

Stakeholder Engagement Plan

Throughout the proposal development process regular consultations were held with the NDA, UNFCCC and UNCCD focal points, officials from the Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET), National Agency for Meteorology and Environmental Monitoring (NAMEM), Ministry of Finance (MOF), Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Light Industry (MoFALI), National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA), Administration for Land Affairs, Geodesy and Cartography (ALAGaC), National Development Agency, aimag level representatives and communities, as well as other development partners and their projects implemented in relevant field and same geographical target areas.

Through a series of stakeholder consultations and inputs received, three project outputs have been formulated and refined: 1) Integrate climate information into land and water use planning at the national and sub-national levels, 2) Scaling up climate-resilient water and soil management practices for enhanced small scale herder resources management, and 3) Build herder capacity to access markets for sustainably sourced, climate-resilient livestock products.

Successful implementation of GCF projects depends on buy-in across a wide range of government bodies, ethnic minorities and local communities, society, businesses and institutions. Engagement is not merely a matter of integrating the views of the different actors, men and women alike, who may be affected by the project, but also to craft partnerships, consensus and inclusive policies and processes that involve and benefit women and men alike. It is such actions that will make GCF projects transformational, achievable and long lasting.

Adopting a participatory approach to planning site-level interventions will help ensure that activities are context-sensitive, have community buy-in, and are sustainable over the long term. The communities that are being targetted are remote and often mobile, so the success of the various engagement activities will be closely monitored and amended as required to make sure that all stakeholders have an opportunity to participate and that none are marginalized.

Engagement activities will include: workshops, trainings, agency (government, NGO, CBO) meetings, user group formation and capacity building, community meetings, face-to-face meetings with herders and pasture users, media (radio, newspapers, television, newsletters, websites and social media). Remote communications (internet/telephones) will also be employed as appropriate.

The following Stakeholder Engagement Plan provides an indicative list of stakeholders for the outputs and activities for the lifetime of this project. The plan will be reviewed and updated on needs basis, during the project inception period, as well as throughout implementation.

Outputs	Activity	Stakeholders
Output 1: Integrate climate information into land and water use planning at the national and sub-national levels	1.1. Enhanced technical capacity for long-term climate resilient development planning, and medium-term response planning capacity	Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET) National Agency for Meteorology and Environmental Monitoring (NAMEM) Ministry of Food and Agriculture (MOFA) National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA)
	1.2. Integration of climate change and climate-informed carrying capacity into aimag	Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET)

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	and soum level development plan (incl. Integrated River Basin Management Plans (IRBMP))	<p>National Agency for Meteorology and Environmental Monitoring (NAMEM)</p> <p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>National Development Agency (NDA)</p> <p>National Emergency Management Agency</p> <p>State Emergency Commission</p> <p>Provincial Government authorities</p> <p>Development partners and their projects</p>
	1.3. Analytical products to support policy and regulatory transformation promoting sustainable land and water management and resilient herder livelihoods	<p>Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET)</p> <p>National Agency for Meteorology and Environmental Monitoring (NAMEM)</p> <p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>National Emergency Management Agency</p> <p>State Emergency Commission</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Development partners and their projects</p> <p>Herder communities and NGOs/CSOs</p>
Output 2: Scaling up climate-resilient water and soil management practices for enhanced small scale herder resources management	2.1. Enhance cooperation among herders on sustainable use and stewardship of shared land and water resources, formalized through Resource User Agreements	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET)</p> <p>Administration for Land Affairs, Geodesy and cartography (ALAGaC)</p> <p>River Basin Administrations</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Herder communities and User Groups</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>
	2.2. Reforestation of critical catchment areas to protect	<p>Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET)</p> <p>Forest Research and Development Center</p>

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	water resources and ecosystem services	<p>Administration for Land Affairs, Geodesy and cartography (ALAGaC)</p> <p>River Basin Administrations</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities, including Forest Units</p> <p>Private sector – Professional Forest Entities</p> <p>Local communities and Forest User Groups</p> <p>ADB's ASDIP and development partner projects, including those by SDC</p>
	2.3. Establish haymaking and pasture reserve areas, and emergency fodder storage facilities to reduce volatility to livelihoods related to climate change induced extreme events	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture and local level departments</p> <p>Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET) and local level departments</p> <p>National Emergency Management Agency</p> <p>Provincial Government authorities</p> <p>Local communities and Pasture User Groups</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>
	2.4. Improve water access through protection of natural springs, construction of new water wells, rehabilitation of existing wells and water harvesting measures	<p>Ministry of Environment and Tourism (MET)</p> <p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Private sector – Hydraulic engineering companies</p> <p>Local communities and Resource User Groups</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>
Output 3: Build herder capacity to access markets for sustainably sourced, climate-resilient livestock products	3.1. Identify public-private-community partnerships for sustainably sourced, climate resilient livestock products	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Ministry of Finance and SME Fund</p>

Outputs	Activity	Stakeholders
		<p>Private sector – Commercial Banks, Cashmere platform, Wool and cashmere association, Meat producer's association etc.</p> <p>Herder Producer organizations and Cooperatives and local SMEs</p> <p>Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</p> <p>Soum level Veterinary and animal breeding centers</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>
	3.2. The establishment and training of Herder Producer Organizations (or cooperatives)	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Ministry of Labor and Social Protection</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Ministry of Finance and SME Fund</p> <p>Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</p> <p>ADB and ASDIP and other development partner projects</p> <p>Private sector – Commercial Banks, Cashmere platform, Wool and cashmere association, Meat producer's association etc.</p> <p>Herders, herder communities</p> <p>Herder Producer Organizations and Cooperatives</p>
	3.3. Improve traceability for sustainably sourced, climate-resilient livestock products	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Private sector - Cashmere platform, Wool and cashmere association, Meat producer's association etc.</p> <p>Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Herder Producer Organizations and Cooperatives</p> <p>Soum level Veterinary and animal breeding centers</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>

Outputs	Activity	Stakeholders
	3.4. Generation and dissemination of knowledge products to support private-sector engagement and herder enfranchisement in climate-resilient and sustainable production in Mongolia	<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture</p> <p>Ministry of Labor and Social Protection</p> <p>Provincial (Aimag) and District (Soum) Government authorities</p> <p>Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</p> <p>Private sector - Cashmere platform, Wool and cashmere association, Meat producer's association</p> <p>Herder Producer Organizations and Cooperatives</p> <p>ABD's ASDIP and other development partner projects</p>