailed budget
- Procurement plan
- Environmental and social impact assessment
- Gender assessment and action plan
- Risk assessment
- Logical framework
- Stakeholder consultations
- Implementation schedule



# Simplified Approval Process (SAP) eligibility criteria

---

- 1 Ready to be scaled-up, with potential for transformational impact
- 2 GCF funding of up to USD 10 million
- 3 Minimal to no environmental & social risks

# SAP – What has been simplified?



## SIMPLER DOCUMENTS

Key documents have been simplified, and presented in a single, up-front list



## FEWER PAGES

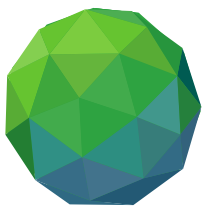
A shorter form with significantly fewer pages.  
The total length of funding proposals should not exceed 20 pages, or 10,000 words



## EASIER FORM-FILLING

Fewer questions and clearer guidance allows more concise responses for each sub-section, avoiding duplication of information





GREEN  
CLIMATE  
FUND

## GCF result area impacts

### Project outcome

Increased resilience of:  
Most vulnerable people and communities  
Health and well-being, food and water security

Vulnerable communities on the southwest coast of Bangladesh, especially women, have strengthened adaptive capacity and reduced exposure to climate risks

### Outputs

Women capacitated to diversify to resilient livelihoods and implement climate-risk reduction strategies in face of worsening salinity and extreme events

Communities have year-round access to climate-resilient, safe and reliable drinking water supply

Institutional technical capacity, knowledge and learning strengthened to enable climate risk informed management of livelihoods and drinking water security

### Interventions addressing barriers

Women capacitated to diversify to resilient livelihoods

Strengthened value-chains and markets for alternative resilient livelihood products and services

Access to EWS and capacity to adapt and safeguard livelihoods as climate risks evolve

Community-centric planning and management of water access and distribution

Gender-responsive, reliable and climate-resilient supply of drinking water

Community-based model for O&M and management of water solutions

Strengthened institutional capacities for integrating climate risk planning for coastal livelihoods

Enhanced institutional capacities for design and implementation of climate-resilient drinking water solutions

Improved knowledge and evidence-based learning for climate risk informed management of livelihood and drinking water solutions

### Barriers to change

- Limited skills and financial means to diversify to resilient **livelihoods**
- Lack of capacity to invest in associated value-chains to support scale and sustainability
- Lack of last-mile access to early warning systems (EWS) to protect assets

- Lack of technical capacity to incorporate climate risks in planning for **water**
- Limited financial means to expand resilient water solutions in cyclone/salinity stressed areas
- Low technical/organizational/financial capacities to operate and maintain resilient water supply systems

- Low technical capacity/knowledge/learning exchange among key **institutions** to innovate and implement solutions to cope with rising salinity
- Weak institutional coordination for gender-responsive, integrated support for resilient livelihoods and drinking water security

### Problem statement

Deterioration of freshwater resources due to climate change-induced salinity threatening agricultural livelihoods and drinking water security of vulnerable coastal communities, especially women

For more information, visit  
**[www.greenclimate.fund](http://www.greenclimate.fund)**

**Quick links**

[GCF 101](#)

[GCF Results Management Framework](#)

[GCF Investment Framework](#)

[GCF Simplified Approval Process Guidelines](#)