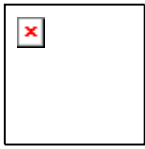


ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

**4th Street, Tubman Blvd, Sinkor
Monrovia, Liberia**



**Report on
GCF Project Proposal Scoping Mission
Monrovia, Liberia
February 9 – 12, 2020**



Background

The Green Climate Fund (GCF) is a multilateral fund created to make significant and ambitious contributions to global efforts towards attaining the goals set by the international community to combat climate change. GCF contributes to the achievement of the ultimate objective of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). In the context of sustainable development, GCF promotes paradigm shift towards low-emission and climate-resilient development pathways. This is achieved by providing support to developing countries to limit or reduce their greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and to adapt to the impacts of climate change. This also takes into account the needs of those developing countries particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change.

GCF is governed by a 24-members Board, 24 Alternate Members and 48 Advisers (one for each Board member and alternate member respectively), composed of an equal representation of developed and developing countries. The Fund is run by an independent Secretariat headed by an Executive Director. According to paragraphs 15 & 29 of the Rules of Procedure (RoP) of the Green Climate Fund, the Board meets quarterly each year. At least two of these meetings must be held in person at the Fund headquarters in Songdo, South Korea. Other meetings could be held outside of South Korea by Board decision. At each meeting, the Board takes decisions on funding proposals. To date, it is noted that many least developed countries including Liberia were not able to submit bankable concept notes and funding proposals, during the Initial Resource Mobilization (IRM) period of the GCF, due to low capacity.

In view of this, GCF Secretariat, at the request of Liberia, commissioned a technical field mission to Liberia to assist the Country to formulate bankable concept notes and funding proposals. The team comprised of members from the Department of Mitigation and Adaptation (DMA) and Department of Country Programming (DCP) and is expected to be in Liberia from February 9 - 12, 2020.

Rationale

In the last nine (9) months, the Green Climate Fund began and completed its first Replenishment Process. The process was triggered because the resources from the Initial Resource Mobilization (IRM) were already committed or spent on about 112 Projects/Programs submitted to the Fund over the last five years. At the 21st Session of the Board meeting held in Bahrain, the Board launched the First Replenishment of the Fund. The goal of the Replenishment was to raise money/resources to allow the Fund to support a new generation of funding proposals, Readiness support requests, NAPs Support and Project Preparatory Facility, including other aspects critical to the smooth operation of the GCF Secretariat. Four Consultative meetings were held during the Replenishment process: Meeting 1 was held in Bonn, Germany; Meeting 2 in Oslo, Norway; Meeting 3 in Ottawa, Canada; and the final meeting, the Pledging Conference was held in Paris, France. At the end of the process, the Green Climate Fund realized a total of \$9.77 billion in pledges. These resources will be available for projects/programs for the next four (4) years from 2020-2023.

Second, prior to the launching of the Replenishment process, the Board commissioned the Performance Review of the Green Climate Fund for the Initial Resource Mobilization period. The overarching goal was to highlight what works, what does not work and what need to be changed. The review also takes note of access rates and advances the need for acceleration. This is in line with the Fund's goal of promoting ease of access. Hence the GCF Secretariat works with countries especially those with capacity challenge to enhance their capacity to access the funds. One of such support is technical assistance through reviews and field missions.

Liberia lags behind in developing and submitting bankable funding proposal due to limited technical capacity. The technical GCF field mission also afforded the opportunity for Liberia to learn from the experts as the country was in the process of submitting SAP proposals. The mission was held from February 9 to 12 2020.

Objective

The readiness programming mission of the Green Climate Fund was held in Monrovia, Liberia between February 9-12, 2020. The general focus of the mission was to assist Liberia in developing bankable concept notes and funding proposals. The specific objectives of the mission included;

- Build consensus among key actors on project areas to focus GCF support
- Hold structured dialogue with Government, accredited and implementing entities on GCF support and access modalities;
- Clear current SAP funding proposals for submission to the GCF.

As part of the above objectives, the mission created the opportunity to share insights on the Climate Information Services SAP that is being developed.

The technical mission was organized into two main parts, a field visit to climate change vulnerable communities, and technical working sessions. The field visit sought to provide the team with a first-hand perspective of some of the many challenges confronting Liberia while the technical session focused on GCF programming support. See Agenda in Annex I.

Benefits of the Technical Mission

The Green Climate Fund mission offered Liberia the following opportunities:

- 1) A strengthened collaboration between the NDA and GCF Secretariat;
- 2) Increased prospects for project funding;
- 3) Improved local capacity in GCF country programming.

Target population

The Mission comprised a GCF team of four members (Messrs. Pa Ousman Jarju, German Velasquez, Eduardo Freitas and Dr. Joseph Intsiful). Over the period of the mission, a cross section of the population was targeted. The first day, being principally for field visit, local communities of West Point and Ducor were visited. For the technical working sessions on February 10 - 12, 2020, 38 persons including the GCF team, sector ministries and agencies, accredited entities and private sector were convened. Table 1 shows institutions and number of participants.

Table 1: Institutions and Number of Participants in Attendance

| No. | Institution/Organization | #participants |
|-----|---|---------------|
| 01 | Green Climate Fund- Technical Team | 4 |
| 02 | Sector Ministries and Agencies | |
| | Environmental Protection Agency | 9 |
| | Ministry of Finance and Development Planning | 2 |
| | Forestry Development Authority | 2 |
| | Ministry of Mines and Energy | 2 |
| | Ministry of Transport | 2 |
| | Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Protection | 2 |
| | Ministry of Agriculture | 2 |
| | National Disaster Management Agency | 2 |
| 03 | Accredited Entities | |
| | African Development Bank | 2 |
| | World Bank | 1 |
| | United Nations Development Programme | 3 |
| | Food and Agriculture Organization | 1 |
| | Conservation International | 1 |
| | International Fund for Agricultural Development | 1 |
| | Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) | 1 |
| 04 | Private Sector | |
| | Liberian Bank for Development and Investment | 1 |
| | | |
| | Total Number of Participants | 38 |

Further detail of names of participants in attendance during the technical sessions are in Annex II

Highlights of Activities

Day One (February 9, 2020)

Day one was characterized by a briefing and field visit. The day commenced with a briefing session with the NDA at the Boulevard Palace Hotel in Sinkor, Morovia. In attendance were the following:



1. Mr. Nathaniel T. Blamah (Executive Director of the EPA)
2. Mr. Jeremiah G. Sokan, Sr. (Coordinator of NCCS and GCF Board Member)
3. Mr. Pa Ousman Jarju
4. Mr. German Velasquez

5. Mr. Joseph Intsiful
6. Mr. Eduardo Freitas
7. Mr. Tinatua Calvin Kollie (Technical Support to NCCSC),

The GCF team expressed appreciation for the warm reception and enthusiasm of the mission. They outlined the importance of gaining first-hand understanding of the issues which is crucial in identifying the sort of support GCF can provide. The Team assured that the GCF Secretariat was prepared and willing to support Liberia in its engagement with the Fund. For the part of the NDA, the Executive Director thanked the team for coming. He highlighted some of the challenges the Country is confronted with and efforts being undertaken to address them (e.g. coastal erosion and the coastal resilience proposal, early warning and the climate information services SAP, among others). He affirmed the EPA commitment to working with the GCF Secretariat. Mr. Blamah assured the Team of an exciting experience during their stay in the Country.

Following the briefing, the Team along with Mr. Jeremiah G. Soka, Sr., Tinatua Calvin Kollie and Melvin Cassell visited the following sites.

- New Kru Town

In New Kru Town, the team visited the eroding beach at the threatened school infrastructure and quick-impact coastal defense intervention.

- West Point

In West Point, the team visited the beach and saw the level of damage and threat posed by sea erosion.

- Ducor Community

At Ducor – the highest elevation of Cape Montserrado, the team got a panoramic view of several communities including Hotel Africa, New Kru Town, Free Port of Monrovia and West Point that are being threatened by sea erosion.



Day Two (February 10, 2020)

The Day began with a high level meeting with the Minister of Finance and Development Planning (Hon. Samuel D. Tweah, Jr.). The Team briefed the Minister on the purpose of the mission and expectations. For his part, the Minister expressed the Government's appreciation for GCF's support and noted that the Country is keen on utilizing every opportunity that will transform the Country and bring about positive change for the ordinary Liberian.

The Workshop immediately followed the high level meeting. It was characterized by the following:

- Introduction/Background
- Overview of GCF Technical Mission
- Expected Outcomes
- Discussion

In attendance were the following institutions:

- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
- African Development Bank (AfDB)
- Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO)
- Conservation International (CI)
- Green Climate Fund (GCF)
- Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ)
- Liberian Bank for Development and Investment (LBDI)

Welcome Address by Jeremiah G. Sokan, Sr.

Mr. Sokan noted the following:

- This mission is taking place in the immediate conclusion of the GCF Informal Board Meeting which took place from 5-7 February 2020 at the Farmington Hotel in Liberia. The intended outcome of this workshop is to work towards the establishment of a national accredited entity; review of submitted GCF funding proposals in order to determine the and scope the potential transformational ideas. It is also meant to lay the ground work to revise the country program.

Presentation by Amb. Benjamin Karmorh on the Synopsis of the National Climate Change Policy and Response Strategy of Liberia, and State of NDC Implementation

Highlights of Mr. Karmorh's presentation are as follows:

- The work started with the NAPA process followed by the national communication UNECA.
- The vision of the Policy is to respond to climate change the national development priorities. It is rather ambitious in its goal to have climate change response strategies incorporated into the development plans and implementation. The rationale for the Policy is founded on the reports on the impact of climate change in the socio-economic development of the people of



Liberia.

- The EPA needs to work closely with all relevant government institutions, local communities, academic institutions and development partners to coordinate the work of climate change response.
- Key elements of the Policy: adaptation and mitigation in sectors such as agriculture and forestry.

State of Implementation of the Nationally Determined Contributions (NDC)

- In 2015, Liberia submitted its NDC through adaptation to climate change impacts and support to It includes one component on mitigation and one on adaptation. They are conditioned on the provision of the international resources. Liberia's contribution is to reduce the GHG emissions by 15% below a Business-As-Usual trajectory by 2030. Some examples of mitigation measures include: use of energy-saving stoves; restarting the national hydro-electric power capacity; and use of biofuel in transport. Amb. Karmorh highlighted the fact that there is no costing commitment as of yet
- The challenges are numerous. There is no national framework.

Following Mr. Karmorh's presentation, the following concerns and comments were advanced:

- The GCF Team wanted to know when will the Liberia NDC commitments be translated to projects for the GCF funding streams. They noted, for example, that there have been some GIZ-funded projects in Kenya on cooking stoves. The GCF has the resources to support projects such as these.
- Revising the country program a Needs Assessment needs to be carried out.
- How do we coordinate ourselves and have synergistic efforts as we engage GCF.
- CI wanted to know about coordination and reporting mechanisms and CBIT – projects on NDC implementation.
- Revising NDC will consider other sectors e.g. blue carbon and forestry that there will a significant change. We need to strengthen the level of coordination on the grounds.
- Mr. Moses Massah of UNDP mentioned the NDC Dialogue and shared that the national process identified gaps. He also mentioned that UNDP Climate Promise launched last year mobilized resources and is available to work with the EPA to address some of those gaps.
- UNDP to convene meeting in New York on NDC partnership on how to coordinate on the implementation to check on duplication of efforts.
- Liberia does have support from the NDC Partnership for the revision of the NDC.

Overview of GCF focusing on types of funding windows, requirements to access GCF, fund disbursed so far in the region and any other matters by GCF by Mr. Eduardo Freitas

The presentation highlighted the following:



- Engagement that Liberia has with GCF on how the GCF works.
- Readiness resources grants to the countries are provided to help build capacity and plan better. It also allows the GCF to build the capacities of the NDA national stakeholder mechanism, no objection
- Draft format of the project and requests

- Liberia has a window of up to USD 3 million to access
- There is a Readiness of USD 730,000 capacity for the NDP for training national expert and climate information systems

Inputs from the participants

- 3 projects in the pipeline: climate information systems being one of the.
- What are the 5 top projects that should be a prioritized within the next funding approval cycle? This will be keen and articulated in the country program document.
- Drought is not included in the INDC...what are the main climate-related hazards in Liberia?
- Mr. Dennis from LBDI express concern on accredited institutions. He was particularly concerned about how LBDI could work with AfDB and the World Bank.
- Critical Priority needs to be given to stakeholder consultations, awareness and public participation.
- Determined Enhancement Package NDC Dialogue
- National Disaster Management Agency exercise to
- Funding on the implementation of technologies
- The need to ensure synergy in all of the Country's efforts is important.
- On drought, there is opportunity for GCF to support a project on Climate Change and Desertification. GCF can support land degradation projects.
- Gender participation at every level of engagement is important. The GCF has a gender policy and there is a gender plan. There is a requirement to have targets specific for the gender. The National Gender Policy is key.
- As for the NDA, it was stressed that EPA should not be dominant. The NDA should be seen as a Team. In addressing endorsements and no-objections, there are guidelines, e.g. no objection procedure for proposals and issuance of no-objection letters, etc.

Presentation by UNDP Energy and Environment

Highlights of UNDP's presentation include the following:

- Monrovia Metropolitan Climate Resilience Project under the GCF. Liberia received a Project Preparatory Facility (PPF) grant for developing the proposal that allowed UNDP to conduct feasibility studies for the project. The project is being implemented in collaboration between It costs USD 29 million with the GoL co-financing USD 2.5 million while UNDP is contributing USD 1.5 million. The study covered 5 hotspots (Hotel Africa, West Africa, New Kru Town, US Embassy at BTC and BTC to Benard's Beach).
- Monrovia Metropolitan Climate Resilience Project was presented to the GCF.
- The project seeks to support the institutional capacity-building of the Integrated Coastal Zone Management Unit (which was established under the GEF project). It also entails conserving mangrove ecosystem.
- The presentation further pointed out that the Ministry of Mines and Energy Liberia Hydrological Service (LHS) is monitoring coastal erosion. There is also Partnership between GIZ and UNDP.

Comments

- GCF Response: Start with the statement of the problem and then through to understand how you will identify the problem, the theory of change and the log frame. For example Coastal defense is one component, integrated coastal zone management another. Are the interventions appropriate to the amount spent? What are the actual interventions? Have the options been explored? Implementation arrangement? Which entities? Will National Implementation Modality the Project Management Unit will be seated at the EPA? Also in terms of sustainability it is important to consider what happens after the project ends? What happens next? This is one part of the whole area Can you defend one part without defending the other? Beneficiaries are not clearly articulated in the proposal. The better the project is written, the better, the faster the process of review and approval.

Presentation by Dr. Joseph Intsiful on Impact-Based Forecasting and Forecast-Based Financing



Dr. Intsiful of GCF highlighted the following in his presentation:

- It is important to have useful and relevant climate information. We need to transition from climate information to actionable climate information. Climate information has no value until

it is used. An example is through disaster management when the potential impact of the disaster is reduced when there is proper communication to the affected communities through Early Warning Systems.

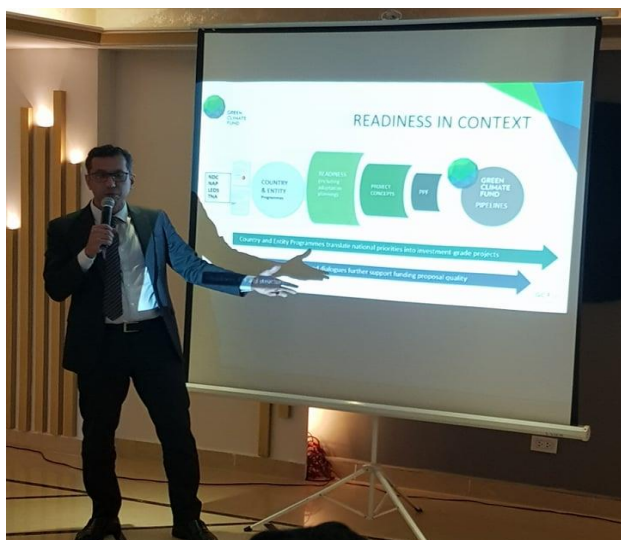
- An Impact-Based Forecasting System incorporates a multi-hazard EWS by observation, monitoring, analysis, forecasting and mapping data.
- State of the Global Climate 2017 reports that there has been increase in disasters and hazards. 2017 was also the most expensive year.
- Make sure the information is actionable in its dissemination and communication. Multi-stakeholder process and early action protocol are key.
- Disaster risk reduction is a focus for Liberia.

Day Three (February 11, 2020)

The technical session continued on day three (February 11, 2020) although it was a public holiday (Armed Forces Day). The day was mainly characterized by presentations and discussions on the GCF Readiness, Country Program as well as the SAP being considered.

The day began with a recap of the previous day's activities. Participants reflected on the previous day's engagement.

Presentation on GCF Readiness and Country Program by Mr. Eduardo Freitas



- Mr. Freitas in his presentation laid out the context of the Readiness process. The process is such that the Readiness supports development of country programs. Country and Entity Programs translate national priorities into investment – grade projects. Readiness, PPF and structured dialogues further support funding proposal quality.
- The presenter went on to provide insight into the components of the

Country Program Document. Recommended improvements to draft country program considers among other things country context; GCF project/program priorities; policy strategy, planning and institutional needs.

- The presentation was buttressed by members of the GCF Team. Mr. Pa Ousman Jarju laid emphasis on the Readiness specifically noting us the opportunity for Liberia to pilot a multi-year readiness of up to 3 million US dollars. He also mentioned that

the multi-year can help the Country bridge critical capacity gaps that could impede Liberia's access to large scale project funding.

Discussions

Following GCF Team's presentation, there was discussions on the climate information services project being developed with the AfDB serving as the Accredited Entity. The AFDB Team led by Dr. Timothy Afful-Koomson provided insight into the climate information services funding proposal. He emphasized that the project builds on previous efforts and considers lessons that help shape development of the CIS project. The CIS project under development is paradigm shifting and a scale-up that brings in new dynamism and value.

Day Four (February 12, 2020)

Day four was characterized by the following:

- Recap of previous two days
- Review of current Liberia Country Program
- Project idea to inform next country program
- Plenary discussion: the idea of an NIE
- Next steps: Road Map for Inclusive Consultation to Inform Country Program

The main purpose of the meeting is to plan for the revision for the Liberia Country Program (CP). We need to consider the number of relevant stakeholder consultations before we can have a comprehensive draft of the new CP?

The day began with a recap of the past few days. Participants reflected on the various activities. Highlights are as follows:

- The last few days' work related to the review of funding proposals that were submitted to the GCF i.e. through the accredited entities (UNDP, AfDB and IFAD). The MEA Coordinator at the EPA also presented the current policies driving climate change action in Liberia. The team also met to deliberate on the current Country Program and the guidelines of the readiness program. That presentation will be circulated. The first CP needs to be adjusted as it was prepared under the development agenda established under the Sirleaf administration. There is a new PAPD to which the new CP should be aligned. We need to send the new CP by September.

- One of the conditions for the multi-year readiness program funding: a finalized country program. In the alternative, Liberia can conduct a needs-assessment which would help in the application for the yearly readiness program funding. Notably, Liberia can apply for multiple readiness program grants and one has been approved already. The GCF team is ready and willing to support Liberia in preparing for the proposal documents. However, the earlier that Liberia submits the CP, the better, This is because August and September is a busy time at the GCF and there is a lot of work for readiness program approval.

Review of Liberia Country Program

Mr. Jeremiah G. Soka led the discussion in revision of the country program. Key points highlighted during the discussion were as follows:

- The Country Program highlights climate- affected sectors as set out in the NDCs. There is no need to reduce the number of pages but we need to include certain elements.
- The country portfolio in projects highlights the current climate-response projects in Liberia.
- CIS is in preparation for B26.
- As for IFAD's proposal, it did not apply for the PPF but rather used its resources
- Readiness support for Liberia reduced from 920,000 to 730,000.
- The Country Program is intended to give GCF an idea of the amount of financing required. In the case of the current country program, 4 projects of about USD 128 million were earmarked. Three out of the projects are ongoing. What new ideas need to be included?
- There are no projects on conservation. Liberia has in place some management plans for protected areas but have not been implemented due to budget constraints. Conservation efforts are crucial and form part of our mitigation component under the NDC. We need to look at a total of USD 60 million for Liberia . With the size of the Upper Guinea forest, the amount should actually be USD 100 million.



Project Ideas to Inform the Next Country Program

During this session, Accredited Entities presented ideas that could inform the next country program.

Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)



- FAO has been supporting the FDA in establishing a forest inventory;
- The FAO received a request from the EPA for support for Simplified; Approval Process (SAP) to fulfill the REDD+ implementation program;
- The REDD+ is aimed at targeting the small-scale drivers of forest cover loss in

Liberia. It is being supported through the Liberia Forest Sector Program that is scheduled to conclude in June 2020 (there is an extension request pending).

- Draft concept note is being prepared.

Questions arising from the Presentation:

- (a) What is the title of this project?
- (b) How far are we on preparing Liberia for the carbon market
- (c) Why are we not moving into transformational and ambitious ideas (with Liberia's potential?

- On the question of the carbon market, Liberia needs to decide how the carbon market will apply based on the NDC. The need to collaborate to ensure maximum benefit is key.

Commenting on gender perspective, the representative from the Minister of Gender, children and Social Protection emphasized the need to sufficiently focus on mainstreaming as Liberia has a Gender Policy and Plan. The GCF Team stressed that no GCF project gets approved without gender segregation.

Conservation International

- This presentation built on that of FAO.
- CI is involved in the work for a GEF-funded project in North-West Liberia.
- CI is looking to figure out the collaboration and coordination mechanism in the region and is also scaling up the activities for protection and conservation efforts.
- As per Land-Use plan, there is a 7.2 million to help with the coordination and so the next step is implementation;
- The Forest sector presents enormous opportunities for revenue generation. Trust fund for protected areas is being set up.

- Some key factors in sustainable term of the projects include,
 - Network of partners
 - GCF co-financing for an additional

UNDP

- NAPs project has been the best project in terms of implementation and has 4 key outputs. The fourth output on financing: the deliverables is one concept paper and one proposal for submission which started with the development of the terms of reference for the concept paper (on Climate Smart Agriculture) and the proposal (reduction of the GHG emissions). This is ongoing.



Plenary Discussion

- GCF is focused on the country-ownership of the projects. LBDI is one of the institutions that could be considered. One of the challenges for LBDI is liquidity. One of the questions is: can the LBDI receive funds to help in the application for the LBDI accredited?
- This is possible under the Readiness Program. It is possible to get a full-time consultant for this. There needs approval from the NDA. Recommend a match between the CP revision and LBDI accreditation exercises. The Readiness Funding is however limited to the same USD 1 million.
- There is a similar program in Congo Brazzaville.
- Discuss the possibility of including other institutions like the EPA or the MFDP

Next Steps: Road Map on CP Revision

- The number of meetings: There should at least three to Six.
- Align the Country Program with the NDC review
- Develop the TORs, and once recruited the consultant will set out a timeline for delivery.

Closing remarks

The Deputy Minister for Gender, Children and Social Protection gave the closing remarks. The Deputy Minister thanked the GCF Team and participants for the level of engagement and expressed optimism of the next steps.

Annex I: Agenda

| Time | Program | Partner participants | GCF participants |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| Sunday, 9 February 2020 | | | |
| 9:00 – 17:00 | Field Visits (New Kru Town, West Point, Ducor communities) | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, (Board Member) Mr. Calvin Kollié | Mr. Pa Ousman Jarju Mr. German Velasquez Mr. Joseph Intsiful Mr. Eduardo Freitas |
| Monday, 10 February 2020 | | | |
| Morning | High Level Meetings with EPA Liberia, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Mines and Energy, Ministry of Agriculture | Hon. Nathaniel T. Blama, Executive Director/CEO – EPA Liberia) Mr. Jeremiah Sokan (Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollié | Mr. Pa Ousman Jarju Mr. German Velasquez Mr. Joseph Intsiful Mr. Eduardo Freitas |
| 12- 1300 | Lunch | | |
| Afternoon | Liberia-GCF National Structured Dialogue Participants include Government Secretaries, relevant Government Officials, GCF Mission Team and GCF accredited entities (Implementing Entities) and prospective DAEs | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollié AFDB FP task manager (TBC) | |
| 13:00 – 13:30 | Presentation of Liberia’s National Policy and Response Strategy on Climate Change by EPA Discussion | Other relevant national stakeholders (TBC) | |
| 13:30 – 13:45 | Presentation of Liberia’s Nationally Determined Contributions by EPA Discussion | | |
| 13:45 – 14:15 | Overview of GCF focusing on types of funding windows, requirements to access GCF, fund disbursed so far in the region and any other matters by GCF Discussion | | |
| 14:15 – 14:45 | Brief on Republic of Liberia’s cooperation with GCF and its pipeline and potential funding proposals to be submitted to GCF, by EPA Discussion | | |
| 14:45 – 15:00 | Coffee/Tea break | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 15:00 – 15:30 | Way forward on Country programming by EPA Discussion | | |
| 15:30 – 15:45 | GCF guidance on Country Programming, by GCF Discussion | | |
| 5:45 – 17:30 | GCF Accredited Entities and prospective DAEs to make statements, if any, on their interest in partnering with Liberia to access GCF. [Alternatively, meeting with LBDI to raise awareness of Accreditation needs and discuss early thoughts on Entity's work programme] Discussion | | |
| Tuesday, 11 February 2020 | | | |
| 9:00 – 11:00 | Presentation of CIEWS Funding Proposal by AFDB, with EPA and GCF <i>Discussion</i> | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie AFDB FP task manager (TBC) | |
| 11:00 – 11:15 | Coffee/Tea break | | |
| 11:15 – 12:00 | Presentation of 2 nd priority CN, SAP FP or Funding Proposal in Liberia's pipeline | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie AE task manager (TBC) | |
| 12:00-13:00 | Lunch | | |
| Afternoon | Presentation of other CNs, SAP FPs or Funding Proposals in Liberia's pipeline [Alternatively: Field Visit - TBC by Liberia NDA] | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie AE task manager (TBC) | |
| Wednesday, 12 February 2020 | | | |
| 9:00 – 9:30 | Presentation of Readiness plans, by EPA | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie | |
| 9:30 – 10:30 | Discussion and agreement on Readiness action plan and timeline, with EPA and GCF. | | |
| 10:30 – 12:00 | GCF delegation prepares debriefing report | - | |
| 12:00 – 13:00 | Lunch | | |
| 13:00 – 14:00 | Mission debriefing for EPA | Mr. Jeremiah Sokan, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie | |
| 14:00 – 14:30 | Closing of mission | Hon. Nathaniel T. Blama, Executive Director/CEO – EPA Liberia (TBC) | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | | Mr. Jeremiah Soka, Board Member Mr. Calvin Kollie | |
| Evening (5pm onwards) | Departure from Liberia | | Mr. Joseph Intsiful Mr. Eduardo Freitas |