

Green Climate Fund Audited Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Prepared Under International Financial Reporting Standards





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of the Green Climate Fund

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Green Climate Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in funds and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Board and Secretariat("management") are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going



concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations.

The Ethics and Audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



2913, Nambusunwhan-ro, Seoul, 06280, Korea

May 16, 2019

This report is effective as of May 16, 2019, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that there is a possibility that the above audit report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| As of December 31, 2018 and 2017 | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| (In '000 USD) Note 2018 20 | | | | | |
| (| Note | 2018 | 2017 | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5, 6 | 3,837,758 | 3,380,395 | | |
| Contributions receivable | 6,7 | 307,737 | 674,834 | | |
| Prepayments | - | 1,024 | 555 | | |
| Other receivables | - | 96 | 19 | | |
| Total current assets | | 4,146,615 | 4,055,803 | | |
| Contributions receivable | 6,7 | 2,174,190 | 1,375,652 | | |
| Investment in equity | 6,8 | 8,146 | 8,146 | | |
| Loans Receivable | 6,8 | 259,206 | 85,300 | | |
| Property and equipment, net | 9 | 1,607 | 1,467 | | |
| Total non-current assets | | 2,443,149 | 1,470,565 | | |
| | | _,, | .,, | | |
| Total assets | | 6,589,764 | 5,526,368 | | |
| Funds and Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 6 | 2,723 | 1,056 | | |
| Accrued expenses | 6 | 5,111 | 5,225 | | |
| Total current liabilities | | 7,834 | 6,281 | | |
| | 40 | 004.040 | 000.000 | | |
| Long-term borrowings | 10 | 281,216 | 293,382 | | |
| Present value discount | 10 | 45,166 | 48,248 | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 326,382 | 341,630 | | |
| Total liabilities | | 334,216 | 347,911 | | |
| Temporarily restricted funds | 11 | 3,075,929 | 2,631,600 | | |
| Unrestricted funds | | 3,179,619 | 2,546,857 | | |
| Total Funds | | 6,255,548 | 5,178,457 | | |
| Total liabilities and funds | | 6,589,764 | 5,526,368 | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

| (In '000 USD) | Note | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|
| Income | | | |
| Income from contributors | 12 | 1,222,926 | 1,864,311 |
| Investment & other income | 13 | 74,913 | 36,240 |
| | | | |
| Total income | | 1,297,839 | 1,900,551 |
| | | · · · | |
| Expenditure | | | |
| Administrative expenses | 14 | 56,983 | 41,629 |
| Programme | 15 | 163,765 | 74,154 |
| Total expenditure | | 220,748 | 115,783 |
| | | | |
| Increase in fund for the year | | 1,077,091 | 1,784,768 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (loss) | | | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 1,077,091 | 1,784,768 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

| / 1 | 1000 | |
|------------|------|------|
| (In | .000 | USD) |

| | Temporarily restricted funds | Unrestricted funds | Total |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| As at 1 January 2017 | 1,843,633 | 1,550,056 | 3,393,689 |
| Fund released from restriction | (366,462) | 366,462 | - |
| Comprehensive income | 1,154,429 | 630,339 | 1,784,768 |
| As at 31 December 2017 | 2,631,600 | 2,546,857 | 5,178,457 |
| | | | |
| As at 1 January 2018 | 2,631,600 | 2,546,857 | 5,178,457 |
| Fund released from restriction | (409,358) | 409,358 | - |
| Comprehensive income | 853,687 | 223,404 | 1,077,091 |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 3,075,929 | 3,179,619 | 6,255,548 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Cash receipts from contributors | 791,765 | 1,373,924 |
| Investment Income | 73,690 | 35,539 |
| Loan Interest and Other income | 1,223 | 700 |
| Cash paid to suppliers & personnel | (58,650) | (42,223) |
| Program Payments | (163,765) | (74,154) |
| Realised foreign currency gain/(loss) | (12,575) | 9,851 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 631,688 | 1,303,637 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | (804) | (1,079) |
| Investment in equity | - | (2,652) |
| Loans to Accredited Entities | (173,521) | (85,300) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (174,325) | (89,031) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Loan from contributors | - | 341,630 |
| Net cash from financing activities | - | 341,630 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 457,363 | 1,556,236 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | 3,380,395 | 1,824,159 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 3,837,758 | 3,380,395 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



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For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Green Climate Fund (Fund) has been established by 196 Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). The Fund was established by a decision of the Conference of the Parties (COP) to the UNFCCC on 11 Dec 2011. Its headquarter is based in Songdo, the Republic of Korea and the principal place of business is G-Tower 175, Art Center-daero Yeonsu-gu, Incheon 22004. The Fund seeks to contribute to the achievement of the ultimate objective of the Convention. In the context of sustainable development, the Fund promotes the paradigm shift towards low-emission and climate-resilient development pathways by providing support to developing countries to limit or reduce their greenhouse gas emissions and to adapt to the impacts of climate change, taking into account the needs of those developing countries particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change. The Fund is guided by the principles and provisions of the Convention.

The Fund plays a key role in channeling new and predictable financial resources to developing countries. GCF seeks to catalyze climate finance – both public and private, and at the national, regional and international levels. The Fund is intended to operate at a larger scale than other comparable funds to promote the paradigm shift towards low-emission and climate-resilient development pathways.

GCF was designated as an operating entity of the UNFCCC's financial mechanism, which it is ultimately accountable to. The COP provides guidance to the Board, including on matters related to policies, programme priorities and eligibility criteria. The Board takes appropriate actions in response to this guidance and reports to the COP annually.

The Fund is governed and supervised by a Board that has full responsibility for funding decisions and that receives the guidance of the COP. The Board oversees the operation of all relevant components of the Fund, approving specific operational policies and guidelines, and approving funding for projects and programmes. The Board is composed of 24 members, and 24 alternate members with equal representation from developing and developed country Parties. In accordance with the Fund's Governing Instrument, the World Bank provides trustee services to the Fund.

The financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2018 were authorized for issue by the fund's board on 06 July 2019.



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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These accounting policies have been applied by the Fund consistently to all periods presented.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Where the IFRS are silent or do not give guidance on how to treat transactions specific to the non-profit sector, accounting policies have been based on the general IFRS principles and other relevant accounting standards, as detailed in the IASB Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investments (other than associates or joint ventures) and certain financial assets and liabilities which are recorded at fair value

FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The accompanying financial statements are presented in United States Dollars ("USD"), the Fund's functional currency. All financial information has been rounded off to the nearest thousands unless otherwise indicated.

USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.



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3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED IFRS

NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ADOPTED DURING 2018

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

During 2018 the following new standards and amendments became applicable for the first time. The potential impact on the Fund is outlined below:

| Standard | Effective Application Date | Expected Impact | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments, issued in July 2014 | 1 January 2018 | The Fund has applied IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing January 1, 2018. In accordance with the transitional provisions in IFRS 9, comparative figures have not been restated. | |
| IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers, issued in May 2014 | 1 January 2018 | No impact on the Fund's financial performance and financial position given the fund's sources of revenue | |
| Amendments to IFRS 2 – Share-based payments, issued June 2016 | 1 January 2018 | No impact. The Fund did not enter into any Share- based payment transactions in the period under review | |
| Amendments to IFRS 1 – First-time Adoption of IFRS, issued December 2016 | 1 January 2018 | No Impact. The Fund has been using IFRS since inception | |
| Amendments to IAS 28 – Investment in Associates, Issued December 2016 | 1 January 2018 | No impact on the reporting period. The Fund did not hold any rights or power to participate in financial and operating decisions of any investee | |
| Amendments to IAS 40 – Investment Property, issued December 2016 | 1 January 2018 | No impact. The Fund did not hold any property to earn rentals or for capital appreciation in the reporting period. | |
| IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance consideration issued in December 2016 | 1 January 2018 | No significant impact. There were no material transactions involving advance payments in foreign currencies | |



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STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2018, and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements. The Fund plans to adopt these pronouncements when they become effective. Only those new or amended standards that may have an impact on the Fund reporting are listed below, with their potential effect on the financial statements:

| Standard | Effective Application Date | Expected Impact |
|---|----------------------------------|---|
| IFRS 16 - Leases, issued in January 2016 | 1 January 2019 | In its state of operations, the Fund does not expect any impact since it has no contracts under lease. However, if it enters into lease contracts in the future, it may be required to recognize obligations under the leases |
| Amendments to IAS 28, Investment in Associates | 1 January 2019 | In its state of operations, the Fund does not expect any impact since it does not hold any rights or power to participate in the financial and operating decision of any investee. However, if it holds such rights in later periods, it may be impacted if it chooses to apply IFRS 9 to long-term interests in an associate or joint venture |

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

B. RECEIVABLES

All receivable balances are valued at their net realizable value, that is, the gross amount of receivable minus, if applicable, allowances provided for doubtful debts. Any receivable or portion of receivable judged to be uncollectable is written off. Write-offs of receivables are done via allowances for doubtful accounts after all efforts to collect have been exhausted.



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C. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are initially measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition asset, property and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and all other incidental costs in bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are recognized in the carrying amount of property and equipment at cost or, if appropriate, as separate items if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Fund and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day operation are recognized as expenses.

Property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property and equipment. The estimated useful lives for the current period are as follows:

| Plant and equipment | Useful life |
|--|-------------|
| Computer equipment, Software and IT infrastructure | 3 years |
| Leasehold Improvements | 10 Years |
| Office Equipment and Furniture | 3 Years |
| Motor Vehicles | 5 Years |

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

Depreciation is made in the year the asset is placed in operation and continued until the asset is fully depreciated or its use is discontinued.

D. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSLATIONS

Foreign currency-denominated transactions are translated to US Dollars for reporting purposes at rates which approximate the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Exchange differences arising from the: (a) settlement of foreign currency-denominated monetary items at rates which are different from which they were originally booked, and (b) translation of balances of foreign currency-denominated monetary items as at reporting date, are credited or charged to operations during the year.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.



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E. ACCOUNTING FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

E1.1 Revenue recognition

Contributions, including unconditional promise for the use of the contributions, are recognized as revenue at the earlier of when there is reasonable assurance that the contributions will be received or such contributions are received.

Contributions, including conditional promise to support specified projects or activities mutually agreed upon by the Fund and the contributor, are fully recognized as revenue at the earlier of when there is reasonable assurance that the contributions will be received or such contributions are received unless there is doubt that the Fund will not be able to use the contributions for their intended purposes, in which case the revenue is recognized only to the extent of the expenditures incurred during the year.

E1.2 Contributions receivable

The Fund recognizes contributions receivable where there is reasonable assurance that the contributions will be received but the cash has not been received. Contributions receivable are stated at their cost net of a provision for uncollectible contributions.

Promissory notes receivable are measured initially at fair value by discounting the future cash flows with the appropriate discount rates, which reflects the duration and the credit risk of the issuer and presented at amortized cost using the effective rate method at each reporting date. The Fund assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the promissory notes are impaired. If any such evidence exists, the Fund determines the amount of any impairment loss.

E1.3 Deferred contribution revenue

The Fund recognizes deferred contribution revenue where there is a doubt that the Fund will be able to use the contributions for intended purposes and any unused portion of the contribution received will need to be refunded to the contributor. The revenue recognition for such contributions is deferred to future periods in order to match the underlying related expenses. The revenue is realized in the statement of comprehensive income on a systematic basis in the period during which the underlying related expenses are incurred.

F. ACCOUNTING FOR INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY

F1.1 Investment in associates

Investments in associates are initially recognized at acquisition cost using the equity method. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Fund and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Fund's interest in the associates. If there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired, the Fund recognizes the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its book value as impairment loss.



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Associates are all entities over which the Fund has significant influence (that is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee) but is not in control or joint control of those policies. If the Fund holds, directly or indirectly (e.g. through subsidiaries), 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee, it is presumed that the Fund has significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case e.g. by evidence that all or almost all the following conditions are absent or do not apply:

- (a) Representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investee;
- (b) Participation in the investee's policy-making processes, including participation in decisions about dividends and other distributions;
- (c) Material transactions between the Fund and the investee;
- (d) Interchange of managerial personnel between the Fund and the investee;
- (e) Provision of essential technical information between the Fund and the investee.

F1.2 Investment in joint ventures

A joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control is classified as either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operator has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint operation and recognizes the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation. A joint venturer has rights to the net assets relating to the joint venture and accounts for that investment using the equity method.

F1.3 Investment not subject to associates or joint ventures

Any investment in equity that is not subject to associates or joint ventures is accounted for at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with *"IFRS 9 Financial Instruments"*.

G. ACCOUNTING FOR GRANTS

The accounting for grants uses the principles of IAS 37: Provisions, liabilities and contingent liabilities, together with the "general framework" document to determine when the grants should be recognized as contingent liabilities, grant payables and subsequently recorded in the statement of comprehensive income.

G1.1 Contingent Liability

The first point of recognition for grants is at the point of Board approval, where the maximum liability of the grant becomes clear and is agreed with the Accredited Entity. The accounting treatment at this point is to recognize the grant as a contingent liability due to the uncertainty over the amount of the grant and the substantive ability of the Fund to decommit funds if conditions are not met or funding is not available. Accordingly, the point of Board approval is not considered to be a constructive obligation as defined under IAS 37.

Following the Board approval, the grants are governed by a written grant agreement that includes substantive conditions based on performance. There is no constructive obligation for the full value of the grant at the signing date of the grant agreement. Accordingly, an obligation only arises once all criteria have been addressed or otherwise resolved.



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G1.2 Recognition of Grants payable and expenditure

The recognition of grants payable is determined to be the point at which the conditions are met and the disbursement request is made by the accredited entity. At this point, the Fund has a constructive obligation to the accredited entity and the valid amount requested for disbursement is therefore recognized as a grant payable and recorded as expenditure within the statement of comprehensive income.

G1.3 Recoverable from Grants

During the implementation period, a part of the funds disbursed for grants may be determined as recoverable from the accredited entity based on the audits and investigations conducted. Grants recoverable are recognized at fair value upon notification to the accredited entity and are subject to the same policy of valuation, risk assessment and asset impairment as contributions recoverable from the contributor.

H. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the underlying instruments.

H1.1 Financial assets

H1.1.1 Classification

From January 1, 2018, the Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- a) Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss)
- b) Those to be measured at amortized cost

The classification depends on the Fund's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For financial assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. The Fund reclassifies debt investments only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, the classification will depend on whether the Fund has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of the investments in equity instruments that are not accounted for as other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss.

H1.1.2 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or the issuance of the financial liabilities. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.



H1.1.2.1 Debt Instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Fund's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. the Fund classifies its debt instruments into one of the following three measurement categories:

a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'Financial income' using the effective interest rate method.

b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'Financial income' using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in 'Financial income and expenses' and impairment losses are presented in 'Other non-operating expenses.

c) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and presented in the statement of profit or loss within 'Other non-operating income and expenses' in the year in which it arises.

H1.1.2.2 Equity Instruments

The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Fund's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to retained earnings. Dividend income from such investments continues to be recognized in profit or loss as 'Other non-operating income' when the right to receive payments is established. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in 'Other non-operating income and expenses' in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.



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H1.1.3 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, the Fund applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from the initial recognition of the receivables.

H1.1.4 Recognition and Derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on trade-date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. If a transfer does not result in derecognizion because the Fund has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Fund continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a financial liability for the consideration received. The Fund classified the financial liability as "borrowings" in the statement of financial position.

H1.1.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Fund or the counterparty.

H1.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial instruments held for trading. Financial liabilities are classified in this category if incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing them in the near term. Derivatives that are not designated as hedges or bifurcated from financial instruments containing embedded derivatives are also categorized as held-for-trading.

The Fund classifies non-derivative financial liabilities, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial guarantee contracts and financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of financial assets does not qualify for derecognition, as financial liabilities carried at amortized cost and presented as 'accounts payable', 'borrowings', and 'other financial liabilities' in the statement of financial position.

I. FINANCE INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.



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J. TAXATION

Under the agreement between the Republic of Korea and the Green Climate Fund (GCF) concerning the Headquarters of the Green Climate Fund, signed on 10 June 2013, the GCF is exempt from all direct taxes, except those which are, in fact no more than charges for public utility services; and exempt from all indirect taxes, including any value-added and or/similar taxes and excise duties levied on important purchase of goods and services for official purposes.

K. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund is and will continue to be exposed to various kinds of risk (compliance risk, reputational risk, legal risk, IT risk, credit risk, market risk, currency risk, liquidity risk, operational risk). The Fund has its Risk Management and Investment framework. The Board adopted a risk appetite methodology and risk registers to manage its exposure to various risk categories. The Fund will continue establishing risk policies and guidelines to further improve risk management tools in financial and non-financial risk management. Funds held in trust by the Trustee are invested in accordance with the World Bank's policies and procedures for the investment of trust funds administered by the World Bank.

L. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Funds financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements when material. Post yearend events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.



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5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Balance held in the GCF Trust Fund (at the World Bank) | 3,822,378 | 3,375,013 |
| Balances held in Commercial Banks | 15,380 | 5,381 |
| Cash on Hand | - | 1 |
| Total | 3,837,758 | 3,380,395 |

The World Bank is serving as the Trustee of the Fund. The Trustee administers contributions received in the Trust Fund in accordance with the Amended and Restated Agreement on the Terms and Conditions for the Administration of the Green Climate Fund Trust Fund (including all Annexes and Attachments attached thereto, which constitute an integral part thereof), dated April 22, 2015 between the Fund and the Trustee (the "GCF Trust Fund Agreement"). The Fund signed a revised agreement with the World Bank on 12th April 2019. Under the revised agreement, the World Bank shall continue to provide trustee services for the next four years.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| | | 2018 | | | 2017 | |
|---------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Foreign currency | Foreign currency amount (in '000) | Ending exchange rate | Translation into '000 USD | Foreign currency amount (in '000) | Ending exchange rate | Translation into '000 USD |
| EUR | 230,100 | 0.8732 | 263,514 | - | - | - |
| KRW | 356,783 | 0.0009* | 324 | 694,355 | 0.0009* | 644 |

* The exchange rate has been rounded off to 4 decimals for presentation purposes



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6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES

(a) Categories of financial assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

| (i) December 31, 2018 | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--------------|
| (In '000 USD) | Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Financial assets measured at FVTOCI | Financial assets measured at FVTPL | Total Amount |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,837,758 | - | - | 3,837,758 |
| Contributions receivable | 2,481,927 | - | - | 2,481,927 |
| Loans Receivable | 259,206 | - | - | 259,206 |
| Investments in equity | - | 8,146 | - | 8,146 |
| Total | 6,578,891 | 8,146 | - | 6,587,037 |
| (ii) December 31, 2017 | | | | |
| (In '000 USD) | Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Financial assets measured at FVTOCI | Financial assets measured at FVTPL | Total Amount |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,380,395 | - | - | 3,380,395 |
| Contributions receivable | 2,050,486 | - | - | 2,050,486 |
| Loans Receivable | 85,300 | - | - | 85,300 |
| Investments in equity | - | 8,146 | - | 8,146 |
| Total | 5,516,181 | 8,146 | - | 5,524,327 |

(b) Categories of financial liabilities as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

| (i) December 31, 2018 | | | |
|------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| (In '000 USD) | Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Financial assets measured at FVTPL | Total Amount |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | 2,723 | - | 2,723 |
| Accruals | 5,111 | - | 5,111 |
| Long-term borrowings | 281,216 | - | 281,216 |
| Total | 289,050 | | 289,050 |
| (ii) December 31, 2017 | | | |
| (In '000 USD) | Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Financial assets measured at FVTPL | Total Amount |
| Accounts payable | 1,056 | - | 1,056 |
| Accruals | 5,225 | - | 5,225 |
| Long-term borrowings | 293,382 | - | 293,382 |
| Total | 299,663 | - | 299,663 |



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(c) Detail of net gains (or losses) on each category of financial instruments by category for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

| I | | 2018 | | 2017 | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| [| Loans and receivables | Other assets | Financial liabilities | Loans and receivables | Other Assets | Financial liabilities |
| (In '000 USD) | | | | | | |
| Bank and trust fund income | - | 73,824 | - | - | 35,539 | |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss) | (99,599) | - | - | 133,377 | - | |
| Present value amortization on promissory note | - | - | - | 2,512 | - | |
| Total | (99,599) | 73,824 | - | 135,889 | 35,539 | |



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7. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

In accordance with signed arrangements/ agreements, a number of contributors have deposited promissory notes. The World Bank, as the Trustee of the Fund, is holding these promissory notes on behalf of the fund. These are non-interest-bearing and payable at par value. Promissory notes encashable within one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets-receivables. Promissory notes encashable after more than one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as non-current assets- receivables.

The promissory notes receivables are measured initially at fair value by discounting the future cash flows with the appropriate discount rates, which reflects the duration and the credit risk of the issuer and presented at amortized cost using the effective rate method at each reporting date. The Fund assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the promissory notes will not be received. If any such evidence exists, the Fund determines the amount of any bad debts to be written off. Promissory notes denominated in Euro, Japanese Yen, Swedish Krona and Pound Sterling were revalued to United States Dollars (USD) at the end of reporting period at the prevailing exchange rates.

As at December 31, 2018, encashment schedule and details of present value on promissory notes are as follows:

| Encashment | Amount (In '000 USD) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| In 2019 | 307,737 |
| In 2020 | 411,926 |
| In 2021 | 113,334 |
| In 2022 | 1,037,964 |
| In 2023 | 632,538 |
| Nominal value of promissory notes | 2,503,499 |
| Unamortized present value discount | (21,572) |
| Present value of promissory notes | 2,481,927 |



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Contributions receivable denominated in foreign currencies as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| | 2018 | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Foreign currency | Foreign currency amount (in '000) | Ending exchange rate* | Translation into '000 USD | Foreign currency amount (in '000) | Ending exchange rate* | Translation into '000 USD |
| EUR | 480,910 | 0.8732 | 550,738 | 379,710 | 0.8340 | 455,158 |
| JPY | 82,713,388 | 109.95 | 752,316 | 63,151,749 | 112.52 | 561,274 |
| GBP | 720,000 | 0.7813 | 919,368 | 520,017 | 0.7400 | 699,966 |
| SEK | 2,140,000 | 8.95 | 239,077 | 2,740,000 | 8.2014 | 334,088 |
| | | | 2,461,499 | | | 2,050,486 |

* The exchange rates have been rounded off to a maximum of 4 decimal places for presentation purposes

Promissory notes amounting to USD 42 million were held in USD hence not included above

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE

A. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

i) Financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive (FVTOCI) as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--------------------|-------|-------|
| (In '000 USD) | | |
| Equity Instruments | 8,146 | 8,146 |

Details of equity instruments as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| | December 31, 2018 | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| (In '000 USD) | No. of Shares owned | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Acquisition cost | Carrying Amount (Fair Value) | |
| KawiSafi Ventures | 20,000 | 47.45 | 8,146 | 8,146 | |
| | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
| (In '000 USD) | No. of Shares owned | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Acquisition cost | Carrying Amount (Fair Value) | |
| KawiSafi Ventures | 20,000 | 47.45 | 8,146 | 8,146 | |

Investments in equity relate to the acquisition of equity in "KawiSafi" Ventures Limited in accordance with GCF Board approval under decision B.11/11. The investment in equity in KawiSafi is accounted for in accordance with "*IFRS 9 Financial Instruments*" as the Fund does not have significant influence over the invested entity's financial or operating decisions. The acquisition cost is considered a reasonable estimate for the fair value of the investment. The carrying amount as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as below:



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ii) Changes in the value of financial assets at FVTOCI for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| _(In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| Balance at January 1 | 8,146 | 8,146 |
| Acquisition | - | - |
| Disposal | - | - |
| Fair value gain (loss) | - | - |
| Others | - | - |
| Balance as at December 31 | 8,146 | 8,146 |

iii) Changes in gain (loss) on the valuation of financial asset at FVTOCI for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Balance at January 1 | 8,146 | 8,146 |
| Fair value gain (loss) | - | - |
| Reclassification to retained earnings | - | - |
| Balance as at December 31 | 8,146 | 8,146 |

B. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable relate to loans that have been disbursed to accredited entities for the implementation of activities as per the different funding proposals presented to and approved by the GCF board. The loans are valued at amortized cost as required by *"IFRS 9 Financial Instruments"* since they are held solely for the collection of principal and interest. Details of the loans are as below:

| | 2018 | | 2018 2017 | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| (In '000 USD) | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current |
| Gross Carrying Amount | - | 259,206 | - | 85,300 |
| Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Allowance* | - | - | - | - |
| Net Carrying Amount | - | 259,206 | - | 85,300 |

*All interest payable on the loan as at 31, December 2018 has been paid by the loanees.



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The interest rates, maturity dates for the loans are as below:

| Accredited Entity | Funding Proposal No. | Loan Currency | Loan amount (In '000 USD) | Maturity Date | Interest Rate |
|--|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)* | 025 | EURO | 78,354 | August 2033 | Variable |
| European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)** | 047 | EURO | 86,902 | June 2041 | Variable |
| European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)*** | 039 | USD | 65,800 | September 2040 | Variable |
| XacBank | 046 | USD | 8,650 | November 2029 | 2.47% |
| XacBank | 028 | USD | 19,500 | June 2022 | LIBOR+ 0.5% |
| Total | | | 259,206 | | |

* The interest rate will vary depending on different factors as outlined in the Funded Activity Agreement (FAA)

** The pricing of the GCF Tranche will be based on the pricing of the EBRD Tranche to the Sub-projects. The interest rate floor is 1.5% for wind projects and 2% for solar projects

*** The pricing of the GCF Tranche will be based on the pricing of the EBRD Tranche to the Sub-projects. The interest rate floor is 1.8% for amounts loaned out for wind projects and 2% for amounts loaned out for solar projects.



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9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Details of property and equipment as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

| (i) December 31, 2018 | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| (In '000 USD) | Acquisition cost | Accumulated depreciation | Carrying amount |
| Computer/IT equipment | 3,127 | (2,310) | 817 |
| Leasehold Improvements | 387 | (43) | 344 |
| Office Furniture & Equipment | 518 | (135) | 383 |
| Motor Vehicles | 81 | (18) | 63 |
| Total | 4,113 | (2,506) | 1,607 |
| (ii) December 31, 2017 | | | |
| (In '000 USD) | Acquisition cost | Accumulated depreciation | Carrying amount |
| Computer/IT equipment | 2,836 | (1,785) | 1,051 |
| Leasehold Improvements | 237 | (15) | 222 |
| Office Furniture & Equipment | 202 | (38) | 164 |
| Motor Vehicles | 35 | (5) | 30 |
| Total | 3,310 | (1,843) | 1,467 |

- (b) Changes in property and equipment for the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:
 - (In '000 USD)

| | January 1, 2018 | Acquisition | Disposals | Depreciation | December 31, 2018 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------|
| Computer/IT equipment | 1,051 | 291 | - | (525) | 817 |
| Leasehold Improvements | 222 | 151 | - | (29) | 344 |
| Office Furniture & Equipment | 164 | 316 | - | (97) | 383 |
| Motor Vehicles | 30 | 46 | - | (13) | 63 |
| Total | 1,467 | 804 | - | (664) | 1,607 |
| | January 1, 2017 | Acquisition | Disposals | Depreciation | December 31, 2017 |
| Computer/IT equipment | 1,083 | 645 | - | (677) | 1,051 |
| Leasehold Improvements | - | 237 | - | (15) | 222 |
| Office Furniture & Equipment | - | 202 | - | (38) | 164 |
| | | | | | |
| Motor Vehicles | - | 35 | - | (5) | 30 |
| | - 40 | | - | (5) | 30 |



10. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

i) The classification of long-term borrowings as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
|----------------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| (In '000 USD) | Current | Non-Current | Current | Non-Current |
| Long-term borrowings | - | 281,216 | - | 293,382 |
| Total | - | 281,216 | - | 293,382 |

ii) Details of long-term borrowings as of December 31, 2018 are as follows

| | Lender | Interest rate (%) | Maturity | (In '000 USD) |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Long-term borrowings | France | 0.00 | June 15, 2042* | 326,382 |
| Less present value discount | | | | (45,166) |
| Total | | | | 281,216 |

* The long-term loan shall be paid in 40 equal semi-annual installments on June 15, and December 15 of each year commencing December 15, 2022.

ii) Present value discount:

Present value discount of USD 45,166,488 refers to the interest implicit in the long-term borrowings and will be realized across the maturity period.

iv) Changes in the value of the loan in 2018 and 2017 are as below

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------|----------|
| Balance at January 1 | 293,382 | 0 |
| Acquisition | - | 341,630 |
| Repayments | - | - |
| Forex loss (gain) | (15,248) | - |
| Decrease/(Increase) in present value discount | 3,082 | (48,248) |
| Balance as at December 31 | 281,216 | 293,382 |



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11. FUNDS

All contributions received where the use is limited by contributor-imposed purpose or time restrictions have been classified as temporarily restricted funds. All other funds are recognized as unrestricted funds.

Changes in nominal value of temporarily restricted funds by type of restriction for the year ended December 31, 2018 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | January 1, 2018 | Released | Received with restriction | Unrealized Exchange gain/loss | December 31, 2018 |
|--|--------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Time restriction only | 1,466,708 | (409,358) | 770.016 | (51,061) | 1,776,305 |
| Time & contributor- imposed restriction | 592,462 | - | 170,730 | (35,998) | 727,194 |
| Contributor imposed restriction only | 572,430 | - | _ | - | 572,430 |
| Total | 2,631,600 | (409,358) | 940,746 | (87,059) | 3,075,929 |

Time restriction represents the funds to be collected in future years (i.e. promissory notes) that were recorded at the present value of future collections as at the end of the reporting period. This type of fund will be reclassified into unrestricted funds in the year of receipt.

Contributor-imposed restriction represents the funds whose use is limited by the contributor. Contributor-imposed restrictions relate to capital contributions which can only be disbursed as financial instruments which generate reflows. They may therefore not be used to finance grants unless that terms of the contribution state so.

Time and contributor-imposed restrictions represent the funds whose use is restricted as outlined above and that will be collected in future periods.



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12. INCOME FROM CONTRIBUTORS

As stated in Note 5, contributions are received through GCF's Trust Fund account at the World Bank administered by the Trustee. The change in the carrying value of the resources in the GCF Trust Fund is due to contribution revenues, investment returns on GCF Trust Fund balances, foreign currency transactions or translations and present value amortization on promissory notes. Those changes comprise the comprehensive income of the Fund.

Details of income from GCF Trust Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| (i) December 31, 2018 | | | |
|--|---------------|--|-----------|
| (In '000 USD) | Nominal value | Unamortized present value discount on promissory note | Total |
| Contribution revenues | 1,335,412 | (13,828) | 1,321,584 |
| Foreign exchange gain(loss) | (99,599) | 661 | (98,938) |
| Present Value amortization on promissory note | - | 280 | 280 |
| Total | 1,235,813 | (12,887) | 1,222,926 |
| (ii) December 31, 2017 | | | |
| (In '000 USD) | Nominal value | Unamortized present value discount on promissory note | Total |
| Contribution revenues | 1,732,651 | (4,229) | 1,728,422 |
| Foreign exchange gain(loss) | 133,449 | (72) | 133,377 |
| Present Value amortization on promissory note | - | 2,512 | 2,512 |
| Total | 1,866,100 | (1,789) | 1,864,311 |

The foreign exchange gain (loss) is primarily due to exchange gain/loss at the time of encashment of promissory notes and on year-end revaluation of promissory notes received in a currency other than USD. On the reporting date, promissory notes held by the Trustee were revalued at the year-end exchange rate.

The details of changes in the total contribution that the Fund has received through the Trust Fund account for the year ended December 31, 2018 are presented as follows:



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(a) By contributor:

| (In '000 USD) | January 1, 2018 | Increase (Decrease) | December 31, 2018 |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Australia | 126,557 | 14,894 | 141,451 |
| Austria | 26,089 | 2,958 | 29,047 |
| Belgium | 82,560 | - | 82,560 |
| Bulgaria | 109 | - | 109 |
| Canada | 128,230 | - | 128,230 |
| Chile | 300 | - | 300 |
| Columbia | 287 | - | 287 |
| Cyprus | - | 415 | 415 |
| Czech Republic | 4,857 | - | 4,857 |
| Denmark | 62,265 | - | 62,265 |
| Estonia | 1,123 | - | 1,123 |
| Finland | 38,256 | - | 38,256 |
| France | 710,713 | 174,788 | 885,501 |
| Germany | 677,592 | 207,259 | 884,851 |
| Hungary | 3,511 | - | 3,511 |
| Iceland | 700 | 200 | 900 |
| Indonesia | 244 | - | 244 |
| Ireland | 4,453 | 2,290 | 6,743 |
| Italy | 168,115 | 59,825 | 227,940 |
| Japan | 1,016,616 | 358,939 | 1,375,555 |
| Korea | 3,158 | - | 3,158 |
| Korea | 44,000 | 52,842 | 96,842 |
| Latvia | 417 | - | 417 |
| Liechtenstein | 50 | - | 50 |
| Lithuania | 113 | - | 113 |
| Luxembourg | 27,844 | 42 | 27,886 |
| Malta | 274 | 115 | 389 |
| Mexico | 10,000 | - | 10,000 |
| Monaco | 1,079 | - | 1,079 |
| Mongolia | 50 | - | 50 |
| Netherlands | 38,912 | 76,711 | 115,623 |
| New Zealand | 2,198 | - | 2,198 |
| Norway | 156,107 | 49,259 | 205,366 |
| Panama | 1,000 | - | 1,000 |
| Poland | 103 | - | 103 |
| Portugal | 2,168 | - | 2,168 |
| Romania | 50 | - | 50 |
| Russian Federation | - | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Spain | 18,996 | 30,487 | 49,483 |
| Sweden | 485,197 | (23,861)* | 461,336 |
| Switzerland | 100,562 | - | 100,562 |
| United Kingdom | 713,549 | 210,719 | 924,268 |
| United States | 1,000,000 | - | 1,000,000 |
| Total | 5,658,404 | 1,220,882 | 6,879,286 |

* The negative change results from exchange loss on promissory notes held in contributor's home currency



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(b) By contribution type:

| (In '000 USD) | January 1, 2018 | Increase (Decrease) | December 31, 2018 |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Cash | 3,599,234 | 776,553 | 4,375,787 |
| Promissory note | 2,059,170 | 444,329 | 2,503,499 |
| Total | 5,658,404 | 1,220,882 | 6,879,286 |

(c) By instrument type:

| (In '000 USD) | January 1, 2018 | Increase (Decrease) | December 31, 2018 |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Capital | 1,164,893 | 134,753 | 1,299,646 |
| Grant | 4,151,881 | 1,101,377 | 5,253,258 |
| Loan | 341,630 | (15,248)* | 326,382 |
| Total | 5,658,404 | 1,220,882 | 6,879,286 |

*The negative change in the contributions is as a result of forex losses for instruments denominated currency other than USD.

13. INVESTMENT & OTHER INCOME

Investment and Other income comprise these following.

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|
| Investment income | 73,690 | 35,539 |
| Loan interest | 476 | 34 |
| Other income | 747 | 667 |
| Total | 74,913 | 36,240 |

Investment income represents the investment return on GCF Trust Fund balances that were invested in accordance with the investment strategy established for all trust funds administered by the World Bank.

Loan interest represents interest received on loans advanced to an accredited entity.

Other income represents the accreditation fees and interest on bank deposits



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14. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Details of administrative expenses for the Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Staff Costs ^(a) | 37,284 | 22,496 |
| Consultants Fees | 4,045 | 5,091 |
| Contractual Services | 4,670 | 5,585 |
| Supplies and Services | 7,772 | 4,636 |
| Travel | 2,548 | 3,087 |
| Depreciation | 664 | 734 |
| Total | 56,983 | 41,629 |

^(a) As at December 31 2018, the Fund had 227 full-time staff (149 as at December 31, 2017). The details of the staff costs are as below:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Short-term employee benefits | 33,104 | 19,368 |
| Defined contribution plans | 3,167 | 2,158 |
| Other Costs | 1,013 | 970 |
| Total | 37,284 | 22,496 |



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15. PROGRAMME

Programme expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are related to 'Funding Proposal Grants', 'Accredited Entity Fees', the 'Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme', National Adaptation Plans and the Project Preparation Facility.

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------|--------|
| Funding Proposal Grants | 106,389 | 53,939 |
| Accredited Entity Fees | 14,152 | 7,661 |
| Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme* | 39,263 | 11,406 |
| Project Preparation Facility | 3,961 | 1,148 |
| Total | 163,765 | 74,154 |

*In 2017, this was split into readiness and National Adaptation Plans. They were combined in 2018 since they all fall under the readiness programme

a) Funding Proposal Grants

Details of Funding Proposal Grants channeled through the various accredited entities are as follows as at 31st December 2018 and 2017:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------|--------|
| Asian Development Bank (ADB) | 14,780 | - |
| Agency for Agricultural Development of Morocco (ADA) | - | 10,162 |
| Conservation International (CI) | 800 | - |
| Environmental Investment Fund (EIF) | 7,232 | 3,512 |
| European Bank for Reconstruction & Development (EBRD) | 16,951 | - |
| KfW Development Bank (KfW) | 150 | - |
| Peruvian Trust Fund for National Parks and Protected Areas (PROFONANPE) | - | 1,022 |
| The Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP) | 297 | |
| United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) | 66,179 | 32,773 |
| United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP) | - | 5,969 |
| XacBank | - | 500 |
| Total | 106,389 | 53,938 |



b) Accredited Entity Fees

Details of Accredited Entity Fees for the disbursements to the different Accredited Entities are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|--------|-------|
| Asian Development Bank (ADB) | 1,090 | - |
| Agency for Agricultural Development of Morocco (ADA) | - | 915 |
| Conservation International (CI) | 72 | - |
| European Bank for Reconstruction & Development (EBRD) | 5,996 | 2,905 |
| Environmental Investment Fund (EIF) | 723 | 351 |
| KfW Development Bank (KfW) | 9 | - |
| Peruvian Trust Fund for National Parks and Protected Areas (PROFONANPE) | - | 100 |
| The Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP) | 27 | - |
| United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) | 5,638 | 2,765 |
| United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP) | - | 537 |
| XacBank | 597 | 88 |
| Total | 14,152 | 7,661 |



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c) Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme

Details of 'Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme' expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Consultants Fees | 1,218 | 735 |
| Regional workshops & NDA visits | 4,381 | 1,062 |
| Grants | 28,931 | 8,163 |
| Professional Services | 493 | 81 |
| Travel | 207 | 95 |
| Other Operating Costs | 1,344 | - |
| Total | 36,574 | 10,136 |

The following countries received readiness grants for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--------------------------|-------|------|
| Albania | - | 148 |
| Algeria | 60 | - |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 294 | 365 |
| Argentina | 506 | - |
| Armenia | 150 | - |
| Azerbaijan | 180 | - |
| Bahamas | - | 250 |
| Bangladesh | 637 | 69 |
| Belize | - | 123 |
| Bhutan | 296 | - |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | 165 | - |
| Brazil | 197 | - |
| Burkina Faso | 563 | - |
| Burundi | 239 | - |
| Cambodia | 120 | - |
| Cameroon | | 250 |
| Central African Republic | 290 | - |
| Chad | - | 120 |
| Chile | 1,678 | 200 |
| Colombia | 631 | - |
| Comoros | 115 | - |

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GCF | 2018 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------|----------|------|
| Cook Islands | 8 | 274 |
| Costa Rica | 635 | - |
| Cote d'Ivoire | | 240 |
| Cuba | 167 | - |
| Democratic Republic of Congo | 678 | - |
| Djibouti | _ | 120 |
| Dominica | _ | 232 |
| Dominican Republic | 1,262 | 75 |
| Ecuador | 195 | - |
| Egypt | <u> </u> | 122 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 703 | - |
| Eswatini | 828 | - |
| Federal States of Micronesia | _ | 130 |
| Gabon | 130 | - |
| Gambia | _ | 75 |
| Georgia | 227 | 82 |
| Ghana | _ | 300 |
| Grenada | 409 | - |
| Guatemala | _ | 316 |
| Guyana | 556 | - |
| Haiti | 390 | 215 |
| Honduras | 379 | 135 |
| India | 150 | - |
| Indonesia | 281 | - |
| Iraq | 334 | - |
| Jamaica | 327 | 120 |
| Jordan | 190 | 150 |
| Kazakhstan | 300 | - |
| Kenya | 216 | - |
| Kiribati | 146 | - |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 155 | - |
| Lao PDR | 527 | 150 |
| Lesotho | 188 | - |
| Libya | 130 | - |
| Madagascar | 178 | - |
| Malaysia | 593 | - |
| Maldives | - | 199 |
| Mali | - | 110 |
| Mauritania | 872 | 120 |
| Mauritius | 325 | - |
| Mongolia | 656 | 548 |
| Montenegro | _ | 145 |
| Могоссо | 150 | 330 |
| Mozambique | 120 | - |

GREEN CLIMATE FUND

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| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Myanmar | 452 | - |
| Namibia | 286 | 244 |
| Nauru | 130 | - |
| Nepal | 419 | - |
| Niger | 501 | - |
| Niue | 295 | - |
| Oman | 100 | 150 |
| Northern Macedonia | 246 | - |
| Pakistan | 79 | 125 |
| Palestine | 414 | - |
| Panama | 517 | - |
| Papua New Guinea | 220 | - |
| Paraguay | 573 | - |
| Peru | 366 | - |
| Republic of Congo | 501 | - |
| Republic of Marshall Islands | 400 | - |
| Republic of Moldova | 80 | 83 |
| Rwanda | 424 | 130 |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 309 | - |
| Saint Lucia | 60 | - |
| Saint Vincent and the Grenadines | - | 120 |
| Senegal | <u> </u> | 260 |
| Serbia | 130 | - |
| Seychelles | 305 | - |
| South Africa | 195 | - |
| South Sudan | 152 | - |
| Sudan | 273 | - |
| Tajikistan | 150 | - |
| Thailand | 548 | 104 |
| Timor-Leste | 150 | - |
| Тодо | 100 | - |
| Tonga | 140 | 330 |
| Tunisia | - | 250 |
| Uruguay | 492 | 185 |
| Vanuatu | 269 | 470 |
| Vietnam | 130 | - |
| Zimbabwe | 999 | - |
| | 28,931 | 8,164 |



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d) National Adaptation Plans (NAPs)

Details of National Adaptation Plan grants by country for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------|-------|-------|
| Antigua and Barbuda | 500 | - |
| Armenia | 385 | - |
| Colombia | 350 | - |
| Kenya | 779 | - |
| Liberia | - | 805 |
| Nepal | - | 465 |
| Pakistan | 675 | - |
| Total | 2,689 | 1,270 |

e) Project Preparatory Facility (PPF)

Details of Project Preparatory Facility grants by Implementing Partner for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC) | 363 | - |
| Agency for Agricultural Development of Morocco (ADA) | 557 | - |
| Development Bank of Latin America (CAF) | 1,078 | - |
| Ministry of Environment - Rwanda (MINIRENA) | 166 | 719 |
| United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) | 934 | - |
| United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP) | 279 | - |
| United Nations Office of Project Services (UNOPS) | 584 | - |
| World Meteorological Organization (WMO) | - | 429 |
| Total | 3,961 | 1,148 |



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16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities for Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme, and Project Preparation Facility (PPF) as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are analyzed below

a) Readiness & Preparatory Support Programme

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Approved | 123,445 | 83,298 |
| Disbursed as end of December ** | (32,618) | (15,286) |
| Total Committed | 90,827 | 68,012** |

** In 2017, the amounts were split into Readiness Grants and National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) disbursements

b) Project Preparation Facility

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Funds approved | 10,827 | 5,181 |
| Disbursed as at end of December | (5,609) | (1,648) |
| Total Commitment | 5,218 | 3,533 |



c) Project Funding Decisions

The total value of projects approved by the GCF Board excluding lapsed projects is as below:

| Board Meeting | Amount (In '000 USD) |
|--|-------------------------|
| 11th Board Meeting | 145,825 |
| 13th Board Meeting | 256,614 |
| 14th Board Meeting | 745,549 |
| 15th Board Meeting | 165,175 |
| 16 th Board Meeting | 766,018 |
| 18th Board Meeting | 392,859 |
| 19th Board Meeting | 1,091,515 |
| 21 st Board Meeting | 1,031,194 |
| 22 nd Board Meeting | 440,078 |
| Disbursements for approved projects as at end of February 2019 | (442,372) |
| Total | 4,592,455 |

17. LEASE

Under the agreement between the Ministry of Strategy and Finance of the Republic of Korea, The Incheon Metropolitan City of the Republic of Korea and The Green Climate Fund signed on 8th October 2013, Incheon City provides to the Fund the use of premises free of payment of rental for the entire duration of the Fund's operation in Songdo.



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18. RELATED PARTIES

Related parties include the members of the board, board committees, senior management and close family members of the board, board committees and senior management. There was no loan to or from related parties outstanding as at 31 December 2018 and 2017. The Fund does not remunerate its Board members. All transactions with the board are made at terms equivalent to an arm's length transaction within the operational framework of the Secretariat.

Remuneration of key management for 2018 and 2017 is as below:

| (In '000 USD) | 2018 | 2017 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Salaries | 3,348 | 2,715 |
| Retirement plan | 603 | 489 |
| Other Benefits | 1,312 | 1,079 |
| Termination benefits | 34 | - |
| Total | 5,297 | 4,283 |

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Green Climate Fund (GCF)

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