

GCF SAP GUNIEA BISSAU_SAHARA AND SAHEL OBSERVATORY- ANNEX 2a – LOGICAL FRAMEWORK

AUGUST, 2022

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK TEMPLATE

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK				
1. GCF Impact level: Paradigm shift potential (max. 300 words)				
Impact: Vulnerable populations benefit from increased climate- resilient sustainable development. The project envisions increasing climate change resilience, enhancing food security and improving livelihoods and income streams in Oio and Cacheu Region in Guinea-Bissau.				
IF food value chains are strengthened and adapted towards climate risks, and water access, availability and management is improved, THEN the vulnerability of communities towards climate change will be reduced, BECAUSE communities will produce and access more food and because rural livelihoods will improve despite climate risks				
Assessment Dimension	Current state (Baseline)		Potential target scenario (Description)	How the project/programme will contribute (Description)
	Description	Rating		
Scale	Farming communities within the target areas rely on conventional agricultural practices and livelihoods, which are unfit and/or at risk under current and projected climate scenarios.	<u>Low</u>	Paradigm shift would involve the adoption of improved practices such as CRA and CRRP to adapt to climate variability, as well as small-scale infrastructure interventions to prepare for sea level rise. This would be systematized through a strengthened enabling environment.	Direct beneficiaries are 82,450 community members, which are household members of 8,500 farmers living in the 34 target communities, while indirect beneficiaries will be an additional 120,000 community members. In complement, 150 extension workers will be trained in CRA, WSQM and CCA and 2 OGs, 20 CCCs, and 4 CPCs will be established and operationalized.
Replicability	No interventions for CCA within the targeted sectors and areas are currently being demonstrated, so replication is not yet possible.	<u>Low</u>	There are models available of successful adoption of CCA practices within the targeted areas. Experiences and knowledge are generated, systematized and disseminated, which will allow for easy replication to other parts of the country with similar characteristics.	The project targets sectors, with an approach of establishing and reinforcing community-based technical capacities, that are highly relevant in terms of CCA. In the majority of other rural areas in GB and in neighbouring West-African countries, these or similar community-structures are present but lack adequate capacities in CC related issues, and as such the project could be easily replicated with high potential impacts in areas that share similar agro-ecological conditions and CC related challenges, starting with other Regions in the country

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Sustainability	There are no structures currently operational at sub-national and community-level that coordinate, oversee and promote CCA interventions. Although policies and strategies are developed, capacities are too limited to operationalize those at community-level.	<u>Low</u>	Paradigm shift would see sustainable government and civil society support for mainstreaming CCA practices in rural Guinea-Bissau. Sub-national and community-based structures would be established and/or strengthened to maintain and continue CCA interventions. Behaviour change would be characterized by high levels of uptake of the mainstreamed practices.	Two Observatory Groups, 170 Farmers' Clubs, 2 Agricultural Associations, 20 CCCs and 4 CCPs are established, and operational. The 2 Associations are financially viable and have enhanced capacities to continue activities beyond the scope of the project, including the coordination of and support to the 170 FCs, 20 CCCs and 4 CCPs. The 2 OGs are integrated in national government structures for observation of climate change impacts and mainstreaming of CCA interventions.
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2.1. GCF Outcome level: Reduced emissions and increased resilience (IRMF core indicators 1-4, quantitative indicators)

GCF Result Area	IRMF Core Indicators (1-4) ¹	Means of Verification (MoV)	Baseline	Target		Assumptions / Note
				Mid-term	Final ²	
<u>ARA1 Most vulnerable people and communities</u>	<u>Core 2: Direct and indirect beneficiaries reached</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress reports Annual Reports Mid-term and final evaluation 	0	100,000 beneficiaries (70% women)	202,450 beneficiaries (70% women)	1.The COVID-19 pandemic, or other epidemic crisis, is not progressing and personal protection measures are adopted. 2.Guinea-Bissau's political framework is stable. 3.There are no major disruptions in local and national economic markets 4.The different cultural and traditional contexts of different ethnic groups allow the implementation of the

¹ The IRMF Indicators are set out in the [Integrated Results Management Framework](#)

² The final target means the target at the end of project/programme implementation period. However, for core indicator 1 (GHG emission reduction), please also provide the target value at the end of the total lifespan period which is defined as the maximum number of years over which the impacts of the investment are expected to be effective.

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						<p>action.</p> <p>5.The paradigm shift of the target communities and of the key actors for the adoption of new practices and new technologies/products is promoted.</p>
<p><u>ARA2 Health, well-being, food and water security</u></p>	<p><u>Core 2: Direct and indirect beneficiaries reached</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progress reports • Annual Reports • Mid-term and final evaluation 	<p>0</p>	<p>100,000 beneficiaries (70% women)</p>	<p>202,450 beneficiaries (70% women)</p>	<p>1.The COVID-19 pandemic, or other epidemic crisis, is not progressing and personal protection measures are adopted.</p> <p>2.Guinea-Bissau's political framework is stable.</p> <p>3.There are no major disruptions in local and national economic markets</p> <p>4.The different cultural and traditional contexts of different ethnic groups allow the implementation of the action.</p> <p>5.The paradigm shift of the target communities and of the key actors for the adoption of new practices and new technologies/products is promoted.</p>
<p><u>ARA4 Ecosystems and ecosystem services</u></p>	<p><u>Core 4: Hectares of natural resources brought under improved low-emission and/or climate-resilient management practice</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Baseline and activities' reports • Progress reports • Annual Reports • Mid-term and final evaluation 	<p>0</p>	<p>40 %</p>	<p>80%</p>	<p><i>During the baseline study the exact location of the mangroves to be restored and the number of hectares to be restored will be identified</i></p>

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2.2. GCF Outcome level: Enabling environment (IRMF core indicators 5-8 as applicable)

IRMF Core Indicators (5-8) ³	Baseline context (Description)	Rating for current state (Baseline)	Target scenario (Description)	How the project will contribute	Coverage
<u>Core indicator 8: Degree to which GCF investments contribute to effective knowledge generation and learning processes, and use of good practices, methodologies and standards</u>	There is limited knowledge and awareness on climate change and adequate adaptation options, and there are no effective mechanisms in place at sub-national level to centralize knowledge and use of best practices	<u>low</u>	Knowledge generation and management on climate change threats and impacts, as well as adaptation options is systematized through observatory groups and a public e-platform. Awareness on climate change has increased significantly and key stakeholders, including vulnerable communities (women and men) are aware of adaptation options.	The project will establish and operationalize multi-stakeholder observatory groups, which will capture, systematize and disseminate knowledge on CC, and adequate adaptation options in the agriculture and water sectors. Thereby it will establish a model that can be replicated to other Regions in the country	<u>Multiple sub-national areas within a country</u>
<u>Core Indicator 6: Degree to which GCF investments contribute to technology deployment, dissemination, development or transfer and innovation</u>	There is limited to no access to affordable technologies that contribute to adaptation of the rural agricultural sector towards key climate threats (sea level rise and rainfall variability)	<u>low</u>	Rural farming communities in coastal zones have gained access to low-cost and low-tech technologies in adaptation in the agriculture sector, most notably CRA practices, including CRRP practices, and concrete interventions on mangrove-rice paddies.	The project will promote CRA and CCRP practices through model plots, capacity building and continuous training and extension services to targeted communities. The project will promote small-scale climate-resilient infrastructure on mangrove-rice paddies that are threatened by salt-water intrusion as a result of sea level rise.	<u>Multiple sub-national areas within a country</u>

3. Project specific indicators (project outcomes and outputs)

³ The IRMF Indicators are set out in the [Integrated Results Management Framework](#)

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Project/ programme results (outcomes/ outputs)	Project/programme specific Indicator	Means of Verification (MoV)	Baseline	Target		Assumptions / Note
				Mid-term	Final	
Outcome 1: Strengthened capacity and knowledge management to monitor and address water and agriculture- related climate risks	NO. of effective coordination mechanisms in the target Regions that are able to serve the population with data on water and agriculture and respective adaptation options	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports of the Observatory Groups; OG Meeting minutes • Documentation of data collected and disseminated 	0	2 Observatory Groups operational and working with the National authorities	2 Observatory Groups operational and working with the National authorities, providing information to the population	1.The COVID-19 pandemic, or other epidemic crisis, is not progressing and personal protection measures are adopted. 2.Guinea-Bissau's political framework is stable. 3.There are no major disruptions in local and national economic markets 4.The different cultural and traditional contexts of different ethnic groups allow the implementation of the action. 5.The paradigm shift of the target communities and of the key actors for the adoption of new practices and new technologies/products is promoted.
	Knowledge on water- and agriculture related climate risks and adaptation options is captured, disseminated and systematized	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knowledge Dissemination Strategy Document; • Reports from workshops; Knowledge Products; • E-platform website and user Data; 	0	2 Observatory Groups operational and working with the National authorities	2 Observatory Groups operational and working with the National authorities, providing information to the population	
			0	5 knowledge products are developed	10 knowledge products are developed	
			0	5 workshops for knowledge dissemination conducted	10 workshops for knowledge dissemination conducted	
	Component 1 Indicator 3. NO. of people	• Progress reports and final	0	0	1 e-platform is	

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	made aware of Climate Change threats and related appropriate responses (disaggregated by sex)	reports; • KAP Studies			operational	
	Component 1 Indicator 4. Use of vulnerable households, communities and public sector services of GCF-supported activities to respond to climate change and variability	• Annual Reports; • Mid-term and final evaluation; • Reports from Ministry of Environment and Biodiversity	0	40,000 (60% women)	120,000 (60% women)	
Output 1.1	NO. of official meetings of the Observatory Group per year of project implementation.	• Meeting Minutes and Reports of OGs; • Annual Reports	0	6	12	1.The contingency plans for the COVID-19 pandemic are fulfilled and are adapted to the local reality, enabling action.
	NO. constructed / or rehabilitated Observatory Group offices and equipped	• Progress Reports; • Mid-term and final evaluation; • Pictures pre- and post-Action	0	2	2	
	NO. of CCCs constructed and equipped	• Progress Reports; • Mid-term and final evaluation; • Pictures pre- and post-Action	0	20	20	2.Political and economic stability are maintained.
	NO. of CCCs established and functioning.	• Regulatory and Legal documents on the constitution of CCCs; • Key informant Survey	0	20	20	3.Policies and strategies for the agriculture and environment sectors are maintained by the Government of Guinea-Bissau.
	Gender indicator: % of CCCs with at least 50% female members		0	75%	75%	
	Gender indicator: % of CCCs with at least 50% female leadership		0	75%	75%	4.Central and local authorities maintain institutional support for implementing the action.
	Gender indicator: % of CCCs that provide referrals to women and men on issues of importance to women (GBV, family planning, more)		0	100%	100%	
	NO. of CCCs management committees trained.	• Progress Reports; • Mid-term and final evaluation; • Pictures pre- and post-Action	0	20	20	5.The macroeconomic and sectoral framework is maintained conducive to the resolution of conditioning factors related to climate resilient agriculture.
	NO. of Extensionists recruited and trained.	• Contracts and training session reports	0	34	34	
	NO. Training modules package on	• Training Manuals	0	1	1	

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Output 1.2	management and administration, etc developed					6.The partners remain committed to the implementation of the action.
	NO. Training sessions on management and administration, operational capacities, financial literacy and management, community sensitization and leadership, and sustainability planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sessions de formation 	0	12	16	7.The logistical conditions are gathered for the operationalization of the activities proposed by the action.
	NO. CCCs and OGs equipped with WSQM systems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WSQM devices 	0	68	68	8.Suppliers, service providers and companies maintain the stability of market values.
	NO. of extension workers from CSOs and local government trained in CRA, WSQM and adaptation towards soil and water salinization (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual Reports; Mid-term and final evaluation; Reports from Ministry of Environment and Biodiversity 	0	90 (30 women; 60 men)	150 (45 women; 105 men)	9.Target communities maintain their commitment to action.
	NO. of training manuals developed within the project scope (agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring...)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Training Manuals 	0	1	1	10.The structures, entities and communities follow the agreed procedures and rules.
	NO. meeting of the working groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meeting reports and minutes; Validated modules 	0	16	16	
	NO. of community members, extensionist, CSOs, CBOs and individuals trained on WSQM and CRA (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attendance lists 	0	1500	3000	
	NO. of workshops/trainings sessions addressed on agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from Training sessions 	0	8	16	
	Gender indicator: % of workshops with at least 50% female participants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from Training sessions; Attendance Sheets; Operation and Maintenance Manual 	0	50% of 1500	50% of 3000	
	NO. of workshops and training courses addressed for decision-makers at national and regional level on agri-environmental	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from Training sessions and Workshops; 	0	4	10	

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practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring system.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attendance Sheets; Pre- and post-training surveys 				
Gender indicator: NO. of workshops and training courses that are reviewed/revised by the gender specialist before being held		0	100%	100%	
Gender indicator: # of webinar trainings with at least 25% female participation		0	3	8	
Gender indicator: # of workshop and training attendees who are women ministries or gender ministries involved in steering and technical committees to support with oversight and technical issues		N/A	N/A	N/A	
NO. of youth trained on climate-resilient agriculture with practice done in the project Farmer Clubs (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from Training sessions and Workshops; Attendance Sheets; Pre- and post-training surveys 	0	55 (50% women)	115 (50% women)	
NO. of youth trained on livestock and breeding of short cycle animals with practice done in the project Farmer Clubs (Sex-disaggregated)		0	55 (50% women)	115 (50% women)	
NO. of youth trained on agri-business (Sex-disaggregated)		0	80	160	
NO. of youth trained on post-harvest practices and use of technologies (Sex-disaggregated)		0	55 (50% women)	115 (50% women)	
Gender indicator: # of trainings with at least 20% female participation		0	3	8	
Gender indicator: # of workshop attendees who are from women ministries or gender ministries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mapping documents; 	N/A	N/A	N/A	
NO. Training centres and schools equipped	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Purchase orders and contracts 	0	2	2	
NO. of teacher trained in TOT for Adaptation to Climate Change (agriculture,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Training certificates 	0	68	68	

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	health, nutrition, gender equality...)					
	NO. of people trained in functional literacy classes in the context of Adaptation to Climate Change (agriculture, health, nutrition, gender equality)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training certificates / or diploma 	0	1800	2720	
	NO. of communities sensitized on agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring system.		Baseline	34	34	
	Gender indicator: Sensitization material gender sensitive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports from Training sessions and Workshops; • Attendance Sheets; • Pre- and post-training surveys 	0	100% of materials	100% of materials	
	Gender indicator: Sensitization activities organized for women to be able to attend		0	100% of activities	100% of activities	
	Gender indicator: % of communities in which efforts have been made to mobilize men as champions of women's empowerment & equality in agricultural productive systems:		0	1	1	
	NO. of extension workers from CSOs and local government trained in CRA, WSQM and adaptation towards soil and water salinization (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports from Training sessions and Workshops; • Attendance Sheets; • Pre- and post-training surveys 	0	90 (30 women; 60 men)	150 (45 women; 105 men)	
	NO. of manuals on functional literacy materials in the context of Adaptation to Climate Change 2,720 manuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manuals printed 	0	1800	2720	
	NO. of registration and identity card women beneficiaries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identity cards 	0	800	1000	
Output 1.3	NO. of Baseline study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Baseline • Data base • Progress and final reports • Mid-term and final audits • Final evaluation • Monitoring & Evaluation • Inquiries 	0	1	1	

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		Surveys National Statistics (National Institute of Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Ministry of Environment				
	NO. of workshops for Baseline validation	• Workshop reports	0	2	2	
	NO. of KAP surveys	• KAP survey reports	0	1	2	
	NO. of informative documents with lessons learned and recommendations integrated in national monitoring systems.	• Lessons Learned and recommendations Publications; • Annual Report Meteorology Institute	0	1	2	
	Gender indicator: % of documents created that incorporate gender/take gender under consideration, as per the analysis of the gender specialist		0	100%	100%	
	NO. of project collaborative e-platform developed and integrated with executing entity's website.	• E-Platform Website and website review	0	0	1	
	NO. of training workshops on the e- platform use	• Training reports	0	2	3	
	NO. of knowledge management and dissemination strategies developed.	• Knowledge Management Strategy - Document	0	1	1	
	Gender indicator: % of management and dissemination strategies that are reviewed/revised by the gender specialist before being finalized		0	100%	100%	
	NO. sensitization workshops about CRA, CCA and the results of the project	• Sensitization meetings minutes	0	6	9	
	NO. Films production of good practices on climate change and resilience NO. of radio programs on climate change and resilience	• Podcasts and films	0	10	30	

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Outcome 2: Sustainable management of coastal ecosystems leading to climate-resilient communities in Oio and Cacheu	NO. of public-sector services of action supported tools, instruments, strategies and activities to respond to climate change and variability.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adaptation and Contingency plans documents; 	0	34 adaptation and contingency plans	34 adaptation and contingency plans	1.The COVID-19 pandemic, or other epidemic crisis, is not progressing and personal protection measures are adopted. 2.Guinea-Bissau's political framework is stable. 3.There are no major disruptions in local and national economic markets
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture and Water Management Plans document 	0	34 agriculture and water management plans	34 agriculture and water management plans	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coastal Management Plan Document 	0	0	1 updated coastal management plan	
	NO. of people reached by risk reduction measures established/strengthened (disaggregated by sex).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Final Evaluation; Mid-term and final report 	0	82.450 (70% women)	82.450 (70% women)	4.The different cultural and traditional contexts of different ethnic groups allow the implementation of the action. 5.The paradigm shift of the target communities and of the key actors for the adoption of new practices and new technologies/products is promoted.
Output 2.1	NO. of general adaptation plans for each region developed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adaptation plans documents 	0	34	34	1.The contingency plans for the COVID-19 pandemic are fulfilled and are adapted to the local reality, enabling action.
	NO. of workshops to validate the general adaptation plans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workshop reports 	0	34	68	
	NO. of meetings to develop: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The intrusion of saline water in rice fields and management of saline groundwater The water management plans on site and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meetings minutes and attendance list Validated Action plans 	0	22	34	2.Political and economic stability are maintained.

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	Operationalization and monitoring in the fields of general crops and horticulture. The water management plans on site and Operationalization and monitoring in the rice fields					3.Policies and strategies for the agriculture and environment sectors are maintained by the Government of Guinea-Bissau.
	NO. of actions for water management interventions on flood prone areas implemented.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	34	102	4.Central and local authorities maintain institutional support for implementing the action.
	NO. of rice paddies protected with dykes and belts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	22	34	5.The macroeconomic and sectoral framework is maintained conducive to the resolution of conditioning factors related to climate resilient agriculture.
	NO. of actions for Establishment and revitalization of Water Points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	20	34	6.The partners remain committed to the implementation of the action.
	NO. Workshop/Training: establish and strengthen Water Management Committees (WMCs)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workshop reports 	0	20	34	7.The logistical conditions are gathered for the operationalization of the activities proposed by the action.
	NO. of Construction of rainwater retention system in 34 model fields	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	15	20	8.Suppliers, service providers and companies maintain the stability of market values.
	NO. Construction of rainwater retention system in 20 CCC's	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	22	34	
	NO. of actions for micro-scale irrigation systems interventions implemented.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	34 community + 20 household systems	34 community + 20 household systems	
	NO. of actions for rain and storm water retention systems implemented.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	100%	100%	

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	Gender indicator: % of all actions (Op.2-4; 2-5;2-6; 2-7) consult women and men beforehand to identify different needs/constraints and to ensure that actions respond to varying priorities, needs of women and men	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on water management in the target areas; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	2	2	<p>9.Target communities maintain their commitment to action.</p> <p>10.The structures, entities and communities follow the agreed procedures and rules.</p>
Output 2.2	NO. of community nurseries for mangroves and coastal trees established and operational	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on Mangrove Ecosystems IBAP Reports; Key informant Surveys 	0	2	4	
	Gender indicator: % of individuals participating in the actions that are female		0	70%	70%	
	Gender indicator: % of surveyed women engaged in mangrove actions who report that nursery management is being done in a manner that is fair and equitable		0	75%	75%	
	NO. of communities engaged in reforestation of mangroves	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on Mangrove Ecosystems IBAP Reports; Key informant Surveys; 	0	22	34	
	Gender indicator: % of individuals participating in the actions that are female		0	70%	70%	
	Gender indicator: % of surveyed women engaged in mangrove reforestation who report that they see benefits to themselves and their families from reforestation efforts		0	75%	75%	
	NO. of communities trained in reforestation of mangroves		0	22	34	
	NO. of manuals of procedures and good practices for the protection and recovery of mangroves in the communities and manuals of good practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manuals printed 	0	0	150	
	NO. of trees planted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planted trees 	0	1000	2000	
	NO. of manuals on firewood saving stoves benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manuals printed 	0	1	1	

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	NO. of communities where firewood saving stoves are introduced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on Mangrove Ecosystems IBAP Reports; Key informant Surveys; 	0	22	34	
	Gender indicator: % of surveyed women using stoves who report that they see benefits to themselves and their families from the stoves		0	75%	75%	
	NO. of firewood saving stoves produced		0	1000	3500	
	NO. of Ha of Mangroves restored / demarcated / planted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on Mangrove Ecosystems IBAP Reports 	0	40%	80%	
Outcome 3: Enhanced climate-resilient livelihoods, food and water security of the most vulnerable people in coastal communities in Oio and Cacheu Region	NO. of vulnerable households using action supported tools, instruments, strategies and activities to respond to climate change and variability (disaggregated by male-headed and female-headed).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Production data from Farmers' Clubs; Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports 	0	8,500 farmers (70% female-represented) adopt CRA practices promoted on 170 Model Plots	8,500 farmers (70% female-represented) adopt CRA practices promoted on 170 Model Plots	1.The COVID-19 pandemic, or other epidemic crisis, is not progressing and personal protection measures are adopted.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Production data from Farmers' Clubs; Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports 	0	8,500 farmers (70% female-represented) with improved access to water for production	8,500 farmers (70% female-represented) with improved access to water for production	2.Guinea-Bissau's political framework is stable.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business Model documents; micro-enterprises registration 	0	160 people (70%)	160 people (70% women)	3.There are no major disruptions in local and national economic markets 4.The different cultural and traditional contexts of different ethnic groups allow the implementation of the action. 5.The paradigm shift of the

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> data; Descriptive memories of the green enterprises or business 		women) gained access to support for establishing micro-enterprises and IGAs	gained access to support for establishing micro-enterprises and IGAs	target communities and of the key actors for the adoption of new practices and new technologies/products is promoted.
	NO. of businesses using action supported tools, instruments, strategies and activities to respond to climate change and variability.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business Model documents; Enterprises' and Associations' regulatory documents, statutes and bookkeeping 	0	30 businesses and 2 farmer's Cooperative s/ Associations	40 businesses and 2 farmer's Cooperatives/ Associations	
Output 3.1	NO. of farmers organized in Farmers' Clubs (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports; 	0	8,500 (70% women)	8,500 (70% women)	1.The contingency plans for the COVID-19 pandemic are fulfilled and are adapted to the local reality, enabling action. 2.Political and economic stability are maintained. 3.Policies and strategies for the agriculture and environment sectors are maintained by the Government of Guinea-Bissau. 4.Central and local authorities maintain institutional support for implementing the action.
	NO. of farming families mentored throughout the project (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports; 	0	8,500 (70% represented by women)	8,500 (70% represented by women)	
	NO. of model plots established and equipped (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports; Pictures pre- and post-Action 	0	170	170	
	NO. of seed banks established and equipped (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Descriptive memories of the Farmers' Clubs; Farmers' Clubs bookkeeping and training reports; 	0	25	35	
	NO. of manuals and training modules on SRI & CRRP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Training material 	0	34	34	

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	NO. Trainings to promote Sustainable Rice Intensification (SRI) and Climate-Resilient Rice Production (CRRP).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training session reports 	0	68	102	<p>5.The macroeconomic and sectoral framework is maintained conducive to the resolution of conditioning factors related to climate resilient agriculture.</p> <p>6.The partners remain committed to the implementation of the action.</p> <p>7.The logistical conditions are gathered for the operationalization of the activities proposed by the action.</p>
	Farmers accessing equipment and tools to implement SRI-CRRP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment distributed / purchase orders : • Supervision and control missions 	0	20	34	
	NO. Training manuals and dissemination package on short cycle animals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports from Training sessions; Attendance Sheets; • Pre- and post-training surveys 	0	34	34	
	NO. Sensitization campaigns at the communities' level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports from sensitization sessions; • Attendance Sheets; • Pre- and post-session surveys 	0	10	10	
	NO. of farmers Provide farmers with short-cycle animals (20 households per community) (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports from Training sessions; • Attendance Sheets; • Pre- and post-training surveys 	0	340 (70% women)	680	
Output 3.2	Launch of a call for proposals for small grants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual Reports Vocational Training School; • Graduation Data; • Business Models 	0	1	1	<p>8.Suppliers, service providers and companies maintain the stability of market values.</p> <p>9.Target communities maintain their commitment to action.</p> <p>10.The structures, entities and communities follow the agreed procedures and rules.</p>
	NO. of Grants distributed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Grant agreements signed 	0	0	40	
	Creation of 2 agricultural community units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community centers established 	0	2	2	
	Reactivation support to 2 existing Processing Centers		0	1	2	
	Creation of 4 business plans and 2 agricultural associations established and operational	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Associations' registration documents; • Meeting minutes of the general assembly; • Bookkeeping records of the Associations 	0	2	4	
	NO. of people trained in business	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business Model documents; 	1	40 (50%	160 (50%	

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	management (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • micro-enterprises registration data; • Descriptive memories of the green enterprises or business 		women)	women)	
	NO. of micro-enterprises along the value chain(s) and women-led IGAs supported (Sex-disaggregated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business Model documents; micro-enterprises registration data; • Descriptive memories of the green enterprises or business 	0	30 (50% led by women)	40 (50% led by women)	
Project co-benefit indicators (related to section B.2 and section D.3)						
Environment	Area of rehabilitated land	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Baseline • Data base • Progress and final reports • Mid-term and final audits • Final evaluation • Monitoring & Evaluation • Inquiries • Surveys • National Statistics (National Institute of Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Ministry of Environment 	0	1	1	
Social	NO. of HHs with increased food security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Baseline • Data base • Progress and final reports • Mid-term and final audits • Final evaluation • Monitoring & Evaluation • Inquiries • Surveys • National Statistics (National Institute of Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Ministry of 	0	25%	50%	

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		Environment				
Economic	No. of HHs with increased income due to IGAs and established market linkages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baseline Data base Progress and final reports Mid-term and final audits Final evaluation Monitoring & Evaluation Inquiries Surveys National Statistics (National Institute of Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Ministry of Environment) 	0	2,500	5,000	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Market linkages established 	0	50%	100%	
Gender	Gender indicator: % of women holding positions as leaders in the OGs, CCCs and FC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from sessions and Workshops; Attendance Sheets; Pre- and post-training surveys (50%) 	0	25%	50%	
Adaptation	NO. of communities in environmental conservation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from Training sessions; Attendance Sheets; Pre- and post-training surveys; 	0	17	34	
	Gender indicator: % of women in community action	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Reports reporting on Mangrove Ecosystems 	0	35%	70%	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Project activities and deliverables 						
Output	Activities	Description	Deliverables			
Output 1.1. Improved local observation and management systems for monitoring water and agriculture-related climate risks in Oio and Cacheu	Ac. 1.1.1. Conceptualization and operationalization of Observatory Groups (OG) for climate-resilient agriculture (CRA) practices and technologies and water and soil quality monitoring (WSQM)	Support in the establishment and operationalization of two OGs with a regional mechanism with permanent offices at the local administration, and will be composed of permanent staff, as well as key stakeholders and technicians	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 OG offices equipped 			

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Region	Ac. 1.1.2. Establish Community Climate Centers (CCCs)	Support in establishment of the CCCs including identification of locations, construction of the centers, establishing operational capacities of management committees, and integration with the Observatory Groups and other central institutions and programmes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 20 CCC constructed and equipped • 20 CCCs management committees trained • 34 extensionists recruited and trained • 1 training manual developed • 16 Training sessions reports on management and administration, operational capacities, financial literacy and management, community sensitization and leadership, and sustainability planning
	Ac. 1.1.3. Equip OGs and CCCs with technologies for WSQM	Support in the establishment and provision of equipment and necessary assets for the 2 OGs, as well as the connected CCCs and Proximity Monitoring Stations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 68 CCCs and OGs equipped with WSQM systems .
	Ac. 1.1.4. Training of OG members, including community members and individuals on MO&M of observatory equipment	Support in the provision of trainings in the management of observatory equipment, according to an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) manual for observatory tasks, with corresponding guidelines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 160 extension workers from CSOs and local government trained in CRA, WSQM and adaptation towards soil and water salinization (Sex-disaggregated)
Output 1.2. Strengthened technical capacities of decision-makers and field staff in Oio and Cacheu Region for addressing water and agriculture related climate risks	Ac 1.2.1. Development of Training Manuals and Modules for CRA practices and adaptation towards water and soil salinization	Support in the development of tools and provide capacity building to promote local adaptation solutions that address water and soil salinization, CRA practices, and general environmental and climate change sensitization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 training manual developed within the project scope (agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring...) • 16 meetings of the working groups
	A. 1.2.2. Capacity building of national-level decision-makers, local government authorities and field staff on WSQM, Adaptation and CRA practices	Support in the sensitization of decision makers including parliamentarians and regional governors as a means of building political support and capacities for future initiatives and policies due to the lack of information regarding CC, its impacts on the population, and the need for adaptation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,000 community members, extensionist, CSOs, CBOs and individuals trained on WSQM and CRA (Sex-disaggregated) • 16 workshops/trainings sessions addressed on agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring. • 10 workshops and training courses addressed for decision-makers at national and regional level on agri-environmental

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			practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring system.
	Ac. 1.2.3. Train youth through vocational training courses in CRA practices, including specializations in livestock management and post-harvest practices	Support in the training of a total of 460 youth from the target areas in technical training courses on CRA, climate-resilient livelihoods, agro-pastoralism and post-harvest technologies and practices.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 115 youth trained on climate-resilient agriculture with practice done in the project Farmer Clubs (Sex-disaggregated) • 115 youth trained on livestock and breeding of short cycle animals with practice done in the project Farmer Clubs (Sex-disaggregated) • 115 youth trained on post-harvest practices and use of technologies (Sex-disaggregated) • 160 youth trained on agri-business (Sex-disaggregated) • 1 training center equipped • 1 school equipped
	Ac. 1.2.4. Conduct sensitization campaigns and address concrete barriers at community-level for CC literacy, adaptation options, and other resilience-building topics	Support in the sensitization campaigns on CC, ecosystems and the environment and specific techniques and technologies for adaptation, as well as activities to address specific barriers that hinder women from full and effective participation in adaptation activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 68 teachers trained in TOT for Adaptation to Climate Change (agriculture, health, nutrition, gender equality..) • 2,720 pax trained in functional literacy classes in the context of Adaptation to Climate Change (agriculture, health, nutrition, gender equality) • 34 communities sensitized on agri-environmental practices, technologies, water and soil quality monitoring system. • 150 extension workers from CSOs and local government trained in CRA, WSQM and adaptation towards soil and water salinization (Sex-disaggregated)
	Ac. 1.2.5. Develop curriculums and training modules to mainstream environmental education in the young adult education system	Support in the mainstreaming of environmental education in the existing education systems for young adults (post-secondary education) through introduction of a specific subject and modules on Environmental Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2,720 manuals on functional literacy materials in the context of Adaptation to Climate Change • 1000 women registered with identity cards

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Output 1.3. Improved availability and accessibility to knowledge on water and agriculture-related climate risks and adaptation options	Ac 1.3.1. Conduct Baseline Study and KAP Survey.	Baseline Study will cover all project activities, beneficiaries and stakeholders, and will serve to develop and detail the M&E system. KAP Survey will be undertaken to measure changes in KAP of project participants through a set of qualitative and quantitative methods. The main parameter for the resulting KAP Study will relate to changes in knowledge and awareness on CC and Adaptation methods.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 baseline study • 2 workshops on baseline validation • 2 KAP surveys
	Ac. 1.3.2. Elaborate a knowledge base with a collaborative e-platform for climate resilience and adaptation practices	Development of a collaborative database with a focus on gathering knowledge on CRA and CCA practices, including existing knowledge, as well as lessons learned through the project and other initiatives, with the aim to centralize information, and to inform and feed into future interventions in the country	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 informative documents with lessons learned and recommendations integrated in national monitoring systems • 1 e-platform developed • 1 website upgraded • 3 trainings on e-platform
	Ac. 1.3.3. Disseminate knowledge and information in local, national and regional workshops and forums	Development of a knowledge management and dissemination strategy during project inception phase, with the aim to provide improved quality of data and information on CRA and CCA in Guinea-Bissau, and with the aim to create a space for key stakeholders to learn, teach, discuss and share.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 knowledge management and dissemination strategy document • 9 sensitization workshops • 10 films produced on good practices • 20 radio/ podcasts programs on climate change and resilience
Output 2.1. Community-based water management is improved and adapted towards climate risks, including salt-water intrusion and extreme weather events	Ac. 2.1.1. Elaborate adaptation management plans (salinization of rice fields, on-site agriculture, water and coastal management)	Development of adaptation management plans at local level, including specific water- and farm management actions, serving for the concrete interventions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 adaptation plans • 34 validation workshops • 68 meeting with attendance lists • 34 action plans
	Ac. 2.1.2. Construct and rehabilitate water management infrastructures to prevent salt water intrusion in mangrove-rice paddies	Support in the revival and boosting of traditional approach with modern day techniques through construction of water management infrastructures such as belt-gated dikes, which are mini-dikes that serve for field protection and land wash (saline/rainwater balance), and field partialisation for water control and maximum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 34 progress reports on water management interventions • 102 rice paddies protected

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		use of the fields	
	Ac. 2.1.3. Establish water management systems to address water shortages for production and consumption during prolonged dry spells	Support in upscaling the use of rainwater retention systems and revitalize existing water points and/or establish new water points.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 34 established and revitalised water points • 34 workshop reports on WMCs • 34 rainwater retention systems in model fields • 20 rainwater retention systems in 20 CCCs
	Ac. 2.1.4. Promote micro-scale irrigation systems to maintain agricultural production	Support the promotion and installation of solar-powered drip irrigation systems which will be connected to the retention systems and water points, and directed to horticulture production in the 34 communities, covering a total of 2.25 ha and benefiting 8,500 farmers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 34 micro-irrigation systems implemented • 34 community rain and storm water retention systems implemented • 20 household rain and storm water retention systems implemented
Output 2.2. Mangrove ecosystems are better managed, as an ecosystem-based adaptation measure towards salt-water intrusion	Ac. 2.2.1. Implement erosion control and adaptation towards sea level rise and saline water intrusion through functional reforestation of mangroves	Support the establishment of nurseries for mangroves and coastal trees, recovery and protection of mangrove forests and functional tree planting including planting of trees in and around agriculture fields for nitrogen fixation, land fertilization, fodder for animals, shade, firewood, fruit, construction material, and improvement of health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 community nurseries for mangroves and coastal trees established and operational • 34 communities engaged in reforestation of mangroves • 34 communities trained in reforestation of mangroves • 150 manuals printed on procedures and good practices for the protection and recovery of mangroves • 2000 trees planted and surviving • 80% of project Mangrove areas restored / demarcated
	Ac. 2.2.2. Organize sensitization sessions and promote production and dissemination on firewood saving cookstoves	Support initiatives organized by CSOs and CBOs that target the production of cookstoves at a low cost, above developing a commercial model or value chain for cookstoves. The stoves promoted are both firewood and charcoal saving stoves being produced by women groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 manual on firewood saving stoves • 34 communities utilizing firewood saving stoves • 3,500 firewood saving stoves produced
Output 3.1. Increased and diversified climate-resilient food production of	Ac. 3.1.1. Establishment, organization and regular trainings in CRA practices on Model Plots	170 Model Plots will serve as farmers' field schools, where farmers will be able to test new practices and techniques in a guided	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8,500 farmers organised into FCs • 170 model plots established and equipped • 35 seedbanks established

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smallholder farmers.		environment where receive weekly training sessions, organized by the EE extension staff, and with support from the MoA extension workers	
	Ac. 3.1.2. Promote Sustainable Rice Intensification (SRI) and Climate-Resilient Rice Production (CRRP)	Assist the small-scale rice farmers to implement and scale-up SRI and CRRP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 34 training manuals with modules on SRI& CRRP developed • 102 trainings on SRI&CRRP • 34 FC accessing equipment and tools
	Ac. 3.1.3. Introduction and promotion of short cycle animal production	Support participant farmers to have alternative livelihoods and to reduce their dependence on crop production, which is sensitive to climate risks and impacts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 34 training manuals and dissemination package on short cycle animals • 10 sensitization campaigns • 680 farmers (20 HH/ community) provided with short cycle animals
Output 3.3. Increased income options in climate-resilient economic activities along agricultural value chains	Ac. 3.2.1. Support the establishment and mentoring of 40 micro-enterprises and women-led income generating activities (IGAs) along the value chain(s)	Support the establishment, operationalization and capacity building of 40 micro-enterprises/IGAs along climate-resilient agricultural value chains.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 launch of a call for proposals for small grants • 40 grants agreements
	Ac. 3.2.2. Establish and upgrade commercial associations for agricultural value chain development	Support the establishment and strengthening of two commercial associations – one in Oio Region, one in Cacheu Region. Within the scope of the associations, the project will establish and operationalize four Community Processing and Marketing Centres (CCPs) (two in each Region).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 commercial associations • 3 CCPs established • 2 processing centers reactivated • 4 business plans • 160 pax trained on business management • 40 micro enterprises registered

5. Monitoring, reporting and evaluation arrangements (max. 300 words)

The project's Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) arrangements will aim at providing a regular overview of the progress of implementation of activities in terms of input delivery, work schedules and planned and achieved output/targets. It will involve routine data collection and information gathering, analysis and reporting to partners and stakeholders. The evaluation component will represent a systemic and objective assessment of the project components or activities in terms of their design, implementation and results. The project evaluation will deal with strategic issues such as project relevance, effectiveness and efficiency, as well as impact and sustainability. Monitoring, evaluation and reporting will be conducted according to the AE's methodologies aligned to the project's logframe, timeline, deliverables defined for reporting including the core impact indicators, and other defined guidelines which will be included and updated during project implementation as per the baseline scenario.

The EE under the guidance of the AE, will be the ultimate responsible for M&E, including the organization of project evaluations inter alia. The AE will approve annual work plans with the procurement plan schedule as well as budget checking, and the monitoring of project progress. The AE together with the EE will also be in charge of identifying barriers and proposing corrective actions that will facilitate the delivery of project's results in time and support coordination and networking with other related initiatives and institutions

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within the country. During implementation, the EE will take care that areas and/or issues are addressed in a cost-effective manner. The EE will recruit an M&E Expert to have overall responsibility, and who will coordinate data collection with the national and local teams.

On the ground, the PMU will organize monthly meetings with the TST and Regional extension teams leaders, as well as when possible the NDA, among others on an agreed platform to monitor and evaluate progress of activities, and to plan the activities for the following month. The project coordinator will collect main monthly indicators on the activities and report them to the M&E Expert and the PMU. The M&E Expert, PMU representatives and key staff from the national headquarter of the EE will conduct semi-annual monitoring visits to project sites.

An over-arching and extensively elaborated M&E framework and plan will be established during the inception , which will include monitoring by the project partners of processes, outcomes and impact. The framework will be based on *section 3: Project/programme specific indicators (project outcomes and outputs)* above, and will collect and combine M&E data from the project partners. The M&E plan to be elaborated further during the inception phase will include detailed action plans for: (a) stoplight reporting, (b) quarterly progress reports, (c) a mid-term evaluation, and (d) a final impact evaluationNo.

Strong systems for financial accountability and audit will support the performance management component in assessing efficiency of the project. Financial reporting will be done according to contractual agreements and will include Monthly Interim Financial statements (MIFs), quarterly and annual reports, which are accompanied with financial reports. Annual audits will be carried out and reports shared with OSS and the GCF.