



Annex 20

First level AML/CFT (KYC) assessment

For the GCF-FAO Project “Climate Resilient Agriculture in Somalia (Ugbaad)” (the Project)

FAO has consistently complied with the principles of Anti-money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism Policy and applied its own rules in order to comply with the objectives of the Policy on Prohibited Practices, as per Clause 9.03 of the current Accreditation Master Agreement (AMA) and will continue complying with such obligation for the Funded Activity in alignment with the Funded Activities Agreement to be executed between FAO and the GCF.

The proposed Project foresees that FAO, and the Government of Somalia, acting through the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change (MoECC) and Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation (MoAI), act each as an Executing Entity (“EE”) for the implementation of the Project as described in the Funding Proposal.

FAO, in its capacity of Accredited Entity (the “AE”) of the Funding Proposal, confirms that a capacity assessment for the two aforementioned executing entities has been conducted and that it is satisfied with the results of the assessments.

The Project will be executed in full compliance with the policies and procedures regarding AML/CFT (KYC), as also confirmed in the current AMA and assessed in the re-accreditation decision (B.37/18).

The policies and procedures apply to all FAO personnel and all contractual arrangements between FAO and implementing partners, suppliers or other third parties for administrative, technical or operational purposes.

In addition, FAO will include in the Project agreement to be signed with the Government of Somalia clauses related to AML/CFT, providing, *inter alia*, that:

- a) The Government shall comply, and shall require all persons and entities engaged in its activities under the Project to comply, with all internal anti-money laundering, counter-terrorism financing laws, rules, and regulations;
- b) The Government confirms it has obtained sufficient undertakings from all persons and entities involved in its activities under the Project that they shall not engage in any prohibited practices; the Government undertakes and confirm that it shall comply with the substantive objectives of the GCF’s Policy on Prohibited Practices;
- c) Consistent with numerous United Nations Security Council resolutions adopted under Chapter VII of the UN Charter, the Government and FAO are firmly committed to the international fight against terrorism and, in particular, against the financing of terrorism. It is the policy of the Government and FAO to seek to ensure that none of their funds are used, directly or indirectly,

to provide support to individuals or entities: i) associated with terrorism, as included in the list maintained by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to its Resolutions 1267 (1999) and 1989 (2011); or ii) that are the subject of sanctions or other enforcement measures promulgated by the United Nations Security Council. This provision must be included in all agreements that may be concluded with third parties for the implementation of activities under the Project.

FAO confirms that the project will be implemented in full compliance with the UN Security Council Resolution 2714 (2023) related to Somalia and that, based on the currently applicable 1844 Sanctions List, no exemptions are needed from the UN Security Council Committee established pursuant to the above-mentioned Resolution.

During project implementation FAO, as AE, will ensure close monitoring and supervision through its Representations, Regional Offices and Headquarters in order to ensure that the activities are implemented in full compliance with the signed project agreement and as the FAA/AMA.

FAO'S ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN CASES OF PROHIBITED PRACTICES

FAO is committed to identifying, mitigating and addressing fraud, corruption and other Prohibited Practices. If wrongdoing by a Third Party involved in FAO operations is established, FAO has in place a mechanism to impose the most appropriate sanction(s) or corrective and rehabilitative measure(s) in accordance with the FAO Sanctions Procedures. Any Third Party that is proven to have engaged in unethical, corrupt or fraudulent activities may be debarred and, deemed ineligible to conduct business relations with FAO, among other possible sanctions. Debarred Vendors will be classified as Ineligible Vendors and included on the UN Ineligibility List shared with other UN agencies through the UN Global Marketplace. If wrongdoing is established, FAO will inform GCF and, as necessary, discuss possible approaches with regard to any funds that may have been misappropriated or otherwise affected.

As per FAO rules, regulations and procedures, established unsatisfactory conduct by FAO staff members and all other personnel gives rise to administrative and/or disciplinary action. FAO does not tolerate any type of fraudulent and other corrupt practices within the workplace or associated with the work performed on behalf of the Organization. It has a zero-tolerance policy in respect of fraud and other corrupt practices in all its manifestations and, accordingly, FAO will consistently impose a disciplinary measure on FAO staff members, including dismissal, termination of contractual relationships in the case of other FAO personnel, debarment from doing business with FAO in the case of a third party entity, or other sanctions, as appropriate. Such actions will be taken in accordance with the relevant provisions of FAO's Administrative Manual.